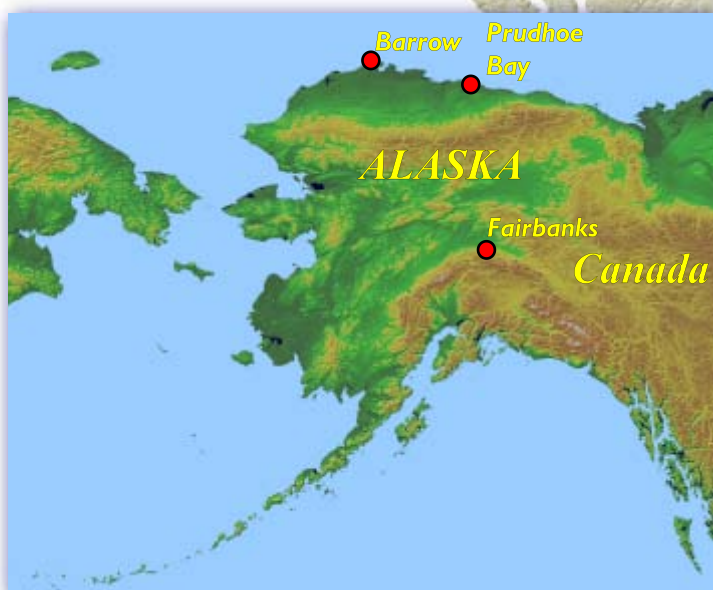


BRITISH GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

**Jim Carrigan
Observatory
Prudhoe Bay
Monthly
Magnetic
Bulletin
November 2011
11/11/JC**



British Geological Survey

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

JIM CARRIGAN OBSERVATORY MAGNETIC DATA

1. Introduction

Jim Carrigan observatory is the fourth overseas geomagnetic observatory established by the British Geological Survey (BGS). The installation was a joint venture between BGS and Sperry Drilling Services (SDS), Halliburton in support of directional drilling programmes. SDS operated a prototype station since 1997, which was upgraded by the BGS to a standard high-quality observatory in October 2003.

This bulletin is published to provide rapid access to the provisional geomagnetic observatory results. The information is freely available for personal, academic, educational and non-commercial research or use. Magnetic observatory data are presented as a series of plots of one-minute, hourly and daily values, followed by tabulations of monthly values. The operation of the observatory and presentation of data are described in the rest of this section.

Enquiries about the data should be addressed to:

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British Geological Survey
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Scotland, UK

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E-mail: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk

Internet: www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk

2. Position

Jim Carrigan Observatory is situated at T-Pad, a man-made gravel bed close to the drilling sites at Prudhoe Bay, Alaska, USA. The observatory co-ordinates are:-

Geographic: 70.356°N 211.201°E

Geomagnetic: 70.272°N 255.524°E

Height above mean sea level: 10m (approx)

The geomagnetic co-ordinates are approximations, calculated using the 11th generation International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) at epoch 2011.5. On-line access to models (including IGRF), charts and navigational data are available at http://www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data_service/models_compass/home

3. The Observatory Operation

3.1 GDAS

The observatory operates under the control of the Geomagnetic Data Acquisition System (GDAS), which was developed by BGS staff, installed and became fully operational from October 2003. The data acquisition software, running on QNX operated computers, controls the data logging and the communications.

There are two sets of sensors used for making magnetic measurements. A tri-axial linear-core fluxgate magnetometer, manufactured by the Danish Meteorological Institute, is used to measure the variations in the horizontal (*H*) and vertical (*Z*) components of the field. The third sensor is oriented perpendicular to these, and measures variations, which are proportional to the changes in declination (*D*). Measurements are made at a rate of 1 Hz.

In addition to the fluxgate sensors there is a proton precession magnetometer (PPM) making measurements of the absolute total field intensity (*F*) at a rate of 0.05Hz.

The raw unfiltered data are retrieved automatically via Internet connections to the BGS office in Edinburgh in near real-time. The fluxgate data are filtered to produce one-minute values using a 61-point cosine filter and the total field intensity samples are filtered using a 13-point cosine filter.

3.2 Absolute Observations

The GDAS fluxgate magnetometers accurately measure variations in the components of the geomagnetic field, but not the absolute magnitudes. Two sets of absolute measurements of the field are made manually once per month. A fluxgate sensor mounted on a theodolite is used to determine *D* and inclination (*I*); the GDAS PPM measurements, with a site difference correction applied, are used for *F*. The absolute observations are used in conjunction with the GDAS variometer measurements to produce a continuous record of the absolute values of the geomagnetic field elements as if they had been measured at the observatory reference pillar.

4. Observatory Results

The data presented in the bulletin are in the form of plots and tabulations described in the following sections.

4.1 Absolute Observations

The absolute observation measurements made during the month are tabulated. Also included are the corresponding baseline values, which are the differences between the absolute measurements and the variometer measurements of D , H and Z (in the sense absolute–variometer). These are also plotted (markers) along with the derived preliminary daily baseline values (line) throughout the year. Daily mean differences between the measured absolute F and the F computed from the baseline corrected H and Z values are plotted in the fourth panel (in the sense measured–derived). The bottom panel shows the daily mean temperature in the fluxgate chamber.

4.2 Summary magnetograms

Small-scale magnetograms are plotted which allow the month's data to be viewed at a glance. They are plotted 16 days to a page and show the one-minute variations in D , H and Z . The scales are shown on the right-hand side of the page. On disturbed days the scales are multiplied by a factor, which is indicated above the panel for that day. The variations are centred on the monthly mean value, shown on the left side of the page.

4.3 Magnetograms

The daily magnetograms are plotted using one-minute values of D , H and Z from the fluxgate sensors, with any gaps filled using back-up data. The magnetograms are plotted to a variable scale; scale bars are shown to the right of each plot. The absolute level (the monthly mean value) is indicated on the left side of the plots.

4.4 Hourly Mean Value Plots

Hourly mean values of D , H and Z for the past 12 months are plotted in 27-day segments corresponding to the Bartels solar rotation number. Magnetic disturbances associated with active regions and/or coronal holes on the Sun may recur after 27 days: the same is true for geomagnetically

quiet intervals. Plotting the data in this way highlights this recurrence. Diurnal variations are also clear in these plots and the amplitude changes throughout the year highlight the seasonal changes. Longer term secular variation is also illustrated.

4.5 Daily and Monthly Mean Values

Daily mean values of D , H , Z and F are plotted throughout the year. In addition, a table of monthly mean values of all the geomagnetic elements is provided. These values depend on accurate specification of the fluxgate sensor baselines. It is anticipated that these provisional values will not be altered by more than a few nT or tenths of arcminutes before being made definitive at the end of the year.

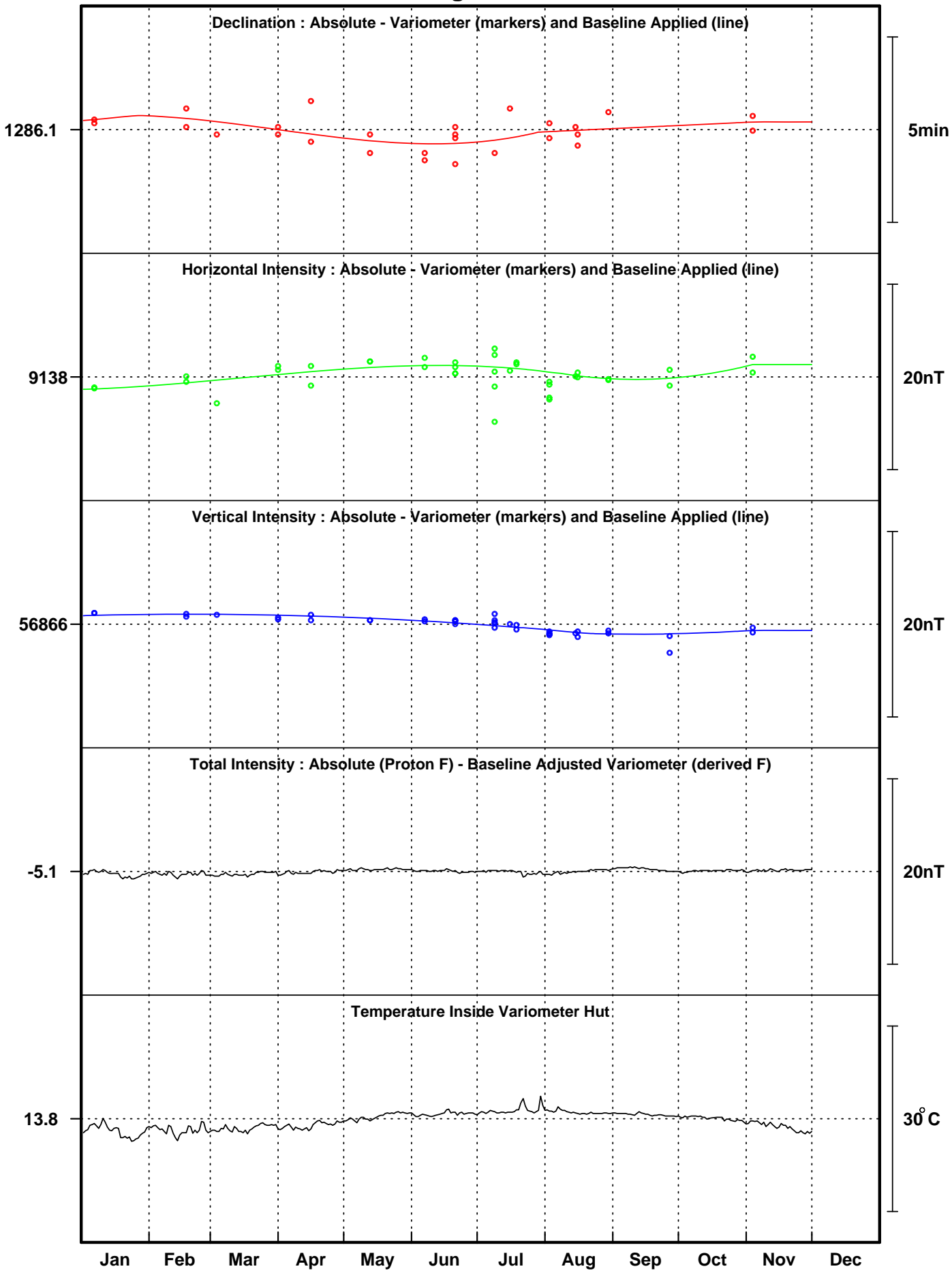
5. Conditions of Use

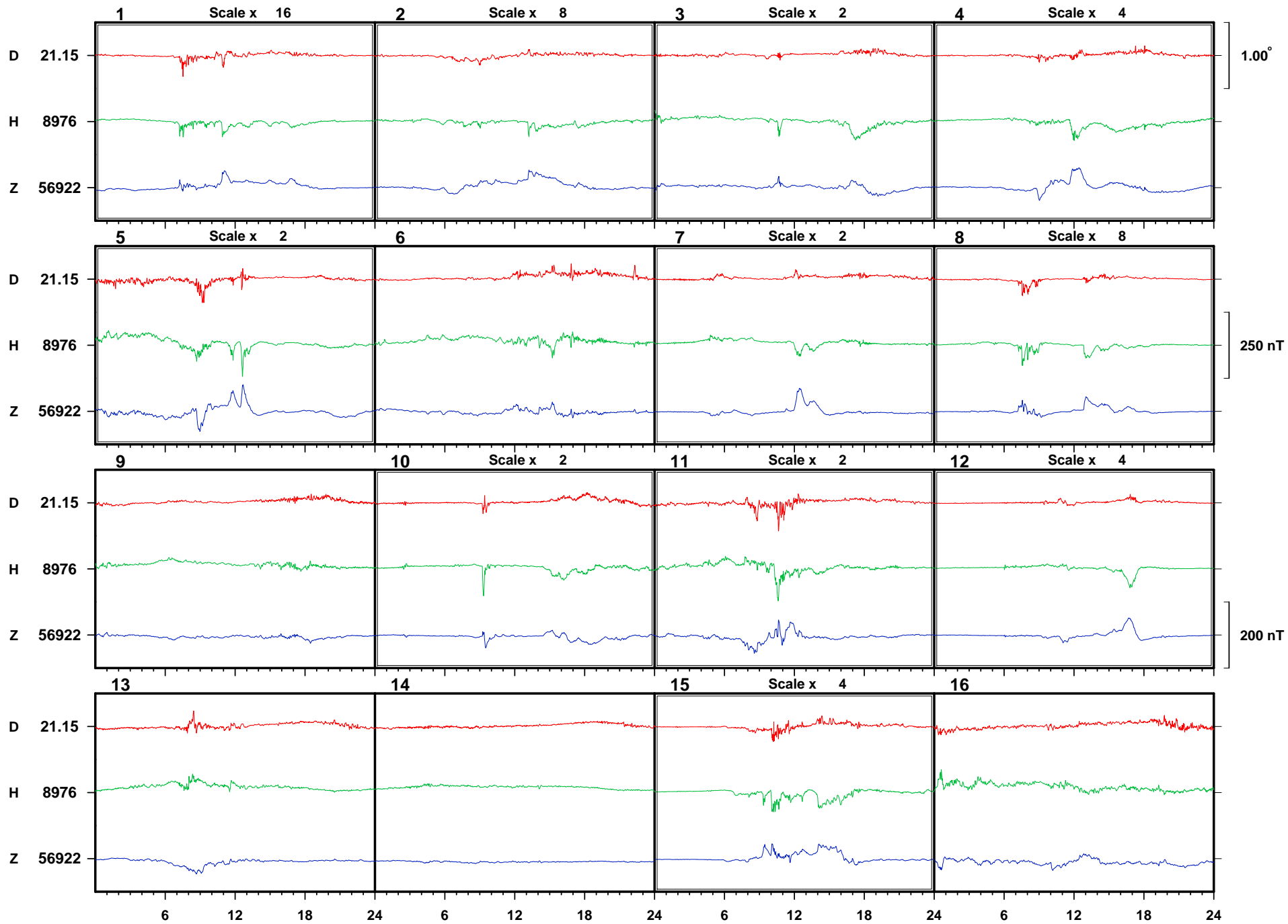
The data presented in this bulletin are provided for personal, academic, educational, non-commercial research or other non-commercial use and are not for sale or distribution to third parties without written permission from BGS.

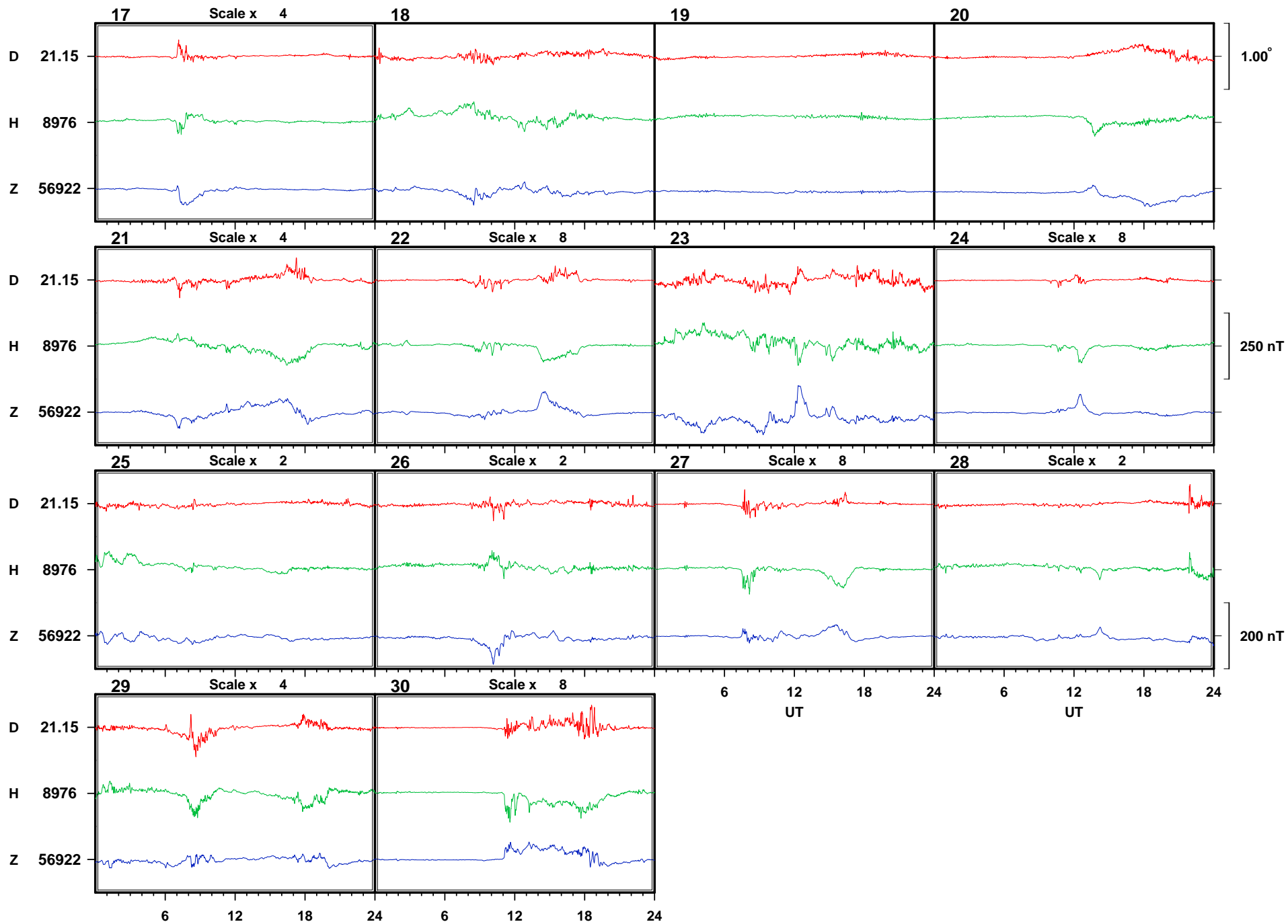
Reproduction of any part of this bulletin should be accompanied by the statement: 'Reproduced with the permission of the British Geological Survey ©NERC. All rights Reserved'. Publications making use of the data should include an acknowledgment statement of the form: 'The results presented in this paper rely on the data collected at Jim Carrigan magnetic observatory, operated by Sperry Drilling Services, Halliburton and the British Geological Survey with support from BP.'

Commercial users can contact the geomagnetism team for information on the range of applications and services offered. Full contact details are available at www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff

Jim Carrigan Obs 2011







Jim Carrigan

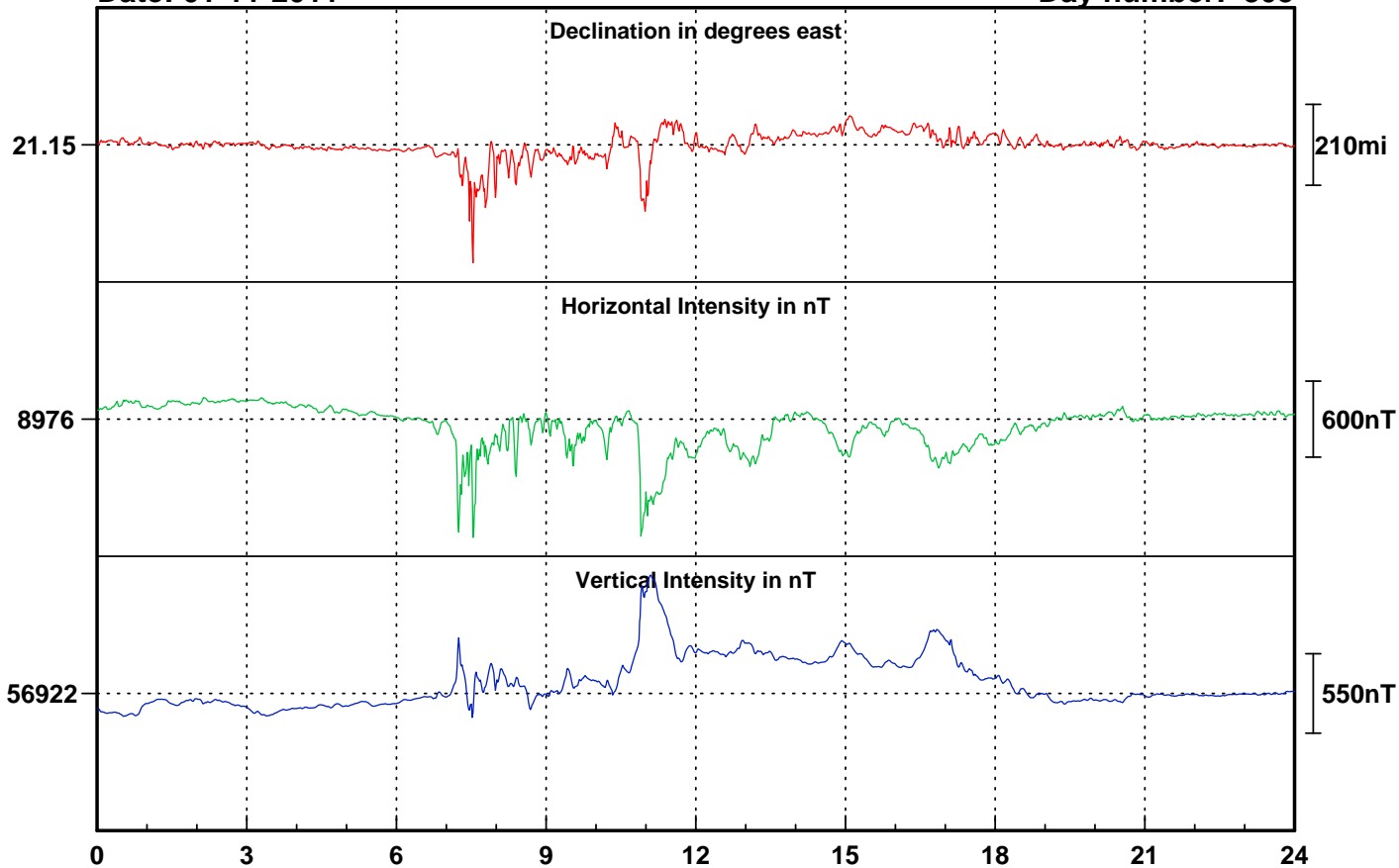
November

2011

Date: 01-11-2011

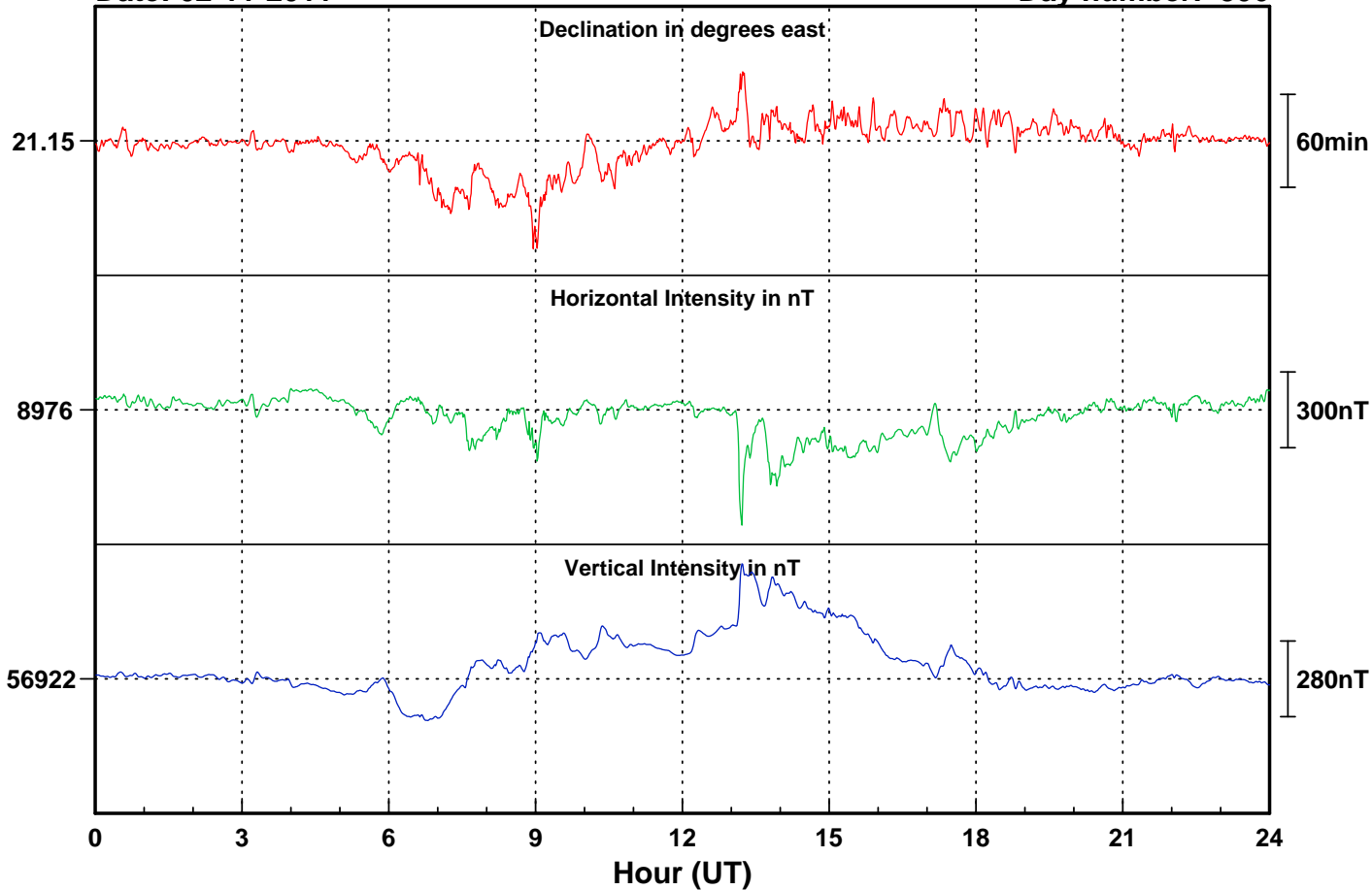
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 305



Date: 02-11-2011

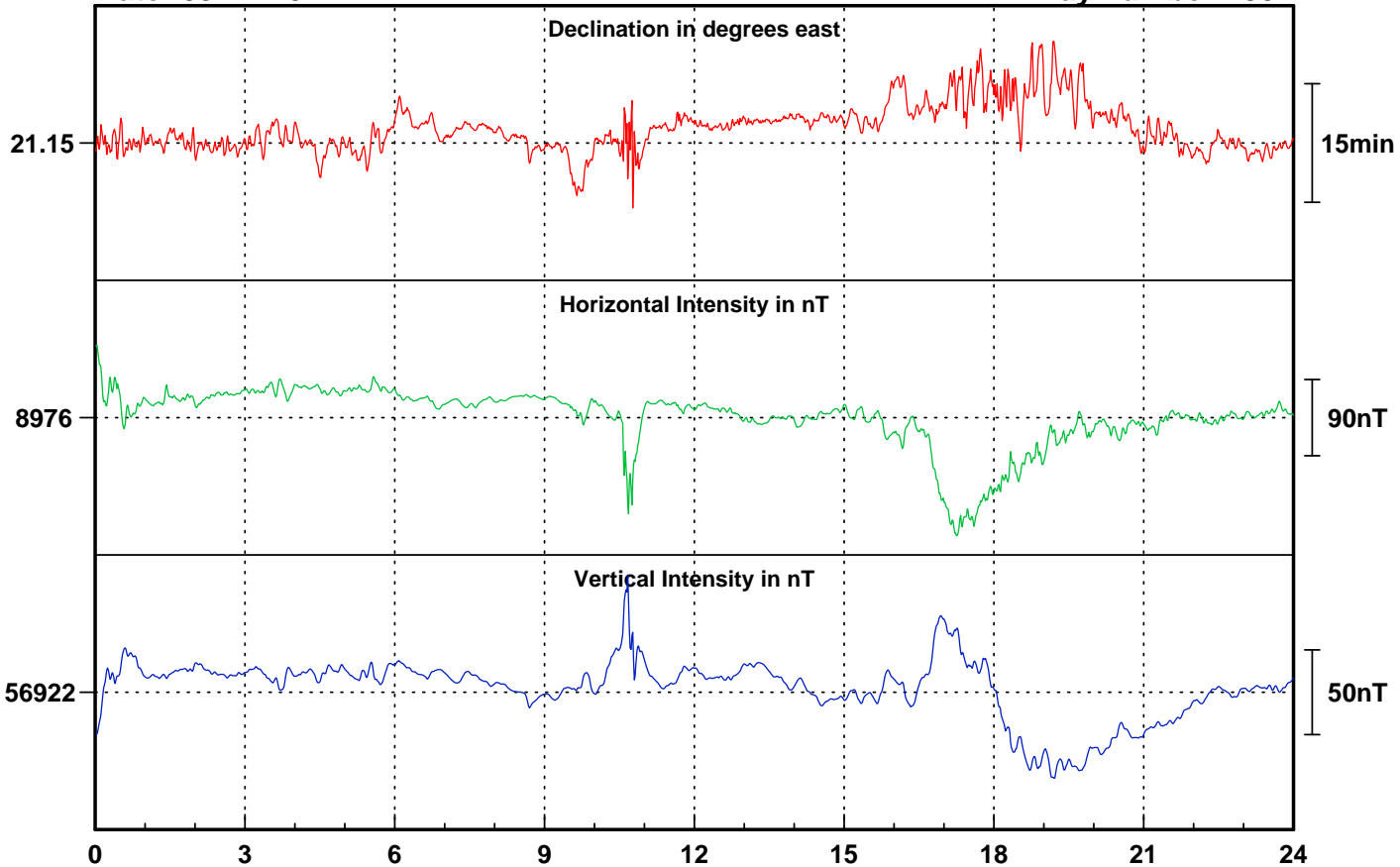
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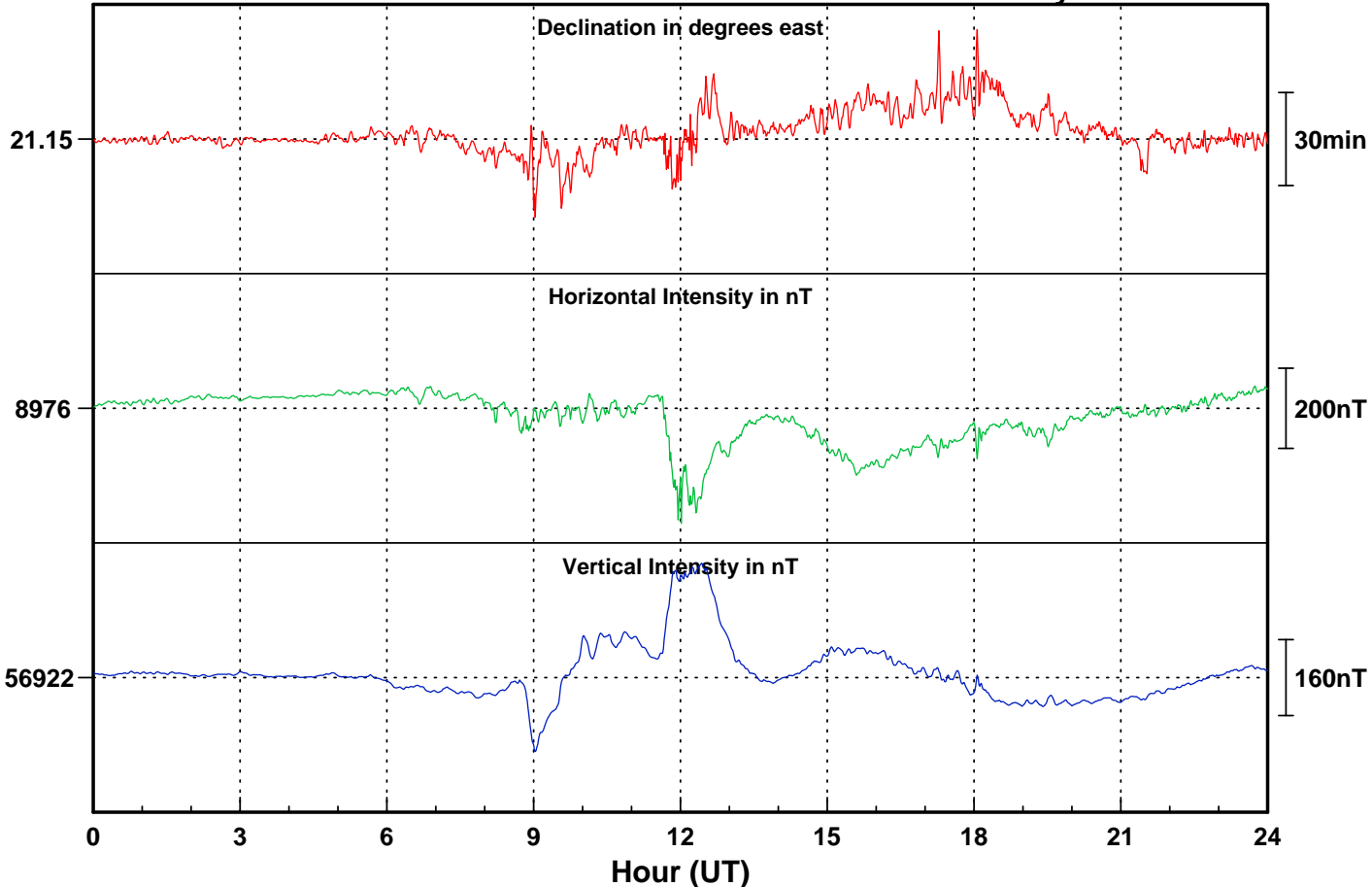
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 307



Date: 04-11-2011

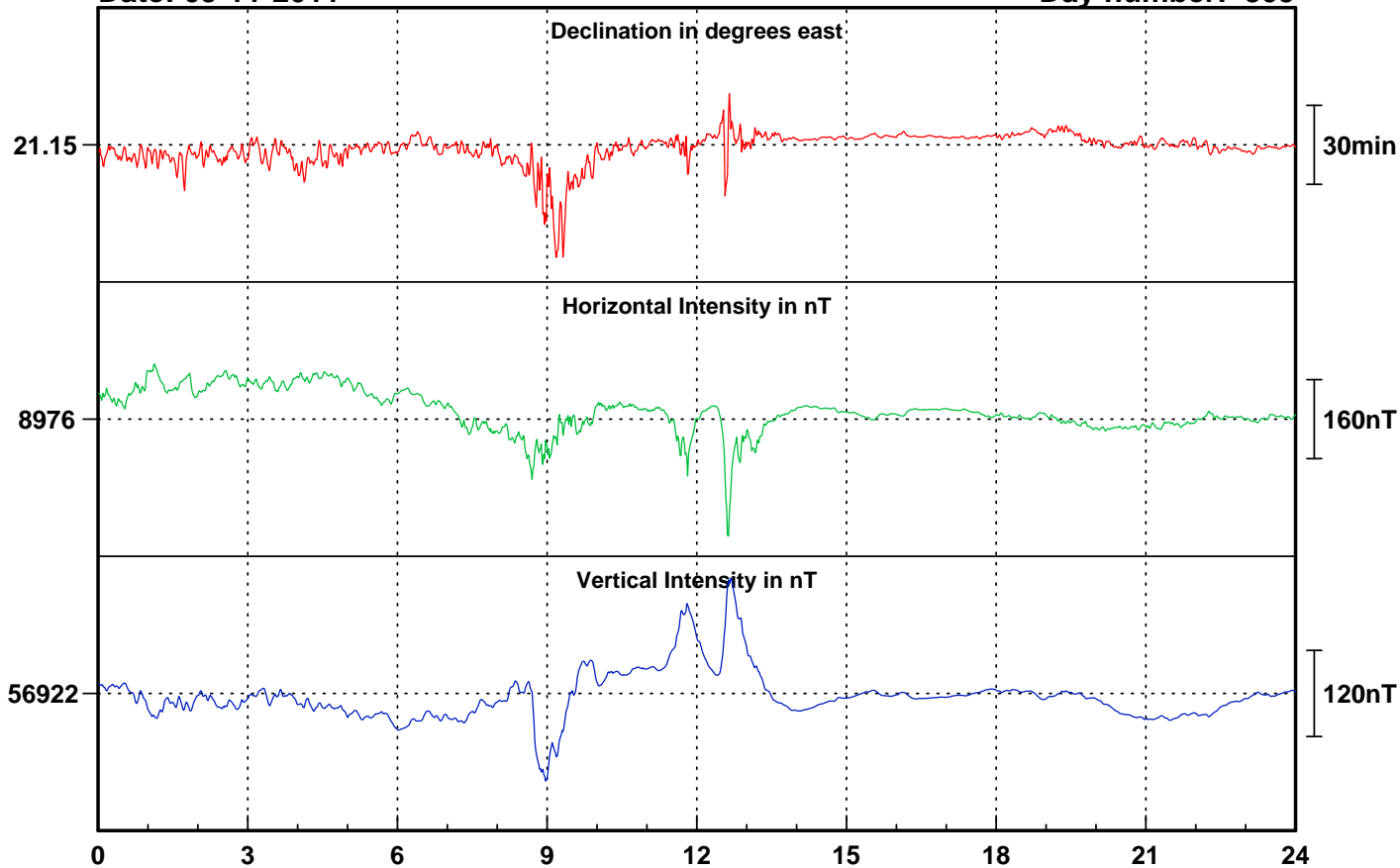
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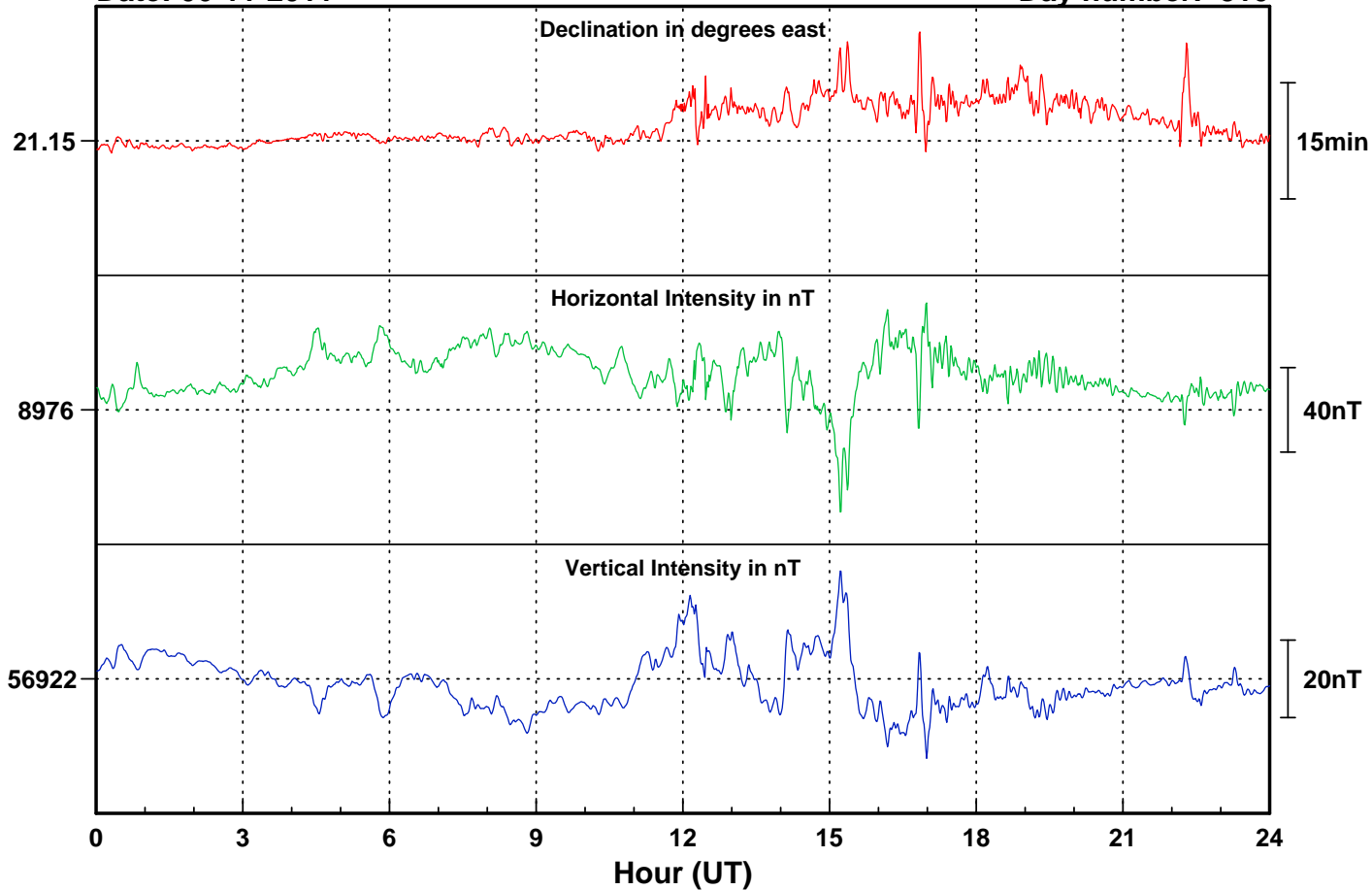
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 309



Date: 06-11-2011

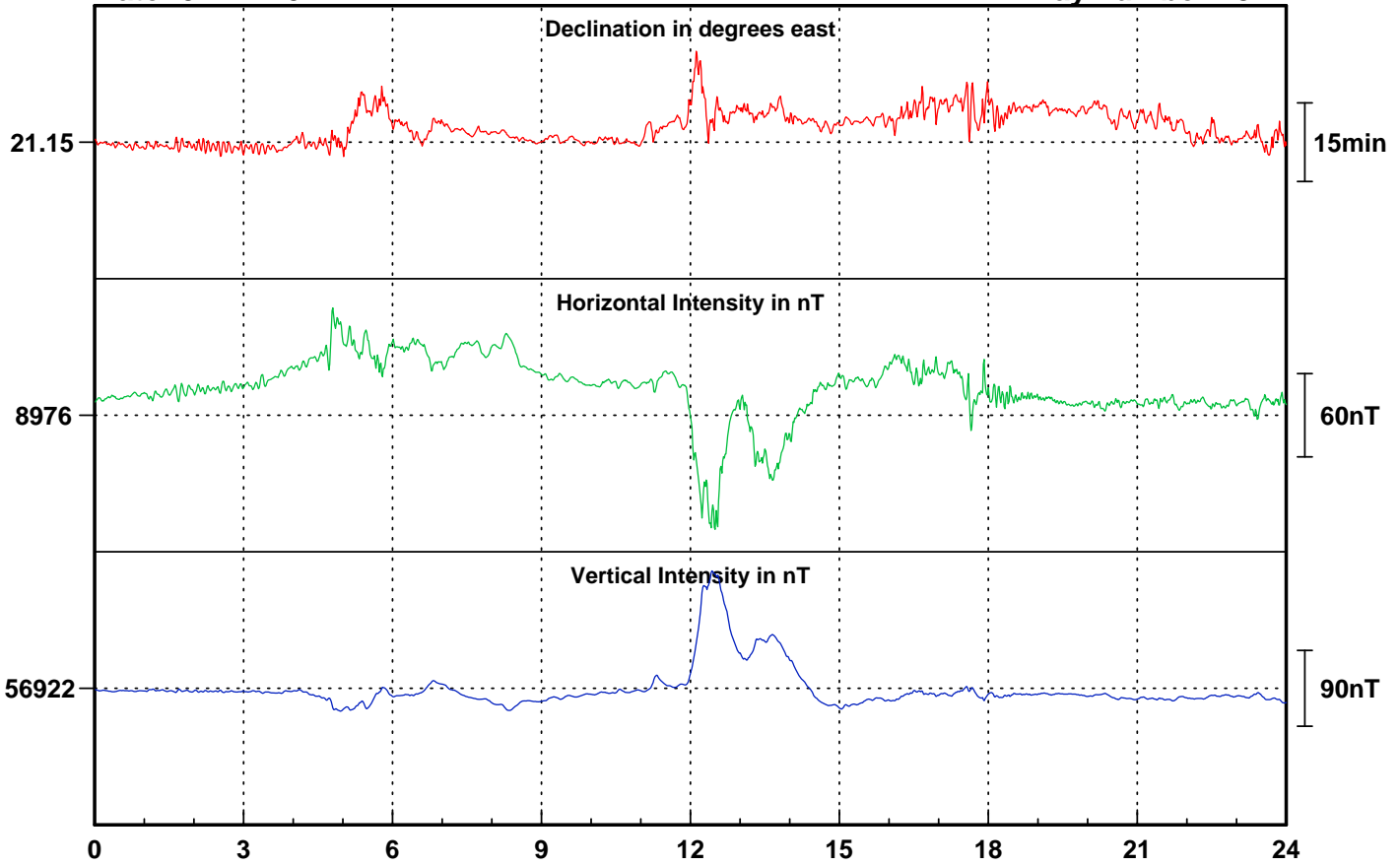
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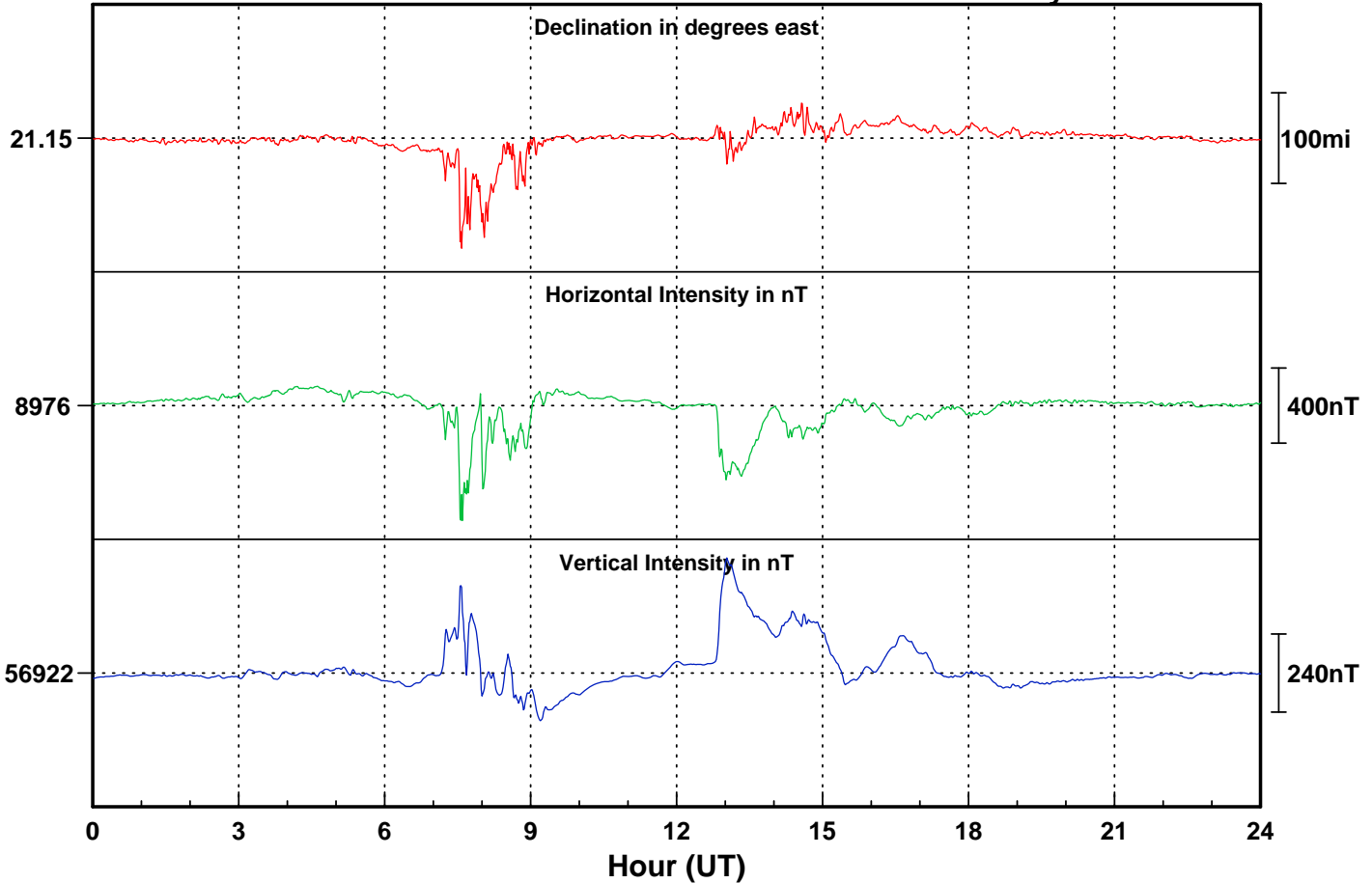
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 311



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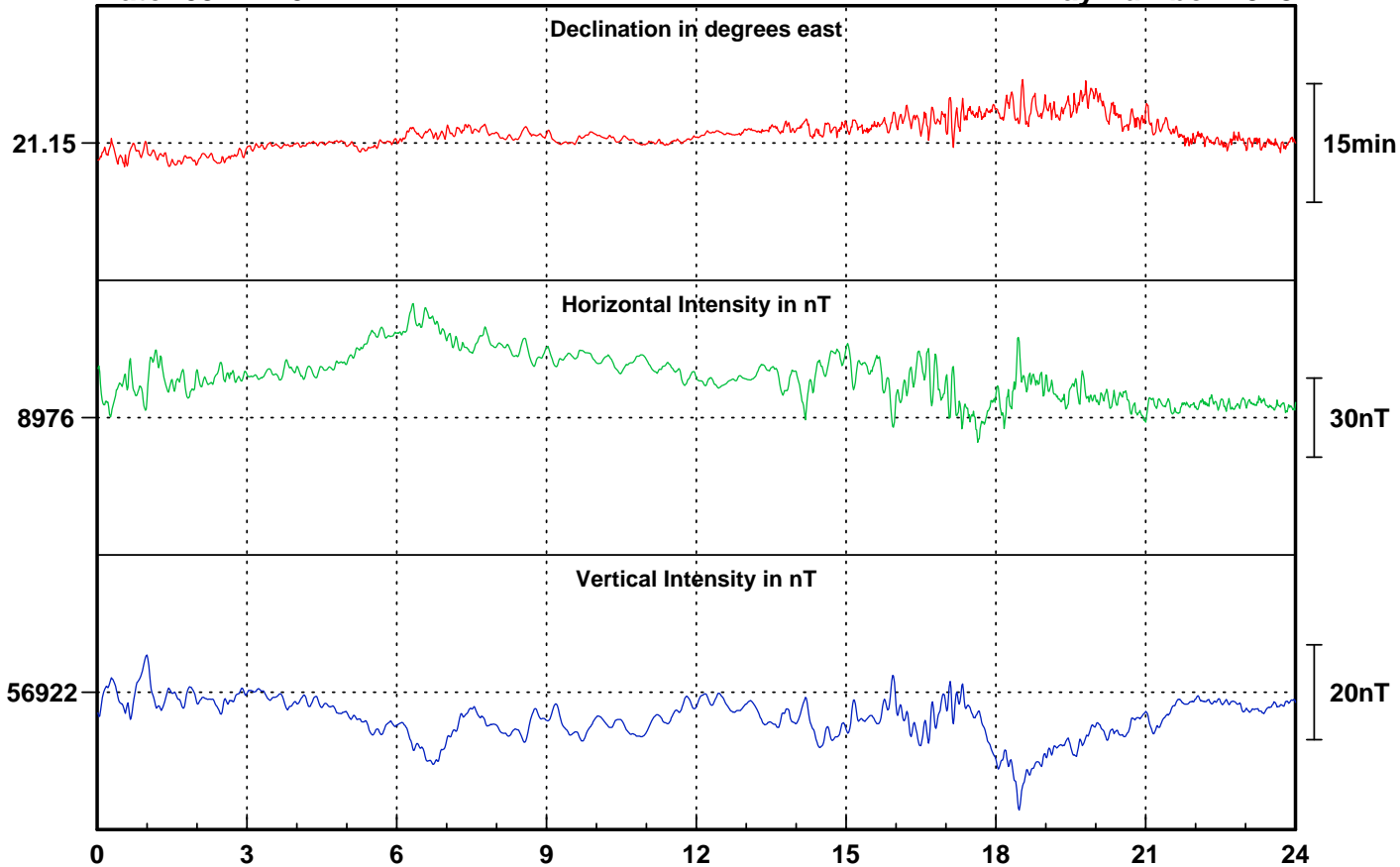
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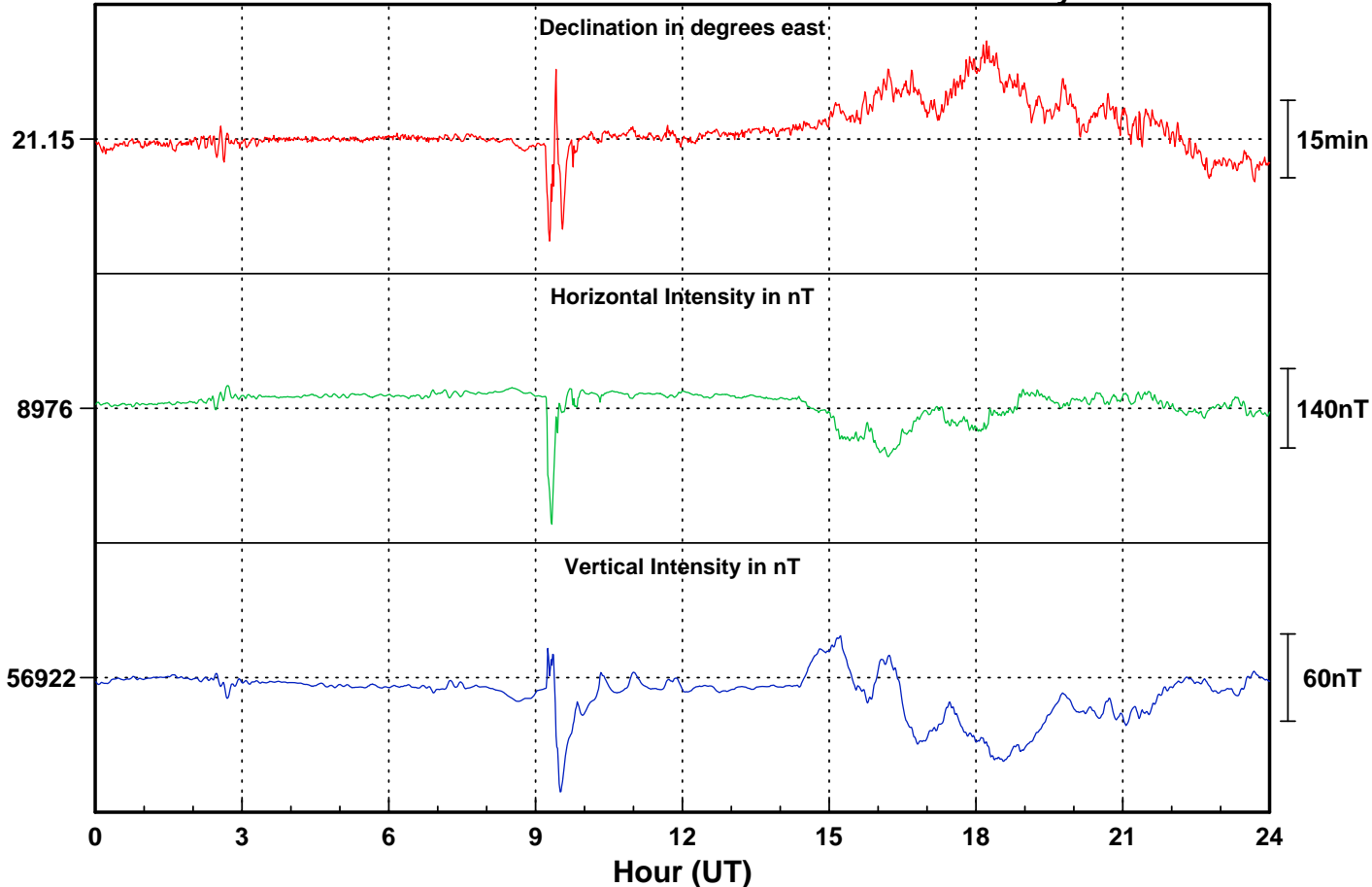
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 313



Date: 10-11-2011

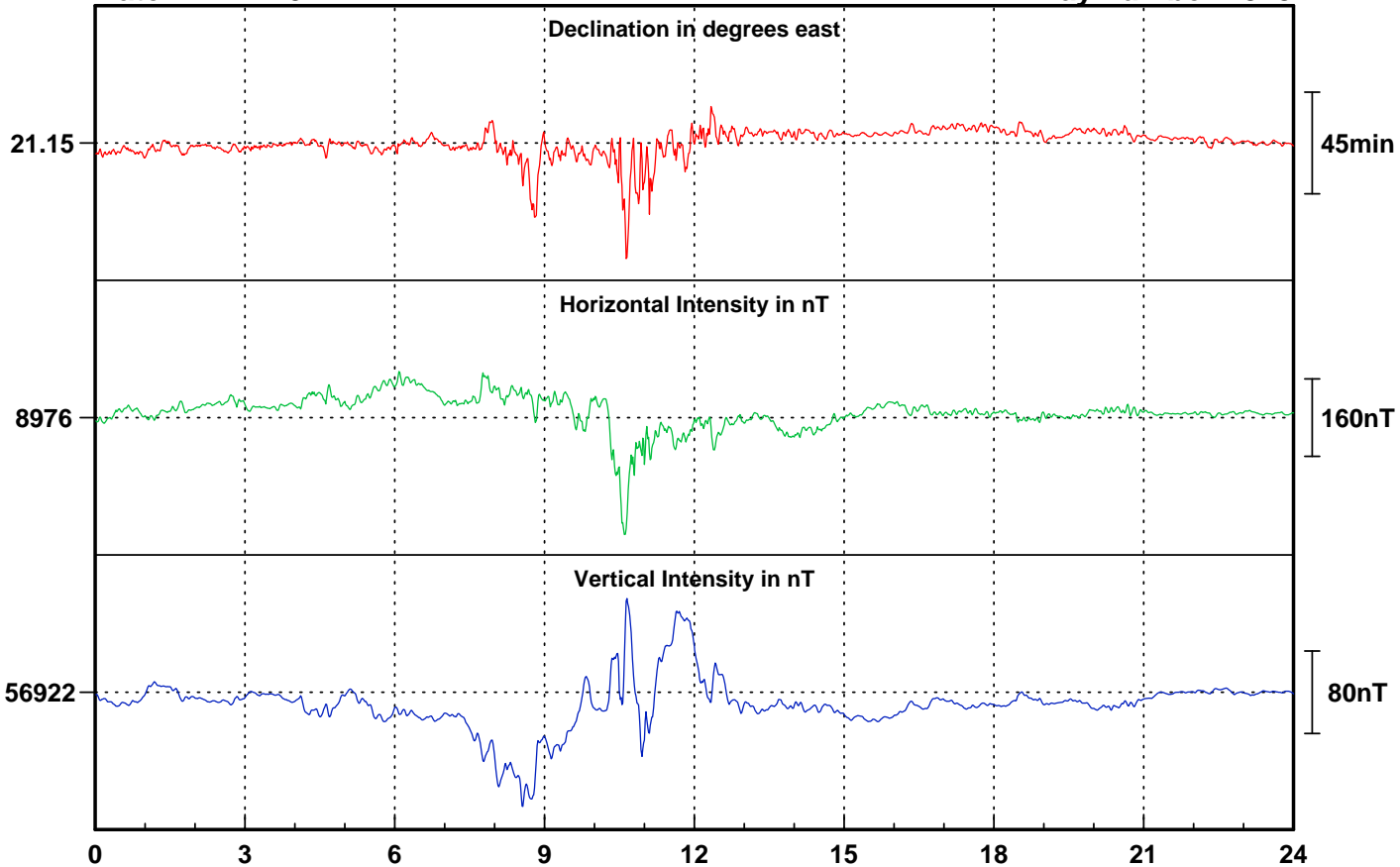
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Date: 11-11-2011

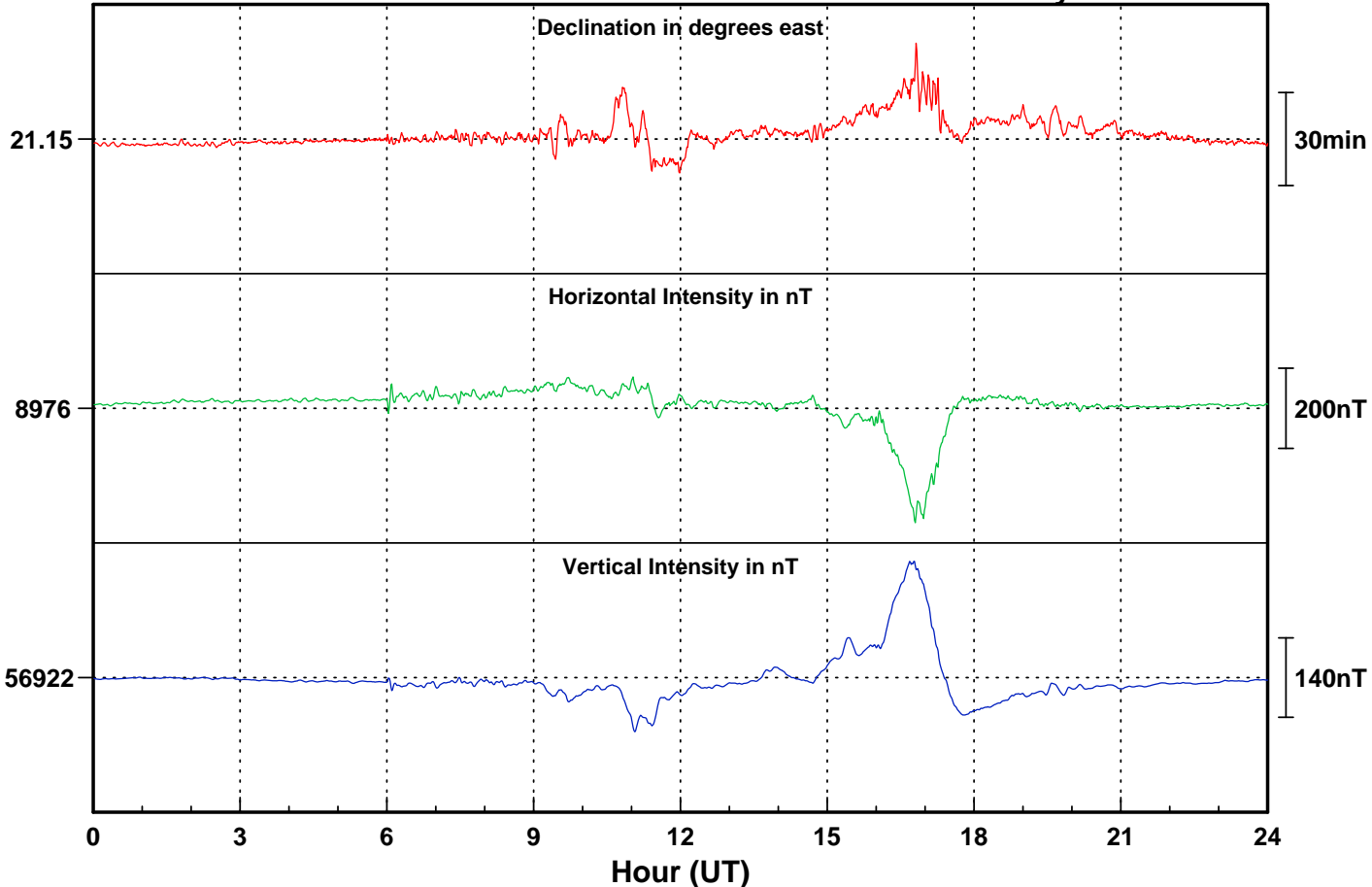
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 315



Date: 12-11-2011

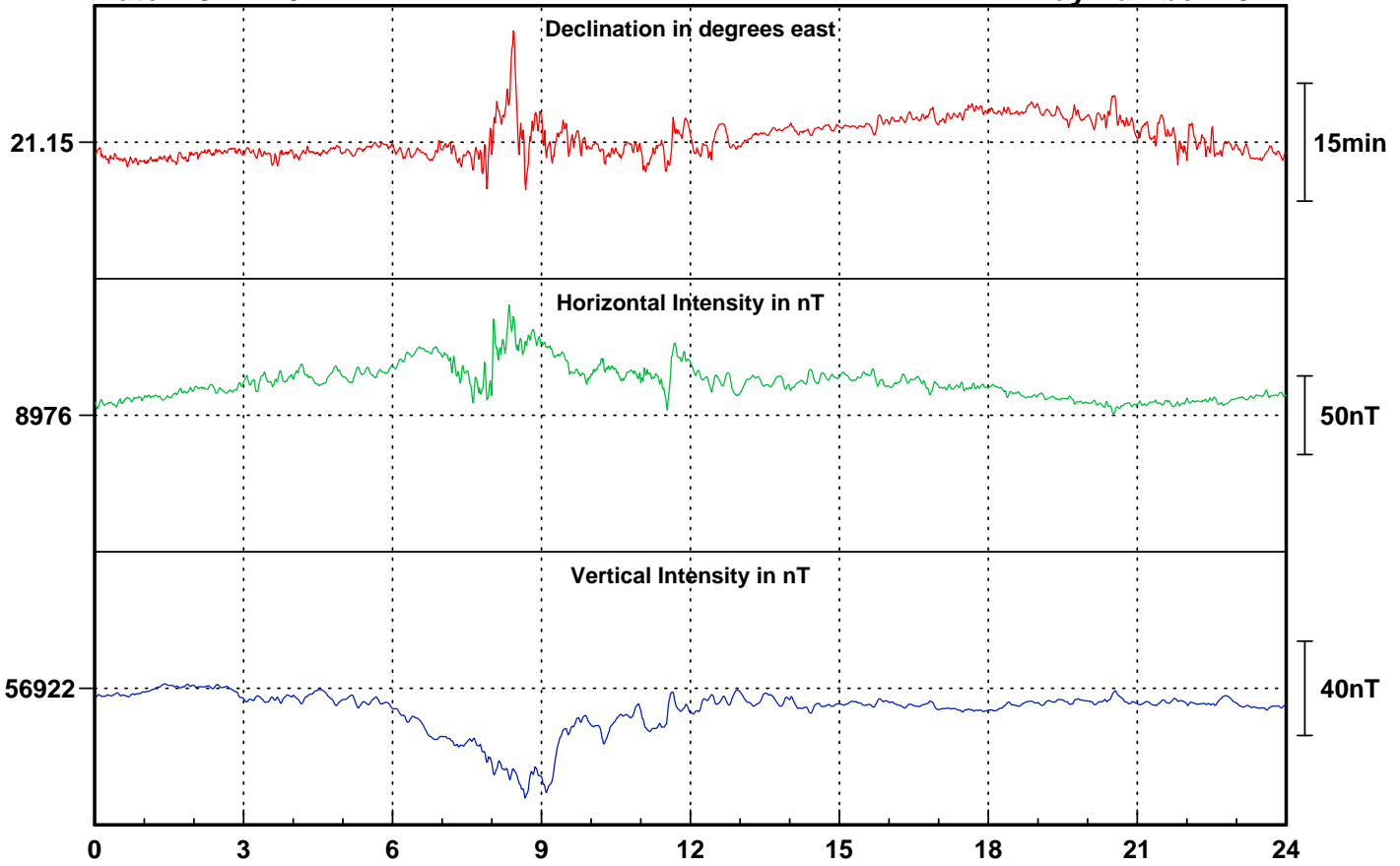
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Date: 13-11-2011

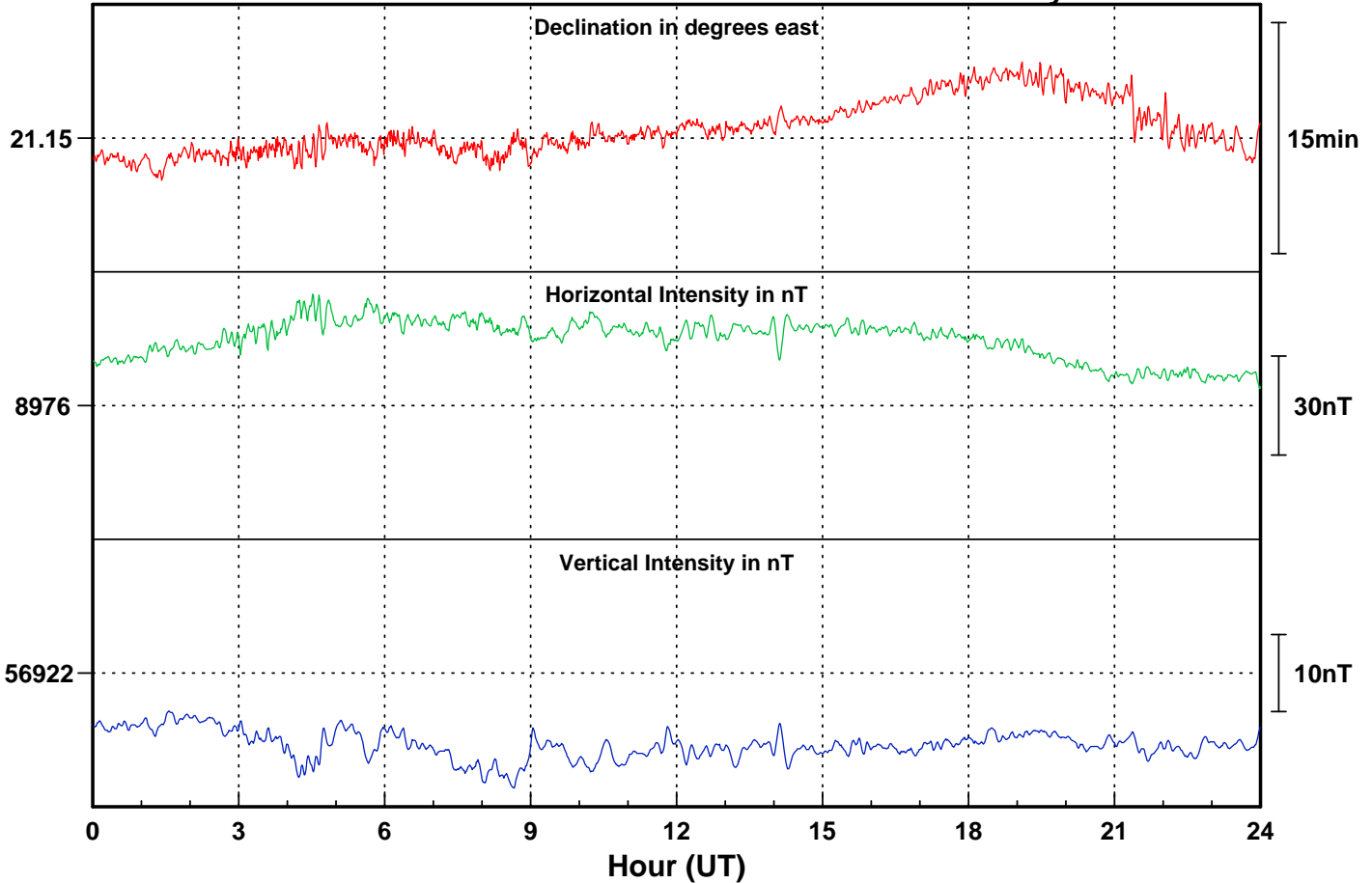
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 317



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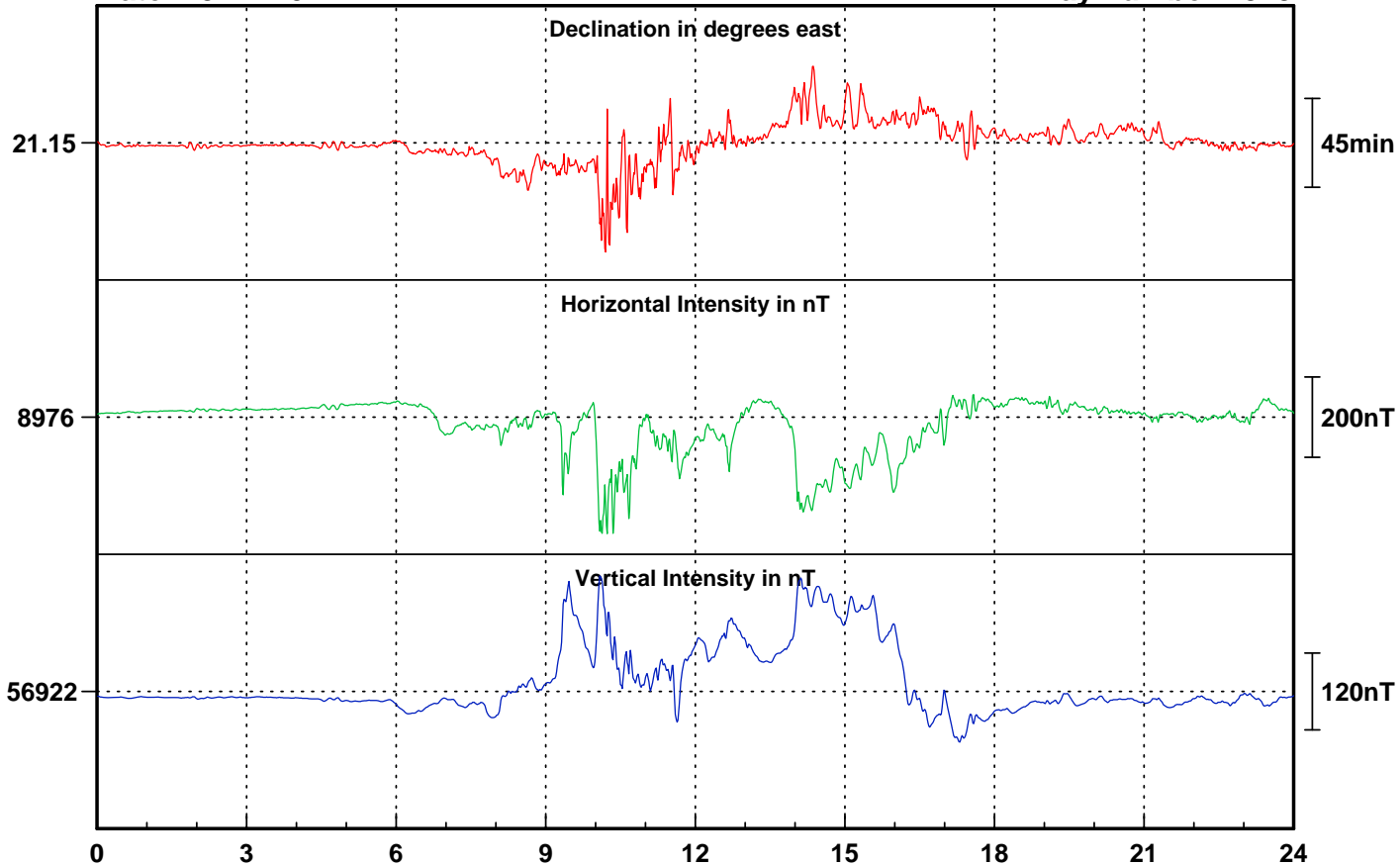
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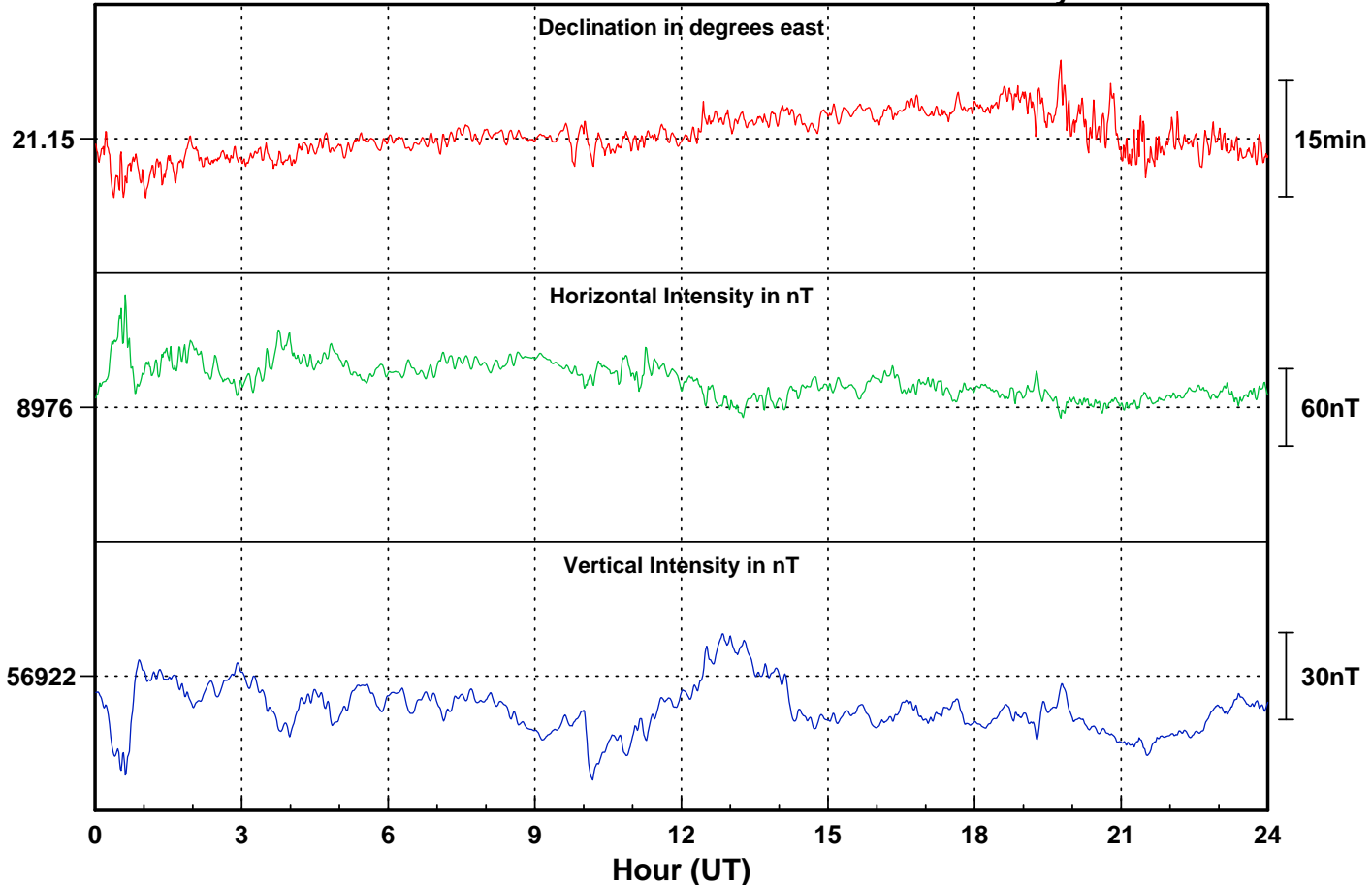
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 319



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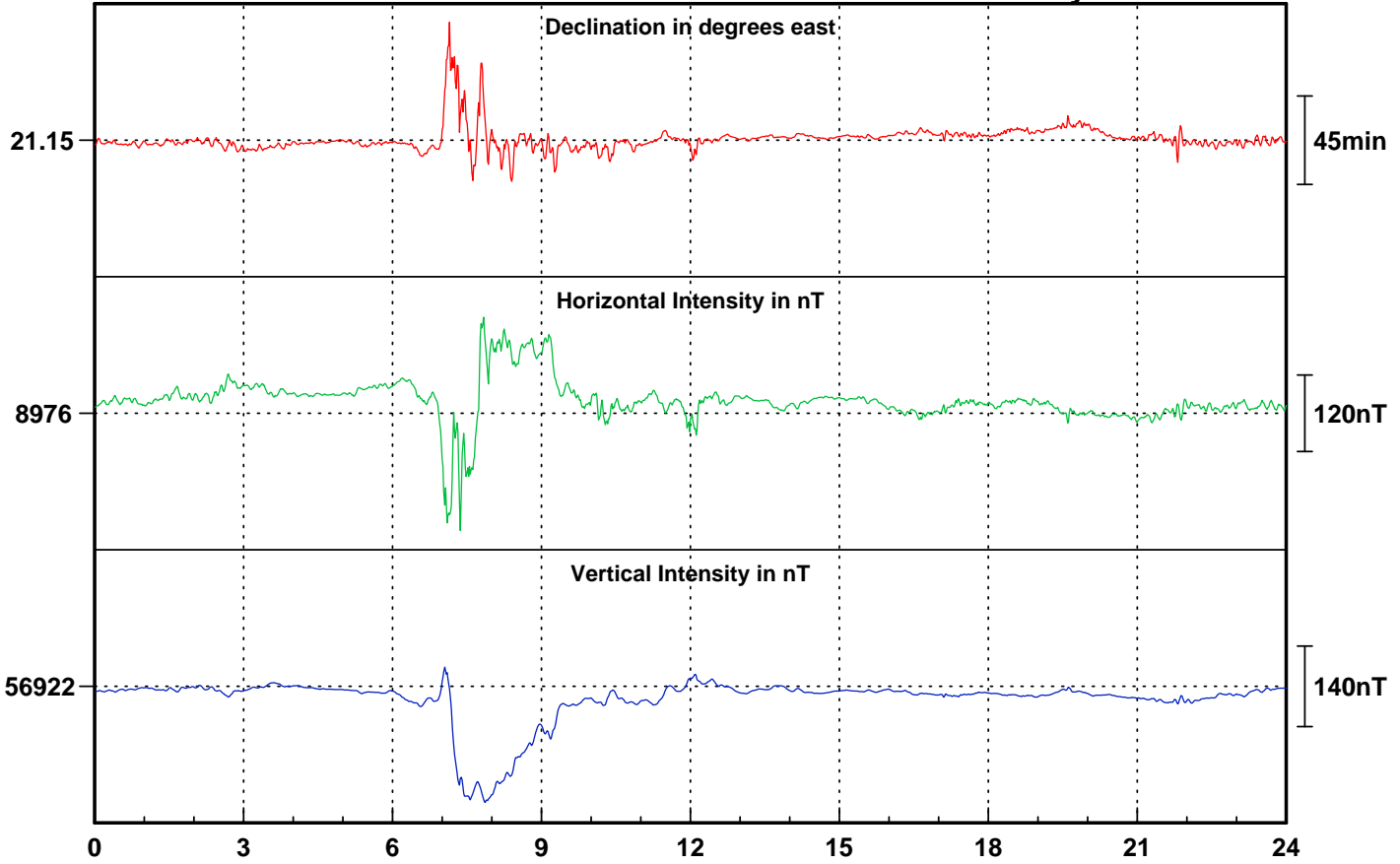
Day number: 320



Date: 17-11-2011

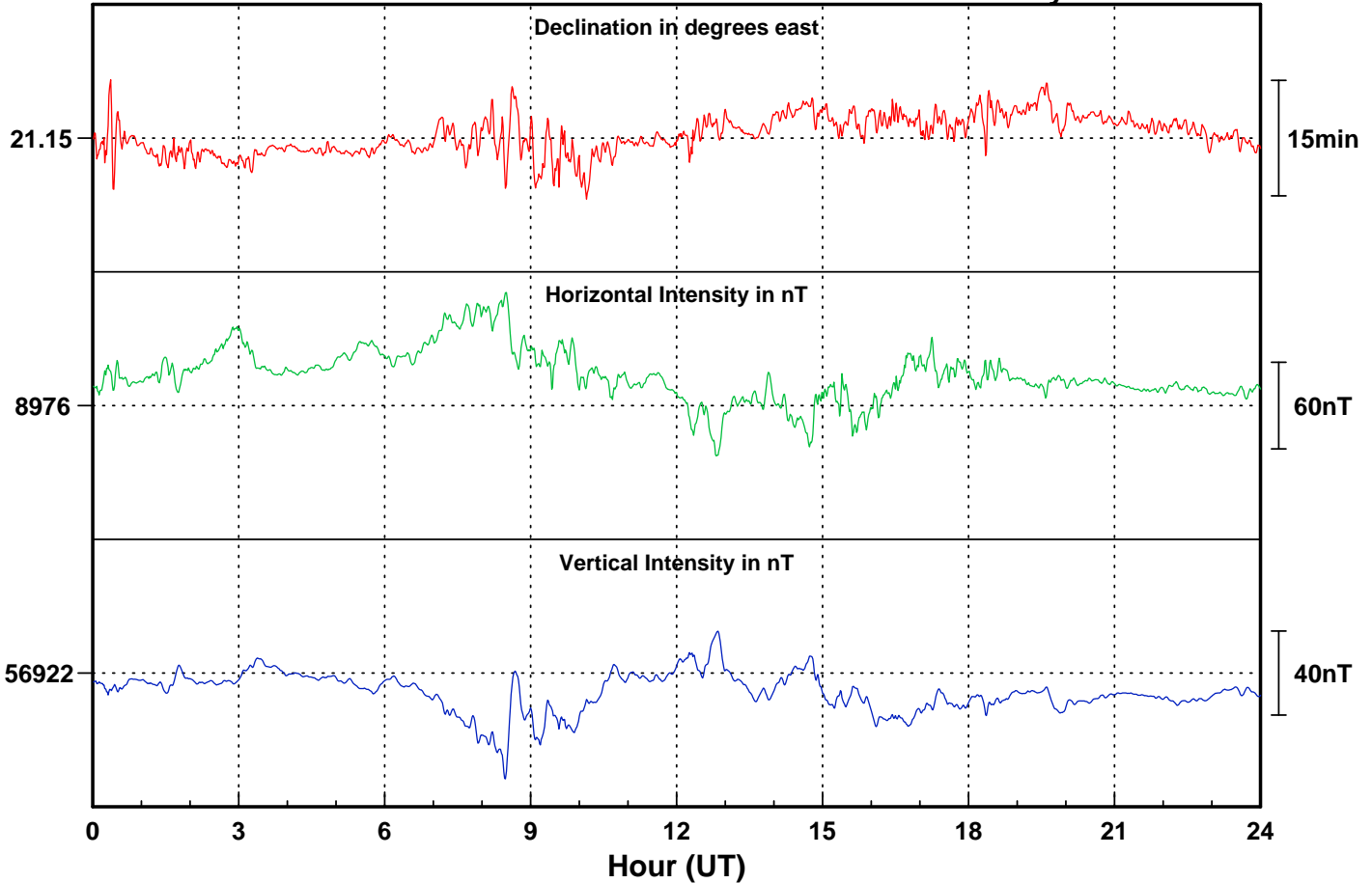
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 321



Date: 18-11-2011

Day number: 322

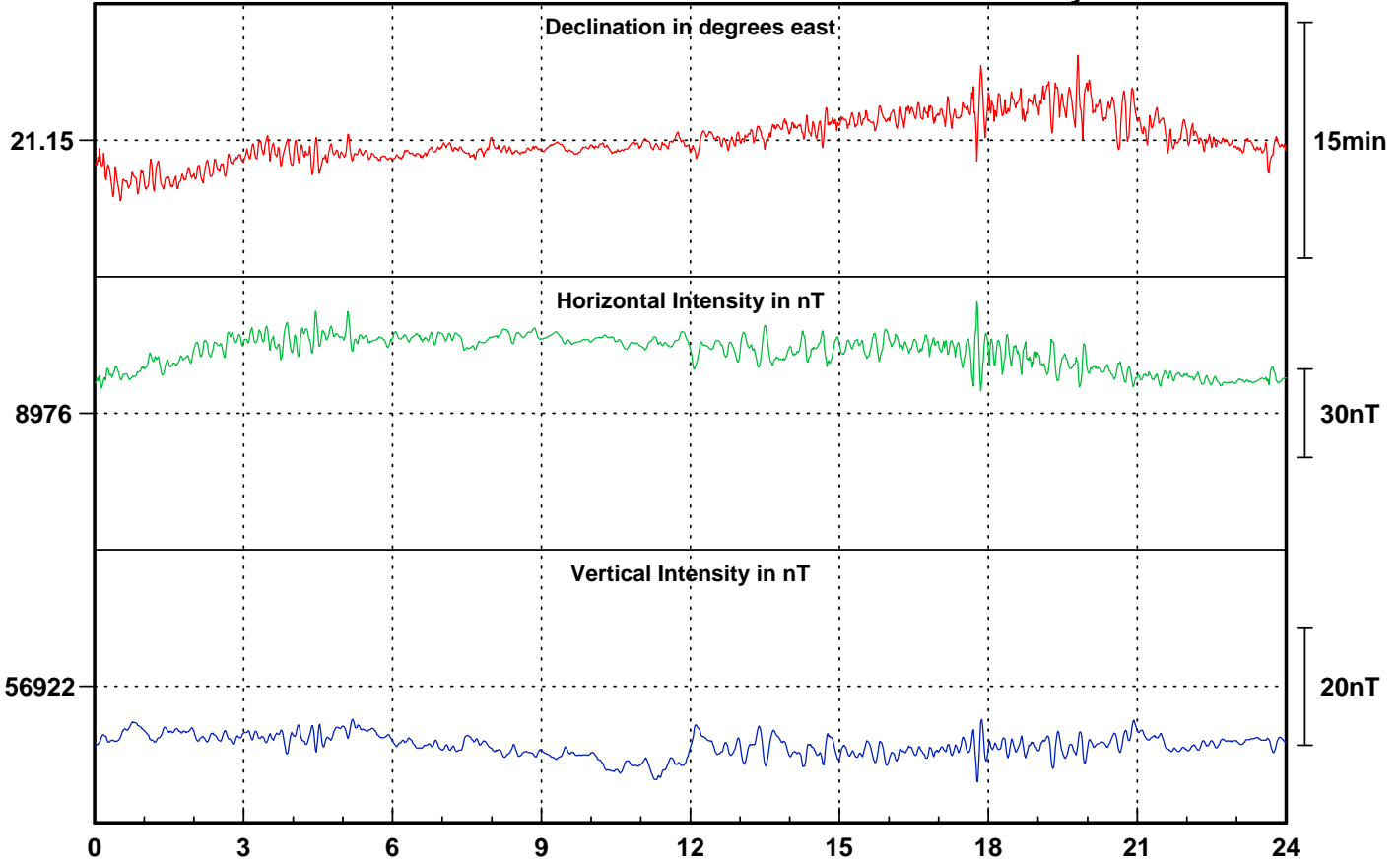


Hour (UT)

Date: 19-11-2011

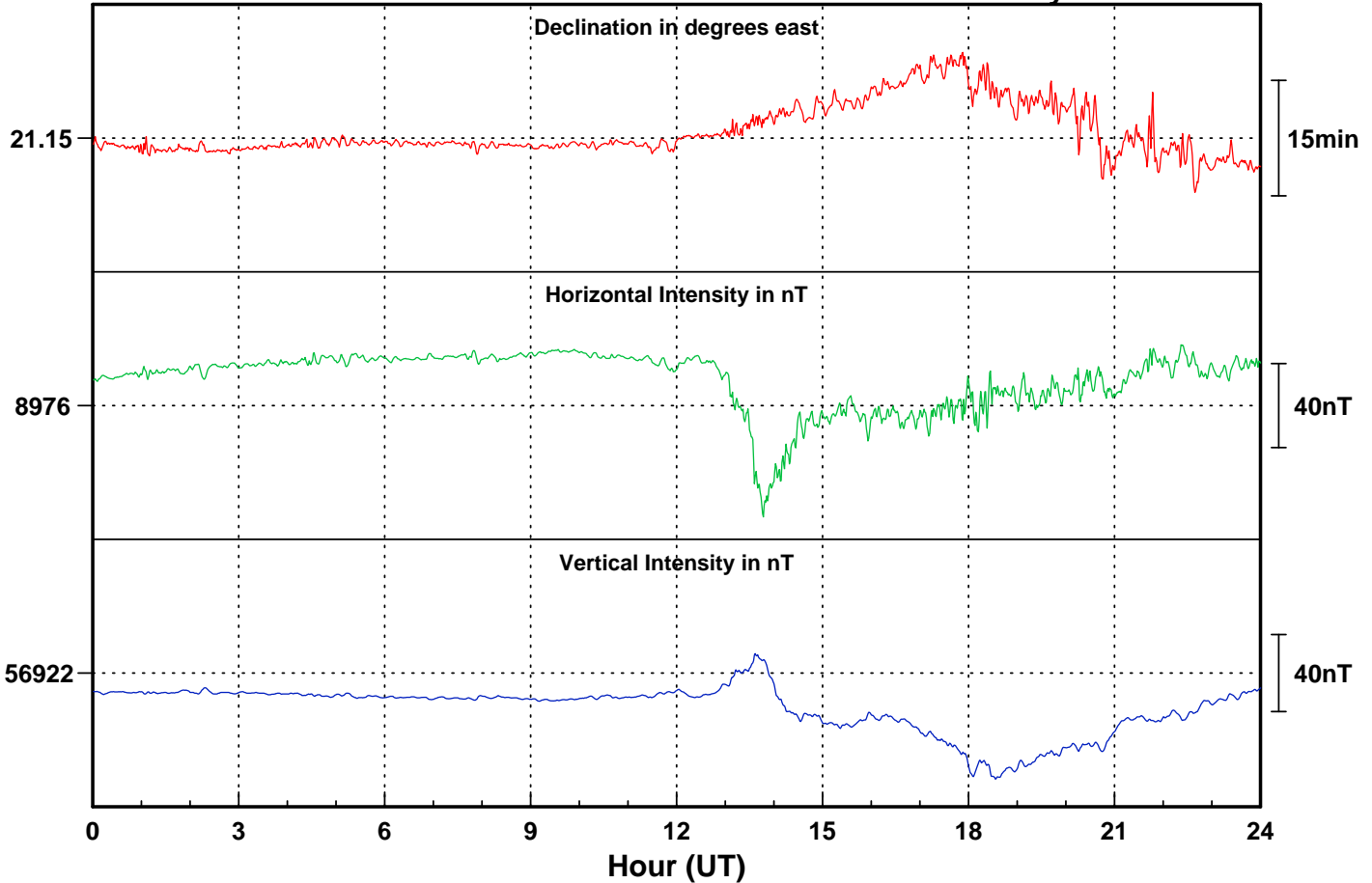
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 323



Date: 20-11-2011

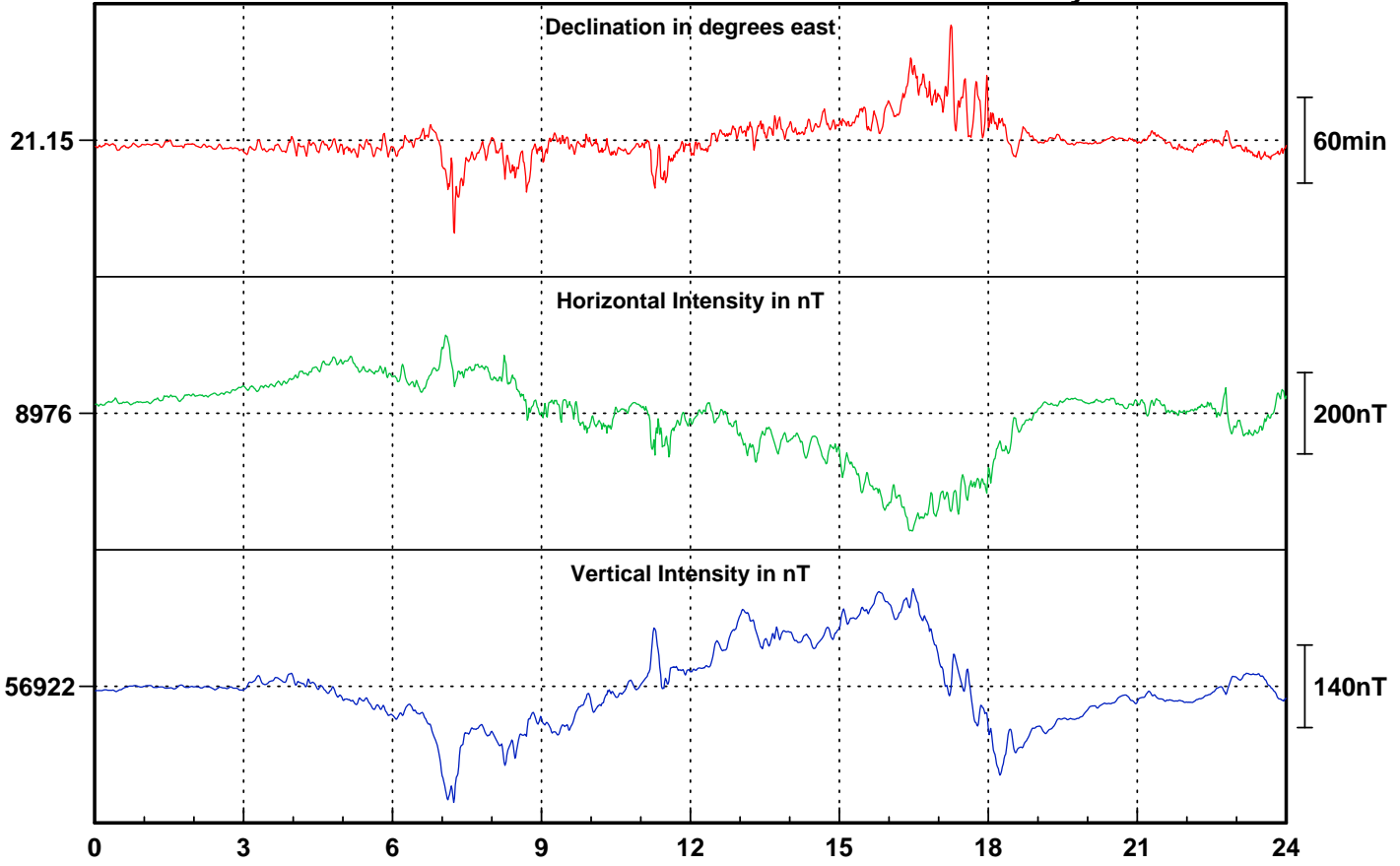
Day number: 324



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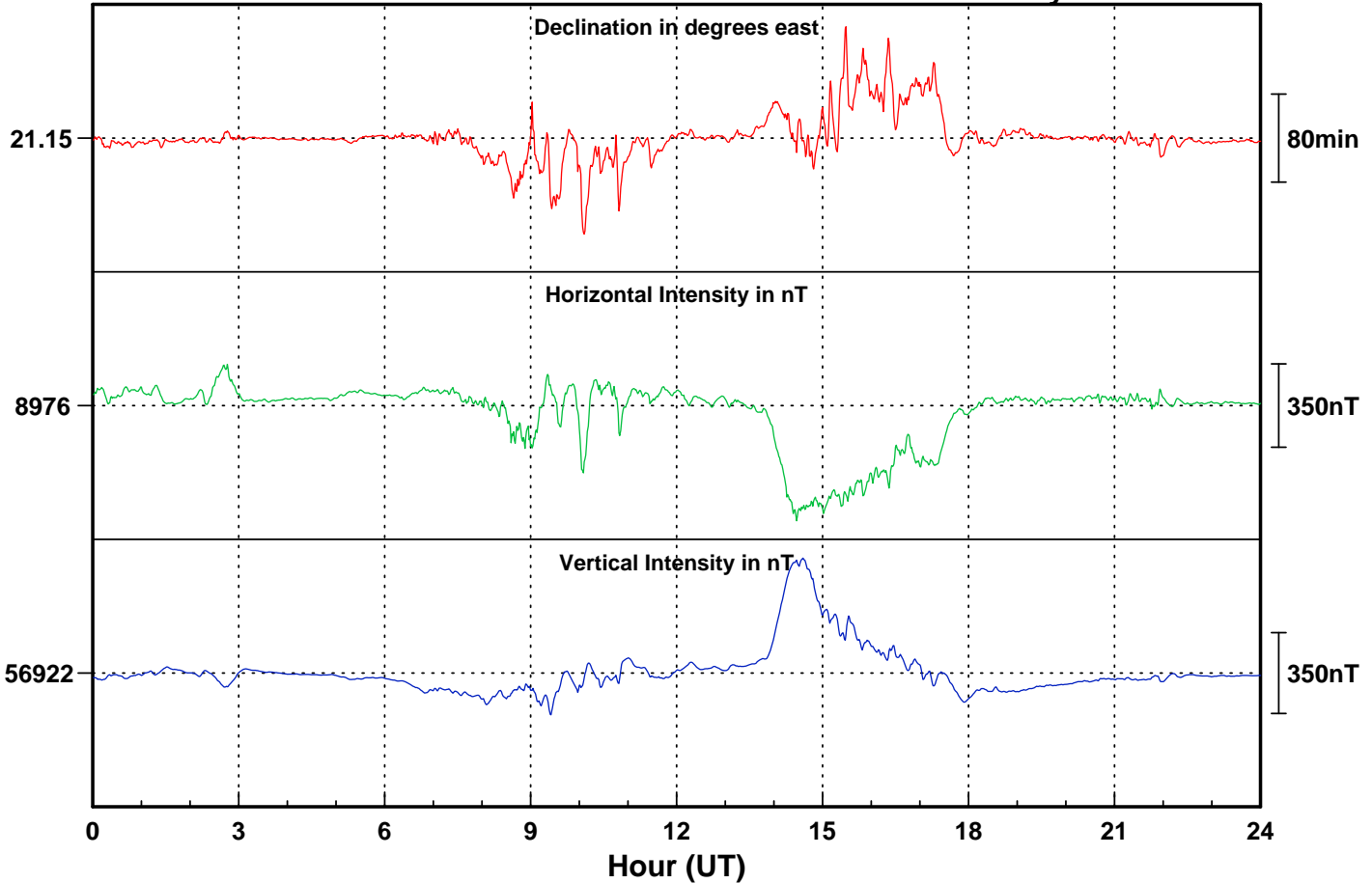
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 325



Date: 22-11-2011

Day number: 326

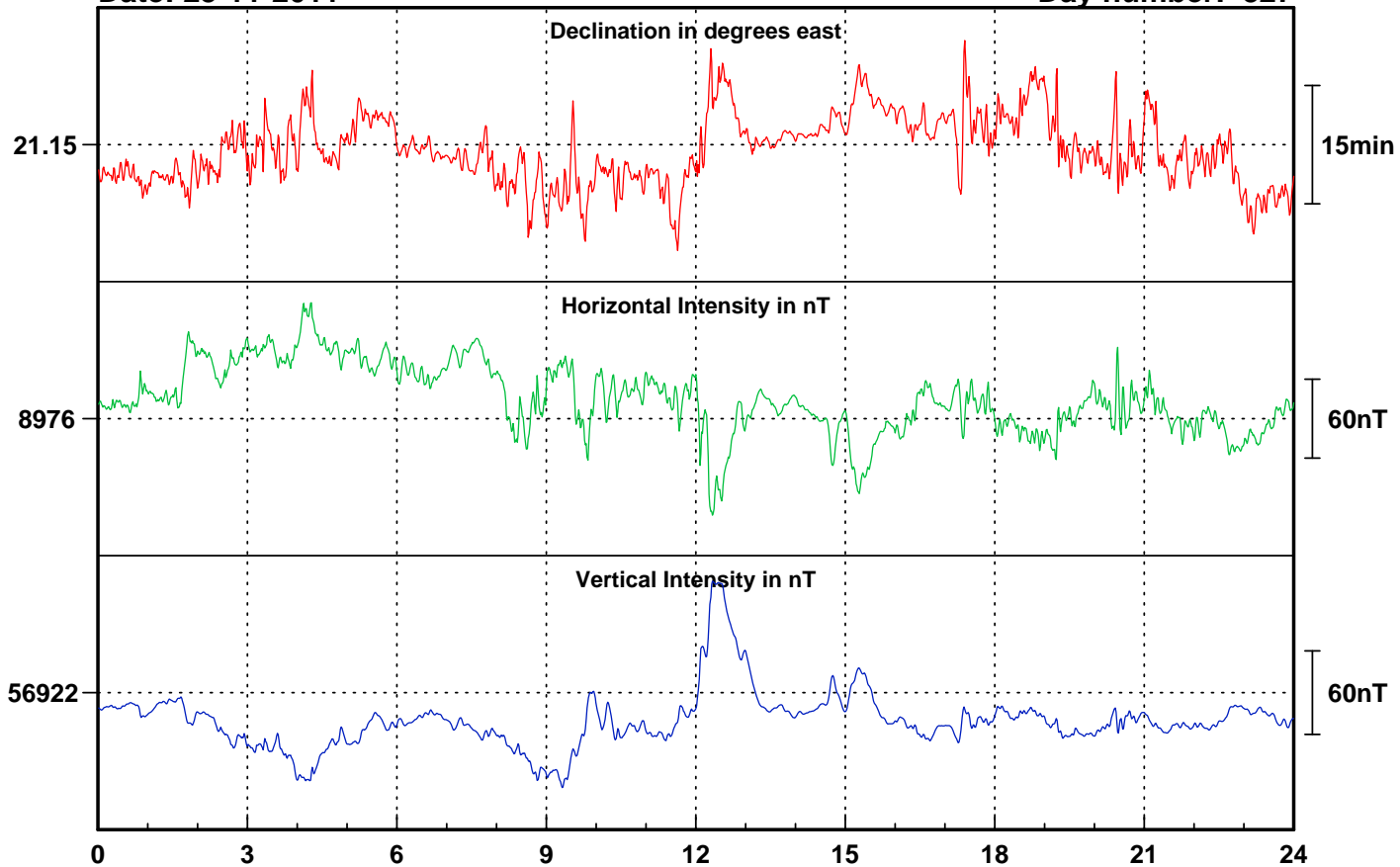


Hour (UT)

Date: 23-11-2011

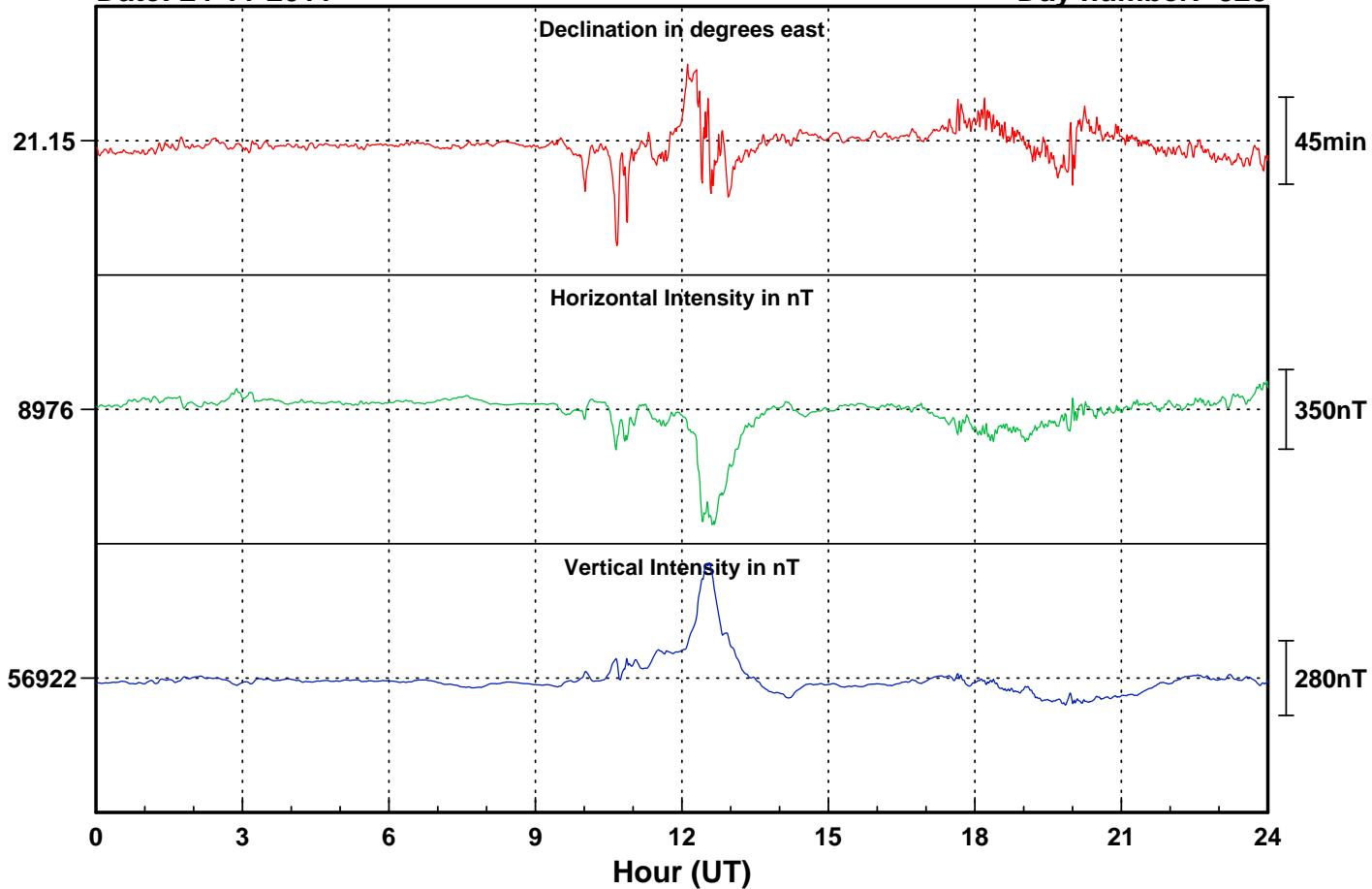
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 327



Date: 24-11-2011

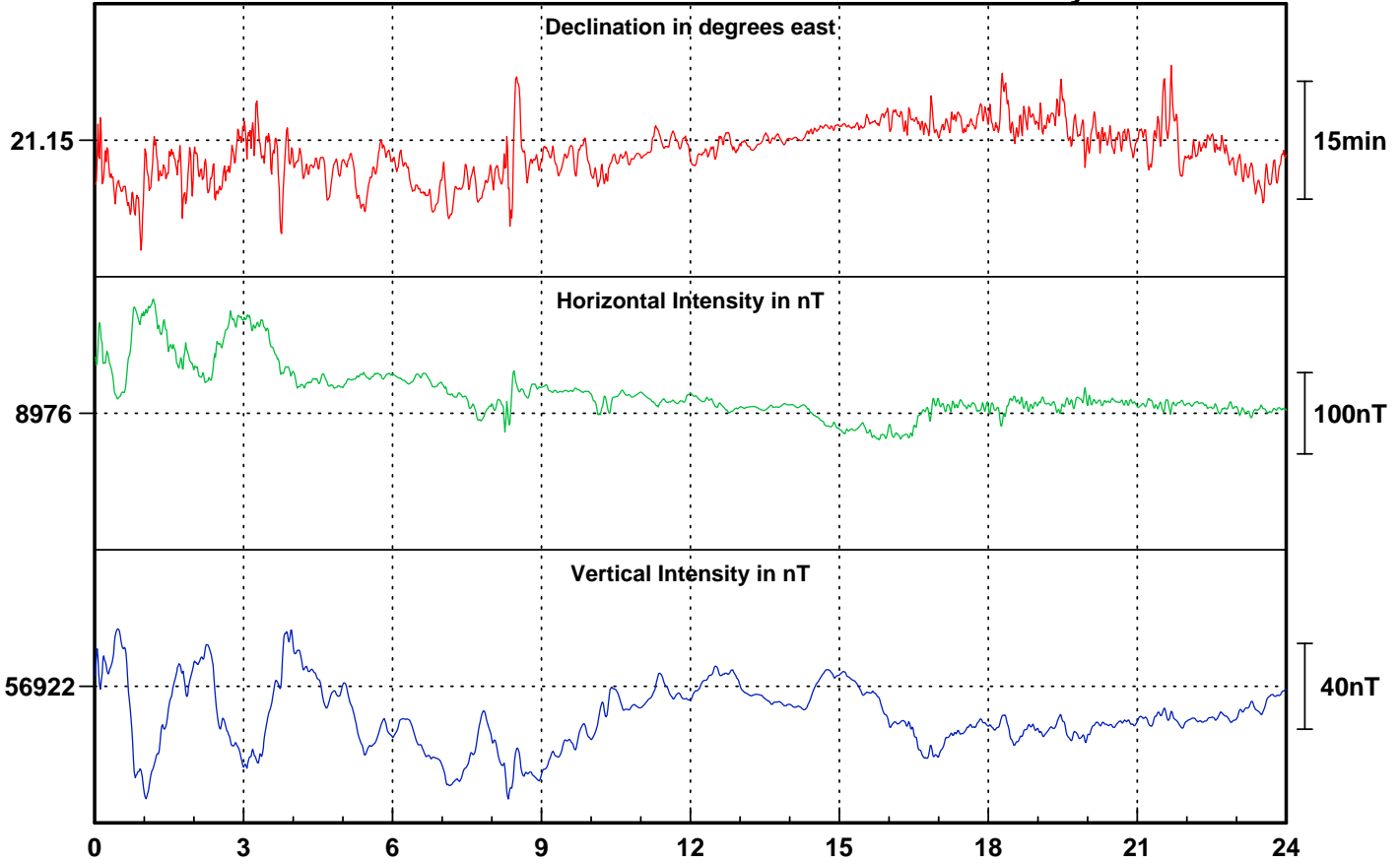
Day number: 328



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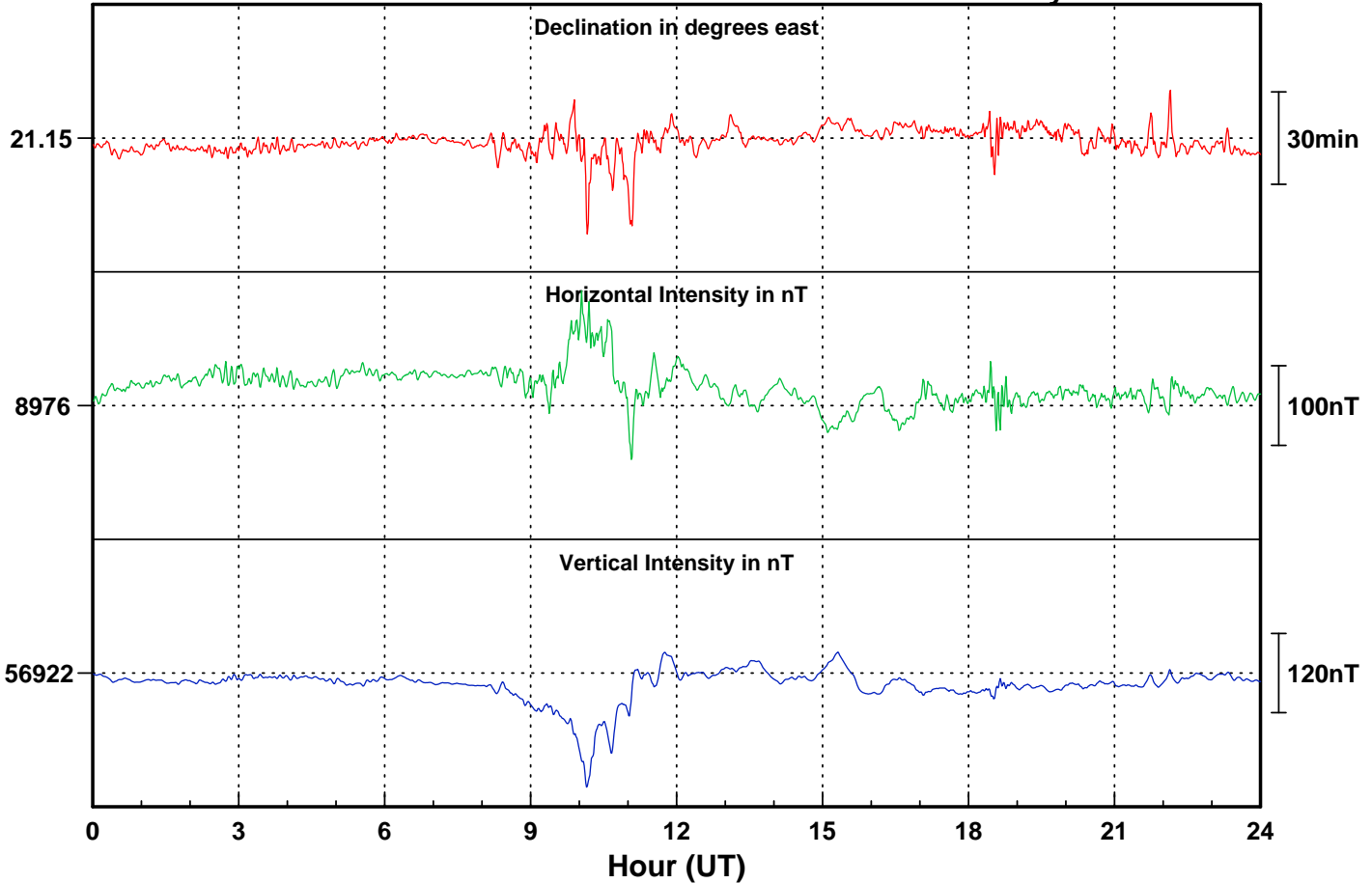
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 329



Date: 26-11-2011

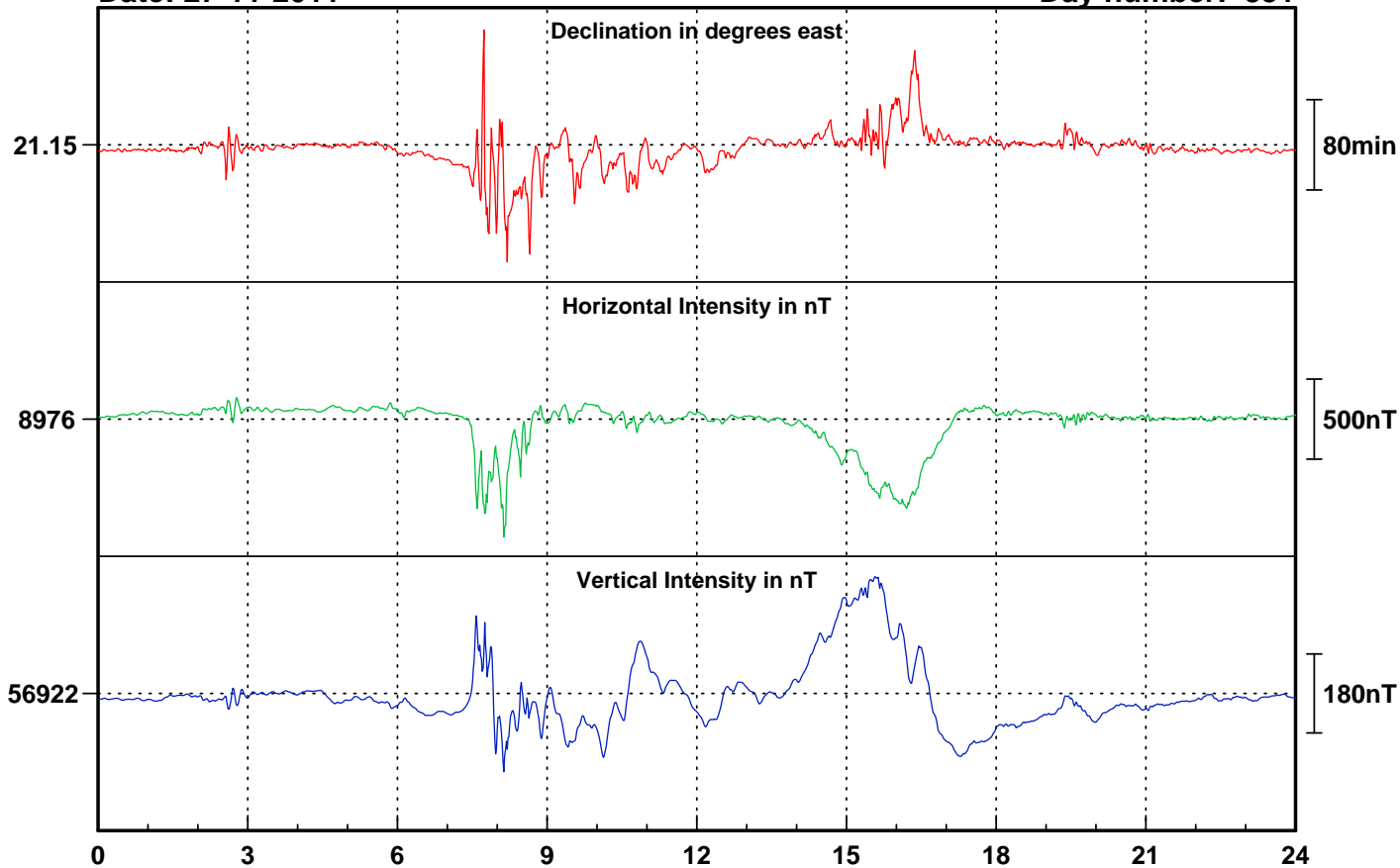
Day number: 330



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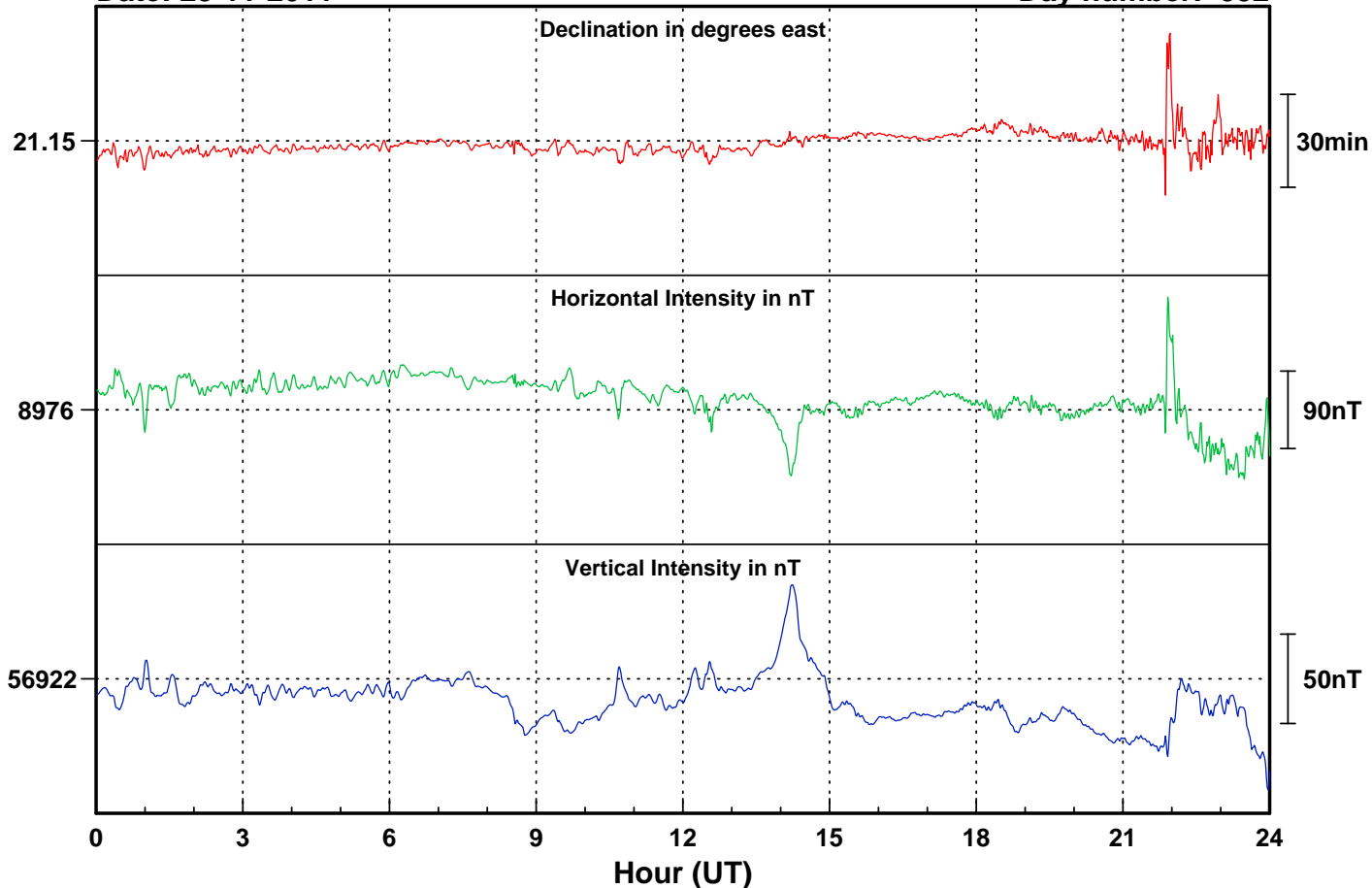
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 331



Date: 28-11-2011

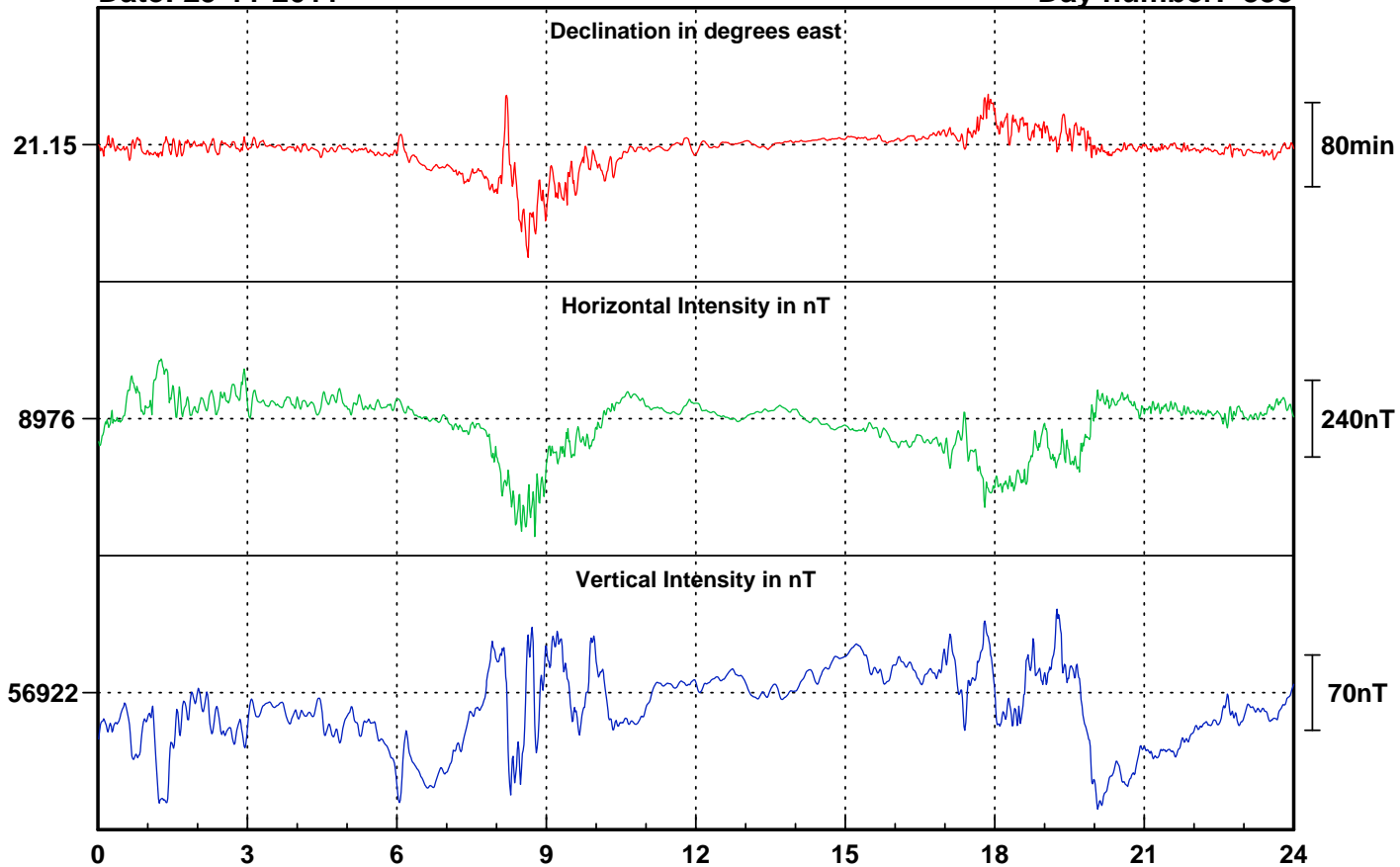
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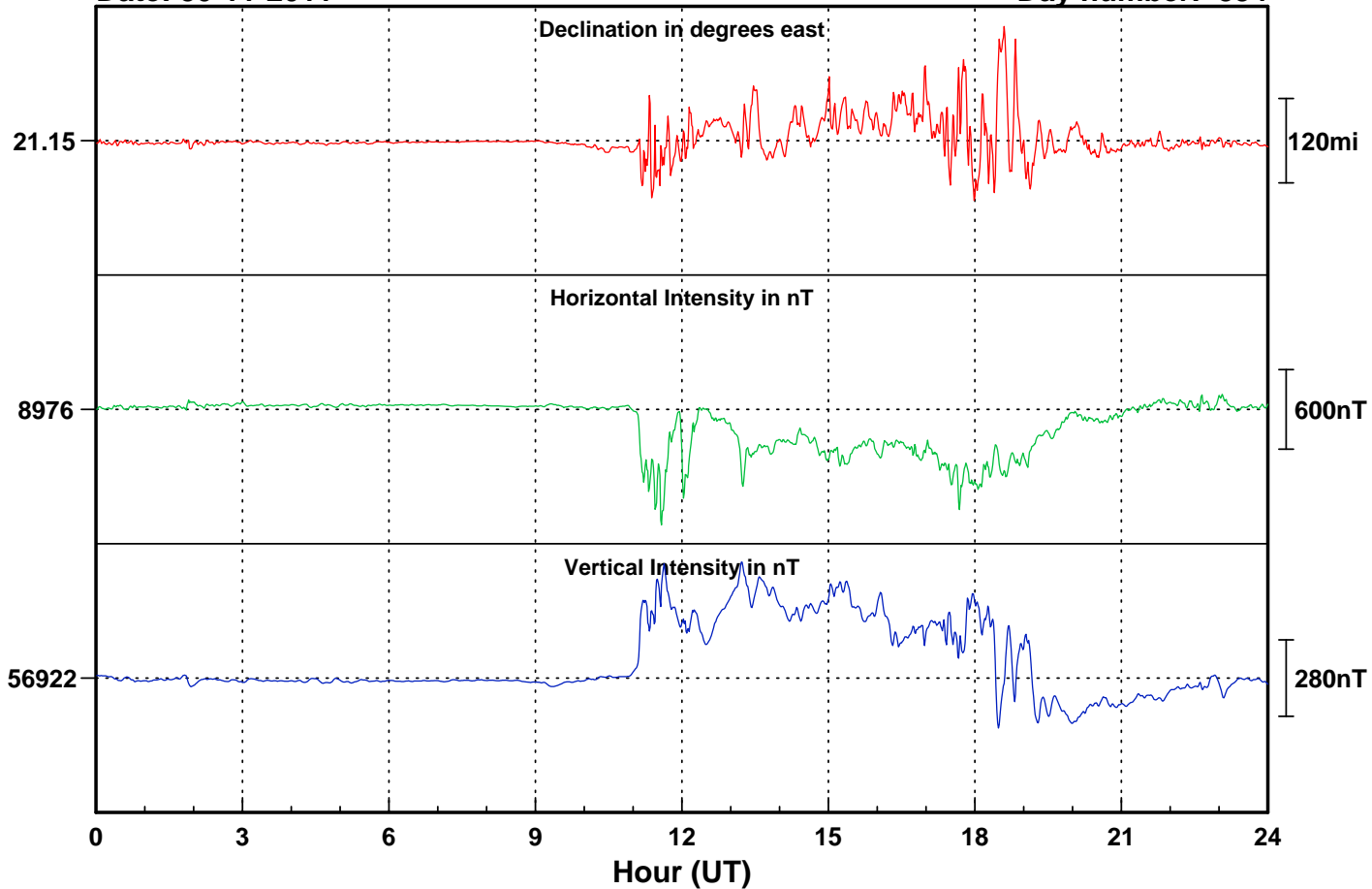
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 333

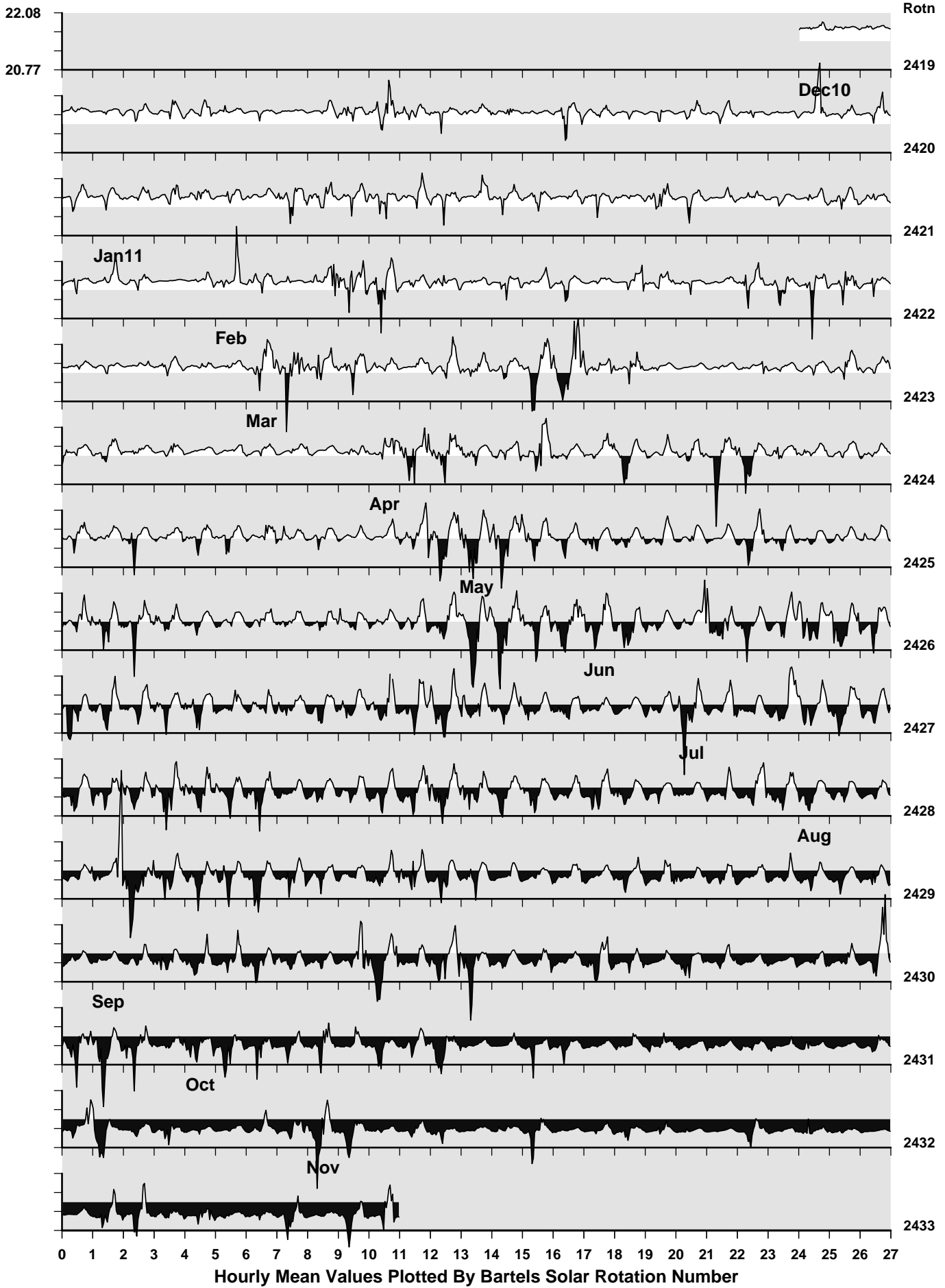


Date: 30-11-2011

Day number: 334

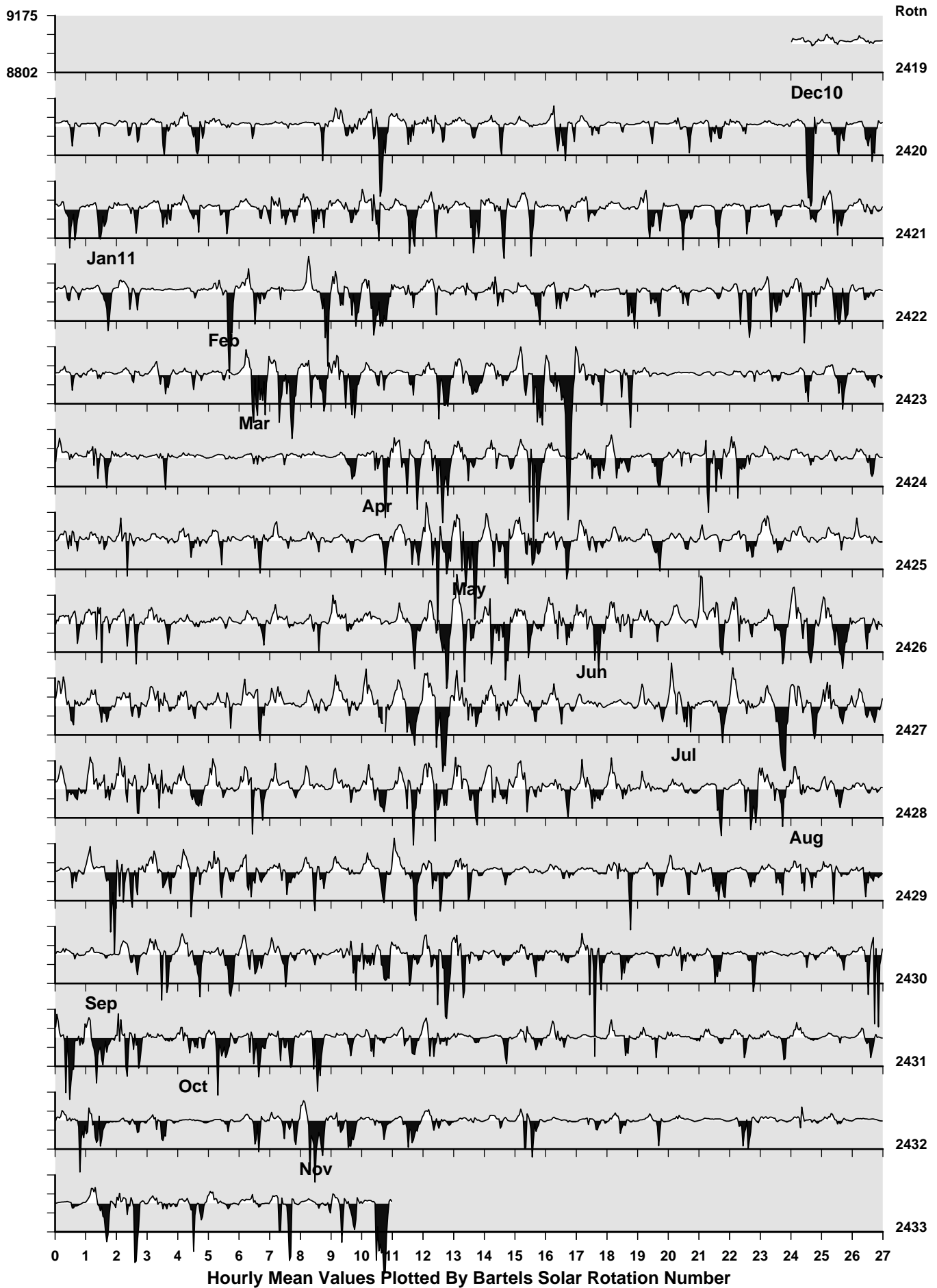


Jim Carrigan Observatory: Declination (degrees)

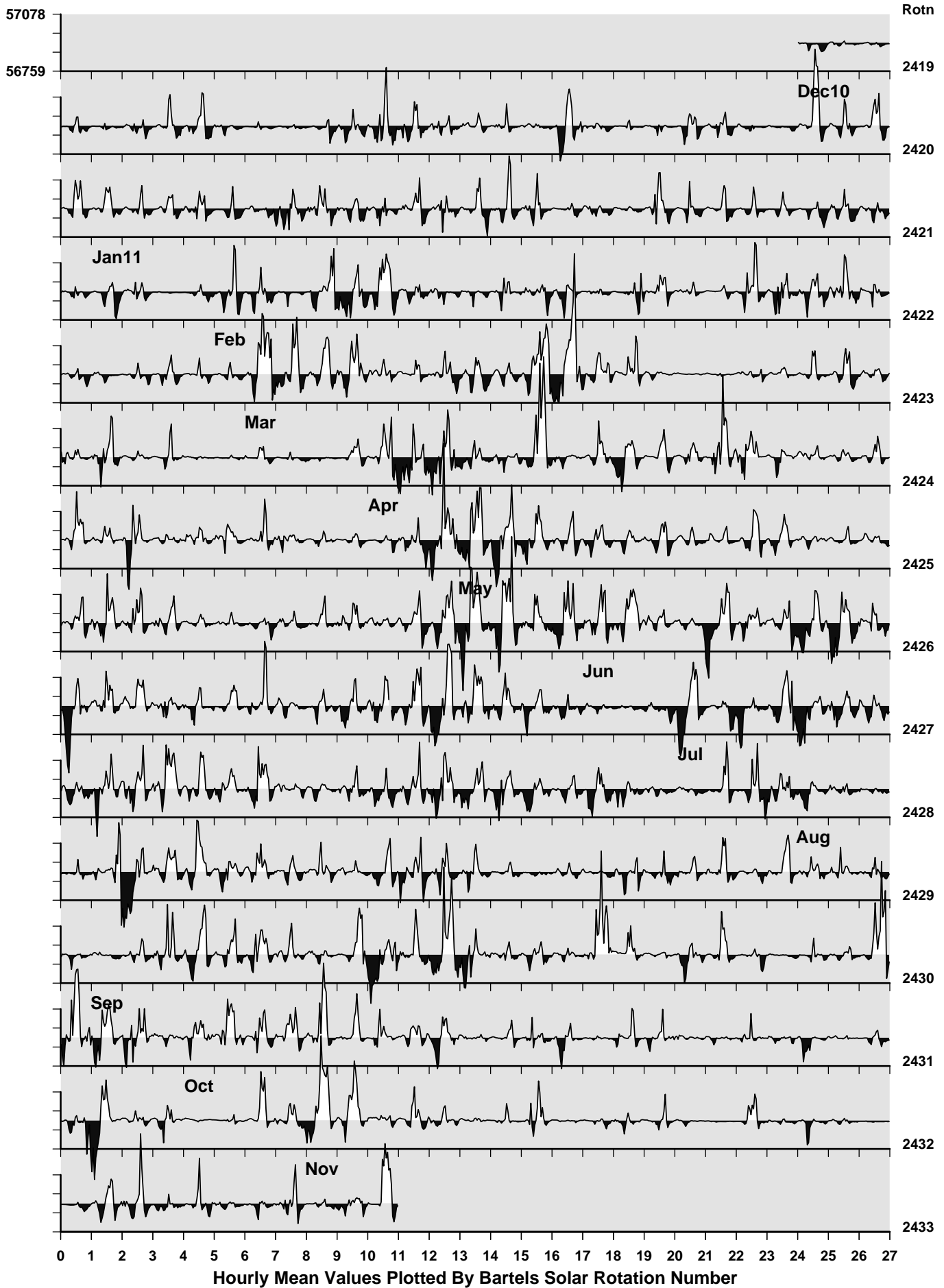


Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Jim Carrigan Observatory: Horizontal Intensity (nT)

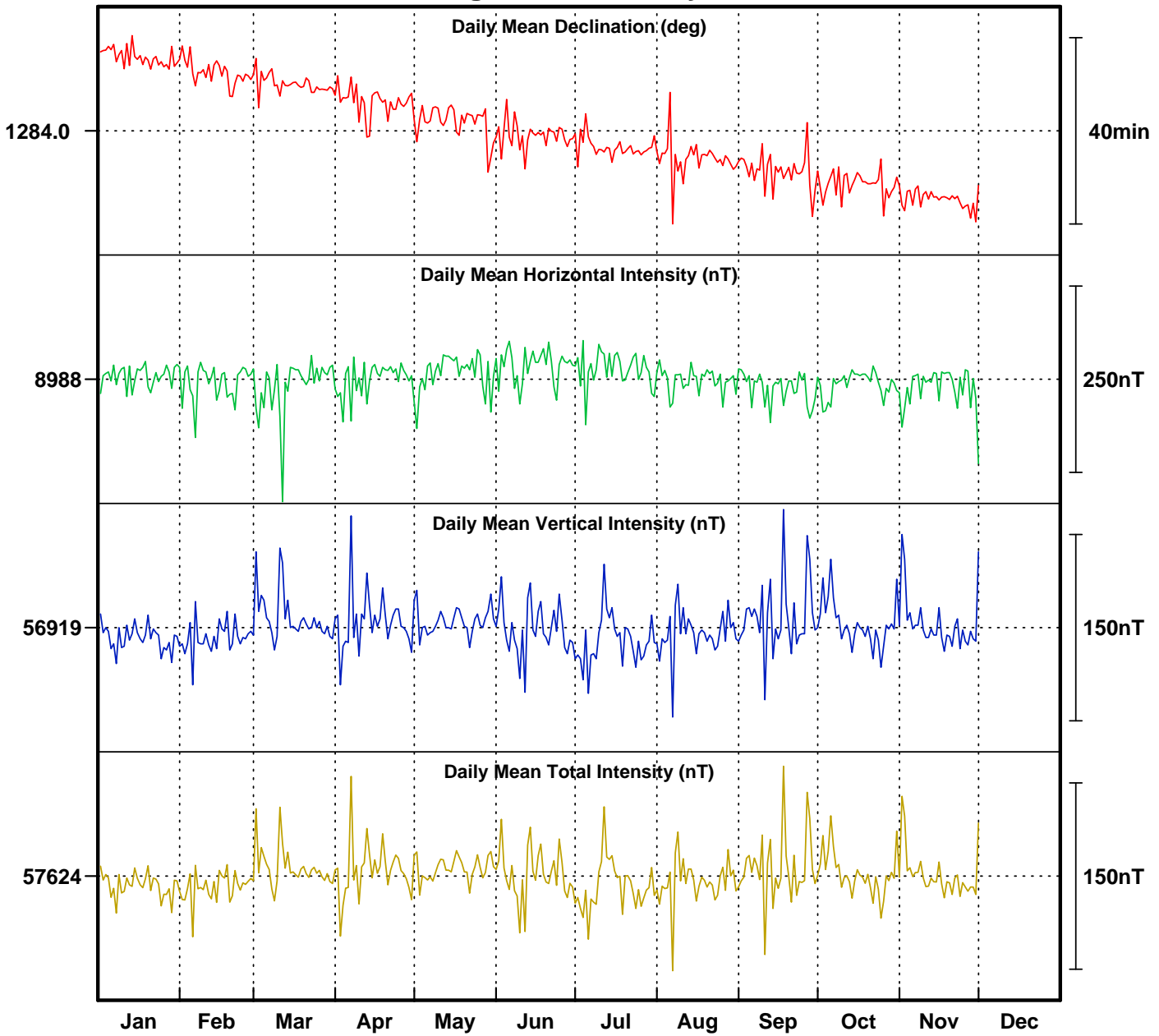


Jim Carrigan Observatory: Vertical Intensity (nT)



Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Jim Carrigan Observatory 2011



Monthly Mean Values for Jim Carrigan Observatory 2011

Month	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>X</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>F</i>
January	21° 39.8′	8993 nT	81° 1.2′	8358 nT	3320 nT	56911 nT	57617 nT
February	21° 36.4′	8984 nT	81° 1.8′	8353 nT	3308 nT	56911 nT	57616 nT
March	21° 33.9′	8979 nT	81° 2.2′	8351 nT	3300 nT	56927 nT	57631 nT
April	21° 30.0′	8988 nT	81° 1.7′	8362 nT	3294 nT	56924 nT	57629 nT
May	21° 25.8′	8998 nT	81° 1.1′	8376 nT	3288 nT	56923 nT	57630 nT
June	21° 23.0′	9006 nT	81° 0.5′	8386 nT	3284 nT	56917 nT	57625 nT
July	21° 20.3′	9002 nT	81° 0.7′	8385 nT	3276 nT	56909 nT	57616 nT
August	21° 17.9′	8987 nT	81° 1.6′	8373 nT	3264 nT	56914 nT	57620 nT
September	21° 15.3′	8976 nT	81° 2.4′	8365 nT	3254 nT	56928 nT	57631 nT
October	21° 12.4′	8981 nT	81° 2.0′	8373 nT	3249 nT	56922 nT	57626 nT
November	21° 09.2′	8976 nT	81° 2.3′	8371 nT	3239 nT	56922 nT	57626 nT

Note

i. The values shown here are provisional.