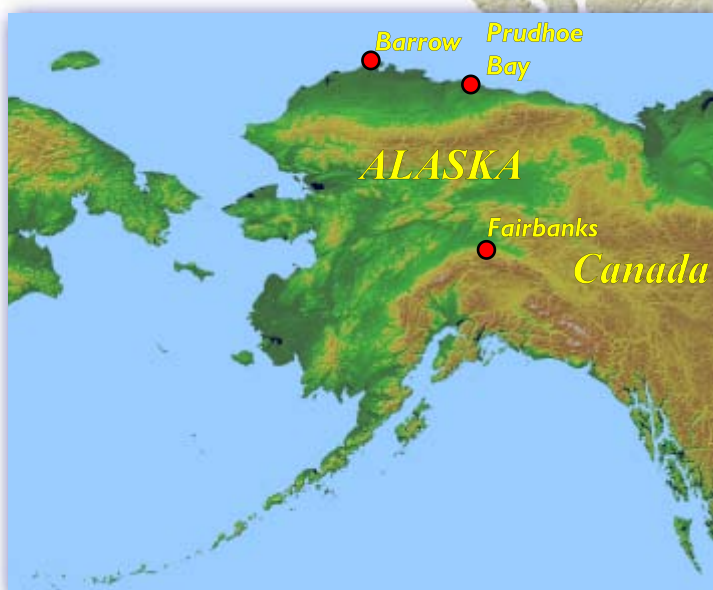


BRITISH GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

**Jim Carrigan
Observatory
Prudhoe Bay
Monthly
Magnetic
Bulletin**

October 2017

17/10/JC



British Geological Survey

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

JIM CARRIGAN OBSERVATORY MAGNETIC DATA

1. Introduction

Jim Carrigan observatory is the fourth overseas geomagnetic observatory established by the British Geological Survey (BGS). The installation was a joint venture between BGS and Sperry Drilling Services (SDS), Halliburton in support of directional drilling programmes. SDS operated a prototype station since 1997, which was upgraded by the BGS to a standard high-quality observatory in October 2003.

This bulletin is published to provide rapid access to the provisional geomagnetic observatory results. The information is freely available for personal, academic, educational and non-commercial research or use. Magnetic observatory data are presented as a series of plots of one-minute, hourly and daily values, followed by tabulations of monthly values. The operation of the observatory and presentation of data are described in the rest of this section.

Enquiries about the data should be addressed to:

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E-mail: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk

Internet: www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk

2. Position

Jim Carrigan Observatory is situated at T-Pad, a man-made gravel bed close to the drilling sites at Prudhoe Bay, Alaska, USA. The observatory co-ordinates are:-

Geographic: 70° 21'21.6"N 211° 12'03.7" E

Geomagnetic: 70° 27'36"N 256° 07'48" E

Height above mean sea level: 20m (approx)

The geographical coordinates are measured by a handheld GPS device, which uses WGS84 as the reference coordinate system. The height above MSL is determined from the best available contour maps. The geomagnetic co-ordinates are approximations, calculated using the 12th generation International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) at epoch 2017.5. On-line access to

models (including IGRF), charts and navigational data are available at

http://www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data_service/models_compass/home

3. The Observatory Operation

3.1 GDAS

The observatory operates under the control of the Geomagnetic Data Acquisition System (GDAS), which was developed by BGS staff, installed and became fully operational from October 2003. The data acquisition software, running on QNX operated computers, controls the data logging and the communications.

There are two sets of sensors used for making magnetic measurements. A tri-axial linear-core fluxgate magnetometer, manufactured by the Danish Meteorological Institute, is used to measure the variations in the horizontal (*H*) and vertical (*Z*) components of the field. The third sensor is oriented perpendicular to these, and measures variations, which are proportional to the changes in declination (*D*). Measurements are made at a rate of 1 Hz.

In addition to the fluxgate sensors there is a proton precession magnetometer (PPM) making measurements of the absolute total field intensity (*F*) at a rate of 0.05Hz.

The raw unfiltered data are retrieved automatically via Internet connections to the BGS office in Edinburgh in near real-time. The fluxgate data are filtered to produce one-minute values using a 61-point cosine filter and the total field intensity samples are filtered using a 13-point cosine filter.

3.2 Absolute Observations

The GDAS fluxgate magnetometers accurately measure variations in the components of the geomagnetic field, but not the absolute magnitudes. Two sets of absolute measurements of the field are made manually once per month. A fluxgate sensor mounted on a theodolite is used to determine *D* and inclination (*I*); the GDAS PPM measurements, with a site difference correction applied, are used for *F*. The absolute observations are used in conjunction with the GDAS variometer measurements to produce a continuous record of the absolute values of the geomagnetic field elements as if they had been measured at the observatory reference pillar.

4. Observatory Results

The data presented in the bulletin are in the form of plots and tabulations described in the following sections.

4.1 Absolute Observations

The absolute observation measurements made during the month are tabulated. Also included are the corresponding baseline values, which are the differences between the absolute measurements and the variometer measurements of D , H and Z (in the sense absolute–variometer). These are also plotted (markers) along with the derived preliminary daily baseline values (line) throughout the year. Daily mean differences between the measured absolute F and the F computed from the baseline corrected H and Z values are plotted in the fourth panel (in the sense measured–derived). The bottom panel shows the daily mean temperature in the fluxgate chamber.

4.2 Summary magnetograms

Small-scale magnetograms are plotted which allow the month's data to be viewed at a glance. They are plotted 16 days to a page and show the one-minute variations in D , H and Z . The scales are shown on the right-hand side of the page. On disturbed days the scales are multiplied by a factor, which is indicated above the panel for that day. The variations are centred on the monthly mean value, shown on the left side of the page.

4.3 Magnetograms

The daily magnetograms are plotted using one-minute values of D , H and Z from the fluxgate sensors, with any gaps filled using back-up data. The magnetograms are plotted to a variable scale; scale bars are shown to the right of each plot. The absolute level (the monthly mean value) is indicated on the left side of the plots.

4.4 Hourly Mean Value Plots

Hourly mean values of D , H and Z for the past 12 months are plotted in 27-day segments corresponding to the Bartels solar rotation number. Magnetic disturbances associated with active regions and/or coronal holes on the Sun may recur after 27 days: the same is true for geomagnetically

quiet intervals. Plotting the data in this way highlights this recurrence. Diurnal variations are also clear in these plots and the amplitude changes throughout the year highlight the seasonal changes. Longer term secular variation is also illustrated.

4.5 Daily and Monthly Mean Values

Daily mean values of D , H , Z and F are plotted throughout the year. In addition, a table of monthly mean values of all the geomagnetic elements is provided. These values depend on accurate specification of the fluxgate sensor baselines. It is anticipated that these provisional values will not be altered by more than a few nT or tenths of arcminutes before being made definitive at the end of the year.

5. Conditions of Use

The data presented in this bulletin are provided for personal, academic, educational, non-commercial research or other non-commercial use and are not for sale or distribution to third parties without written permission from BGS.

Reproduction of any part of this bulletin should be accompanied by the statement: 'Reproduced with the permission of the British Geological Survey ©NERC. All rights Reserved'. Publications making use of the data should include an acknowledgment statement of the form: 'The results presented in this paper rely on the data collected at Jim Carrigan magnetic observatory, operated by Sperry Drilling Services, Halliburton and the British Geological Survey with support from BP.'

Commercial users can contact the geomagnetism team for information on the range of applications and services offered. Full contact details are available at www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff

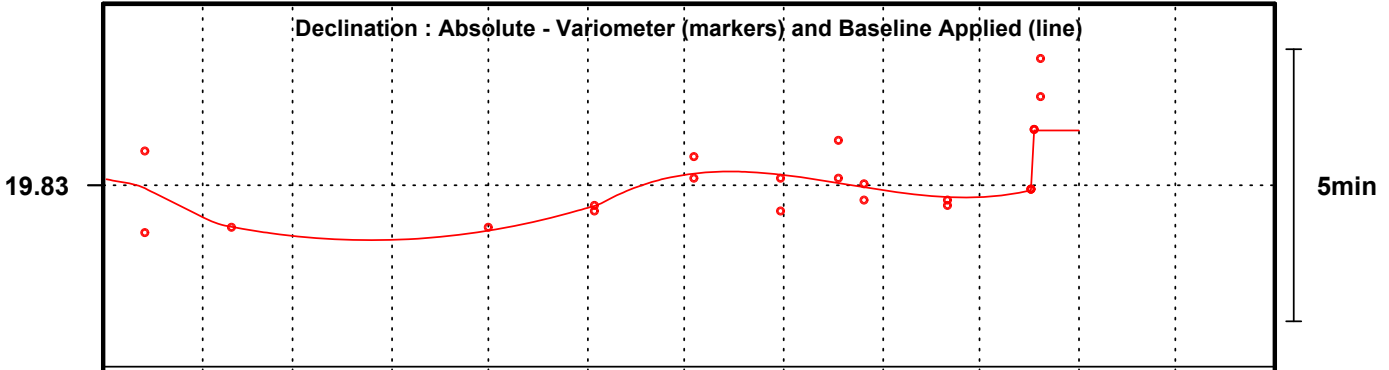
JIM CARRIGAN OBSERVATORY

ABSOLUTE OBSERVATIONS

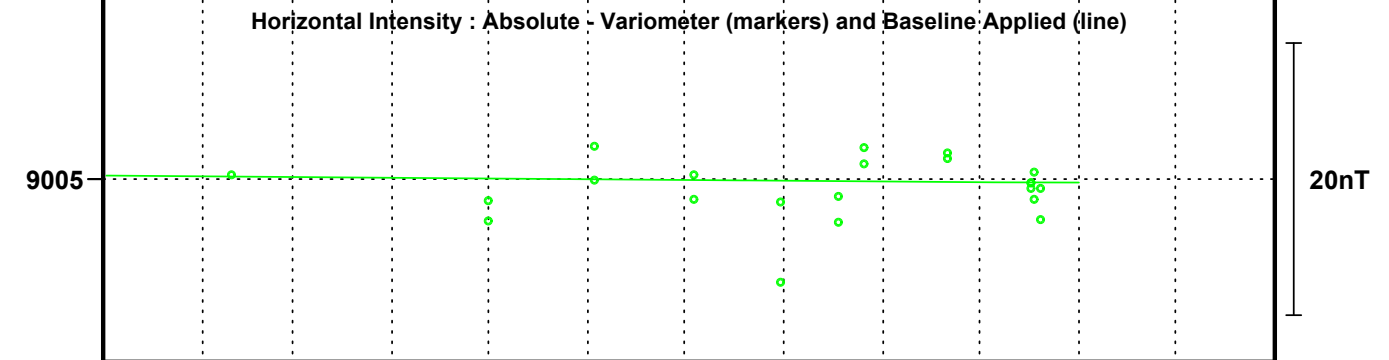
Date	Day Number	Declination			Inclination		Total Field		Horizontal Intensity		Vertical Intensity		Observer
		Time (UT)	Absolute (°)	Baseline (°)	Time (UT)	Absolute (°)	Site difference (nT)	Absolute corrected (nT)	Absolute (nT)	Baseline (nT)	Absolute (nT)	Baseline (nT)	
16-Oct-17	289	21:07	17.6800	19.8283	21:20	80.9882	5.6	57433.6	8996.3	9004.9	56724.6	56864.1	TT
16-Oct-17	289	21:30	17.7254	19.8283	21:41	80.9783	5.6	57438.5	9006.9	9004.5	56728.0	56864.3	TT
16-Oct-17	289	21:53	17.6415	19.8283	22:06	80.9992	5.6	57448.3	8987.7	9004.9	56740.9	56864.2	KF
16-Oct-17	289	22:18	17.6790	999.9999	22:30	81.0351	5.6	57456.9	8953.4	99999.9	56755.0	99999.9	KF
17-Oct-17	290	20:53	17.6271	19.8467	21:01	80.9842	5.6	57415.8	8997.4	9003.7	56706.4	56864.3	TT
17-Oct-17	290	21:09	17.6976	19.8467	21:17	80.9863	5.6	57427.7	8997.3	9005.7	56718.5	56863.8	TT
19-Oct-17	292	22:13	17.6386	19.8683	22:20	80.9872	5.6	57418.0	8994.8	9002.2	56709.1	56864.3	TT
19-Oct-17	292	22:27	17.5716	19.8567	22:33	80.9609	5.6	57436.8	9023.8	9004.5	56723.5	56863.9	TT

Jim Carrigan Obs 2017

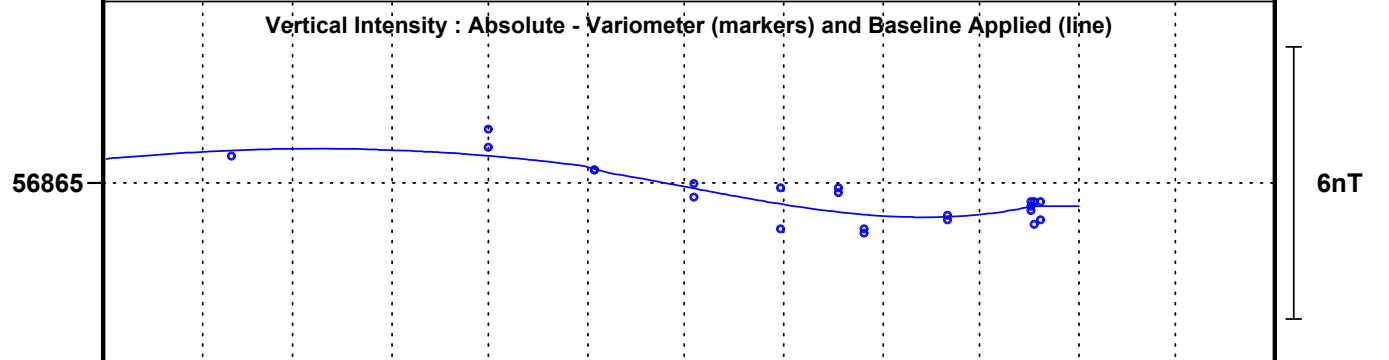
Declination : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



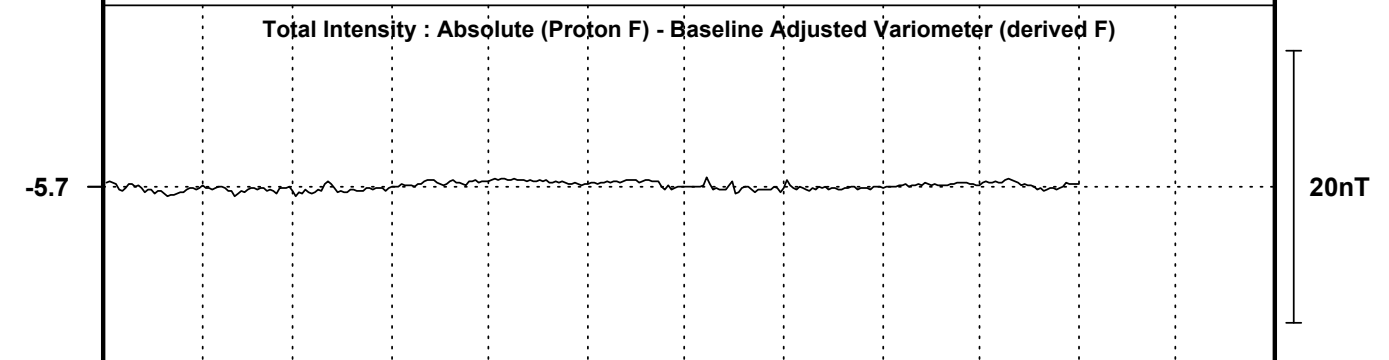
Horizontal Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



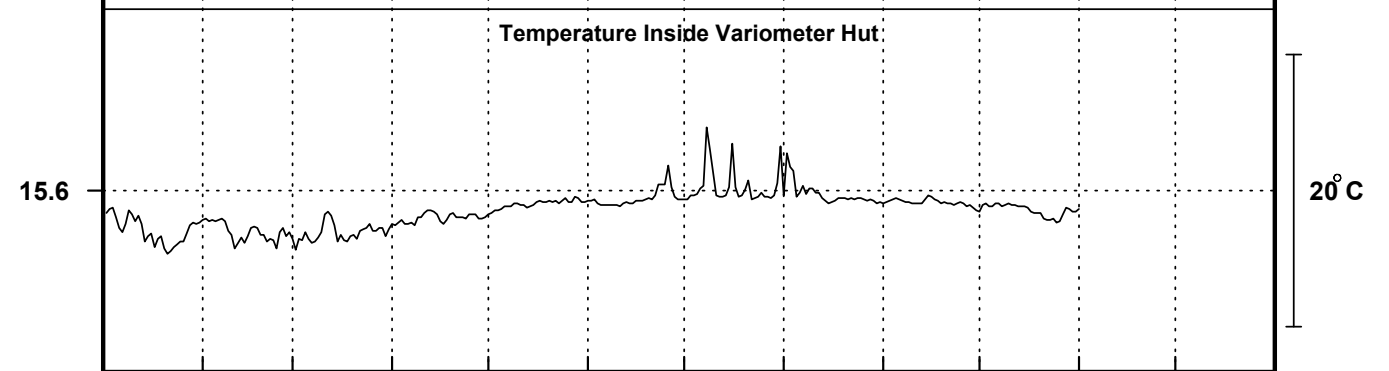
Vertical Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



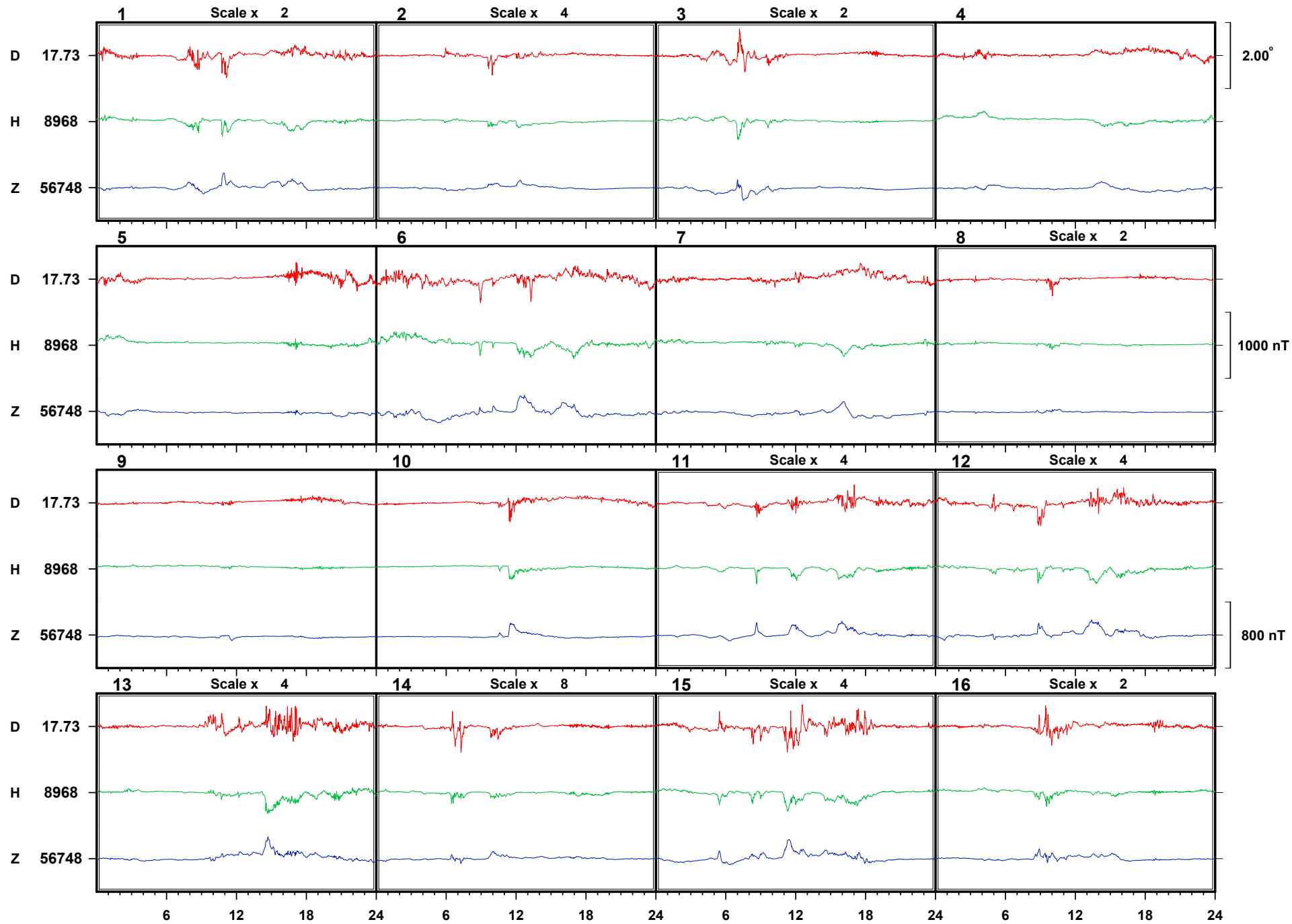
Total Intensity : Absolute (Proton F) - Baseline Adjusted Variometer (derived F)

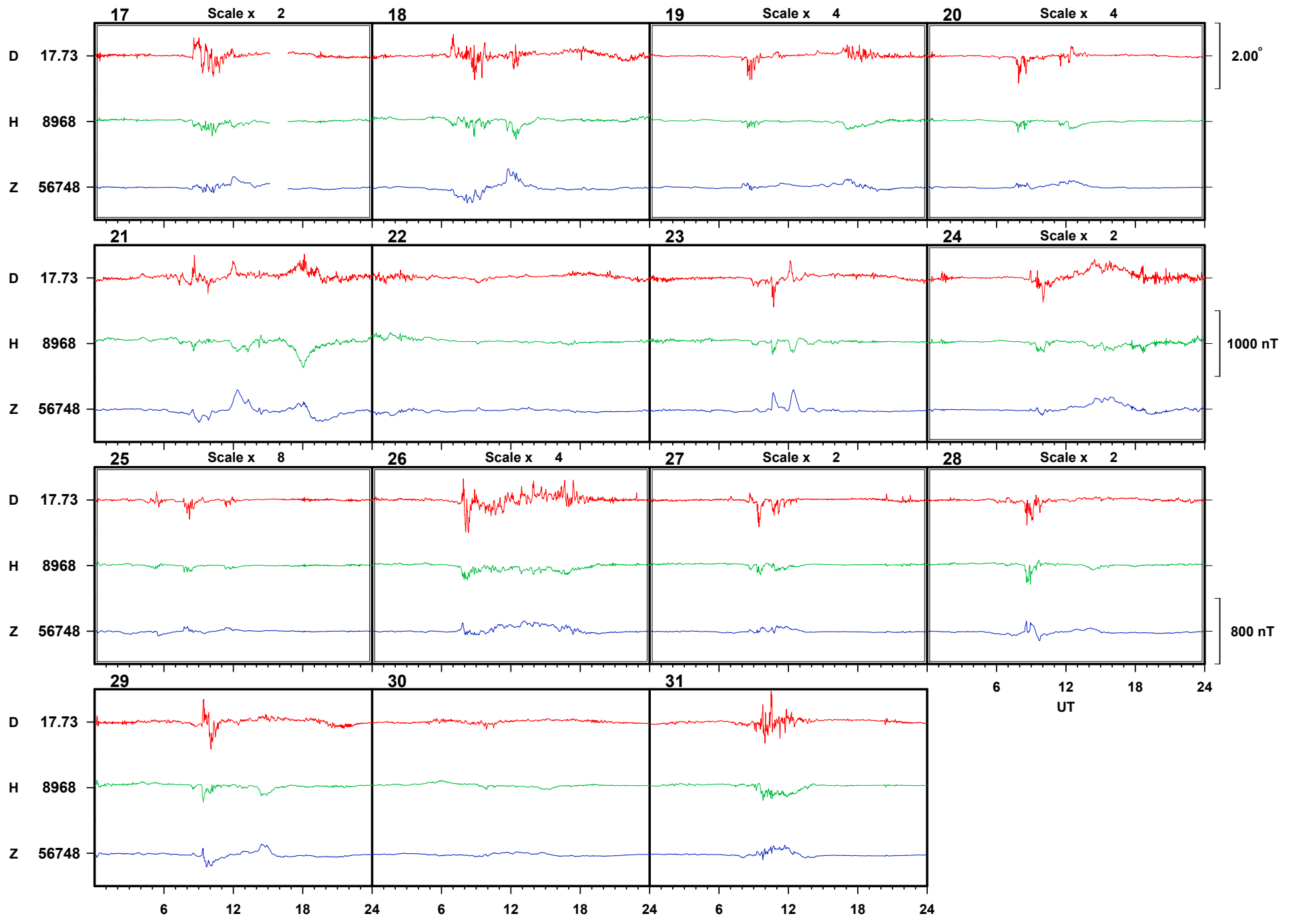


Temperature Inside Variometer Hut



Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec





Jim Carrigan

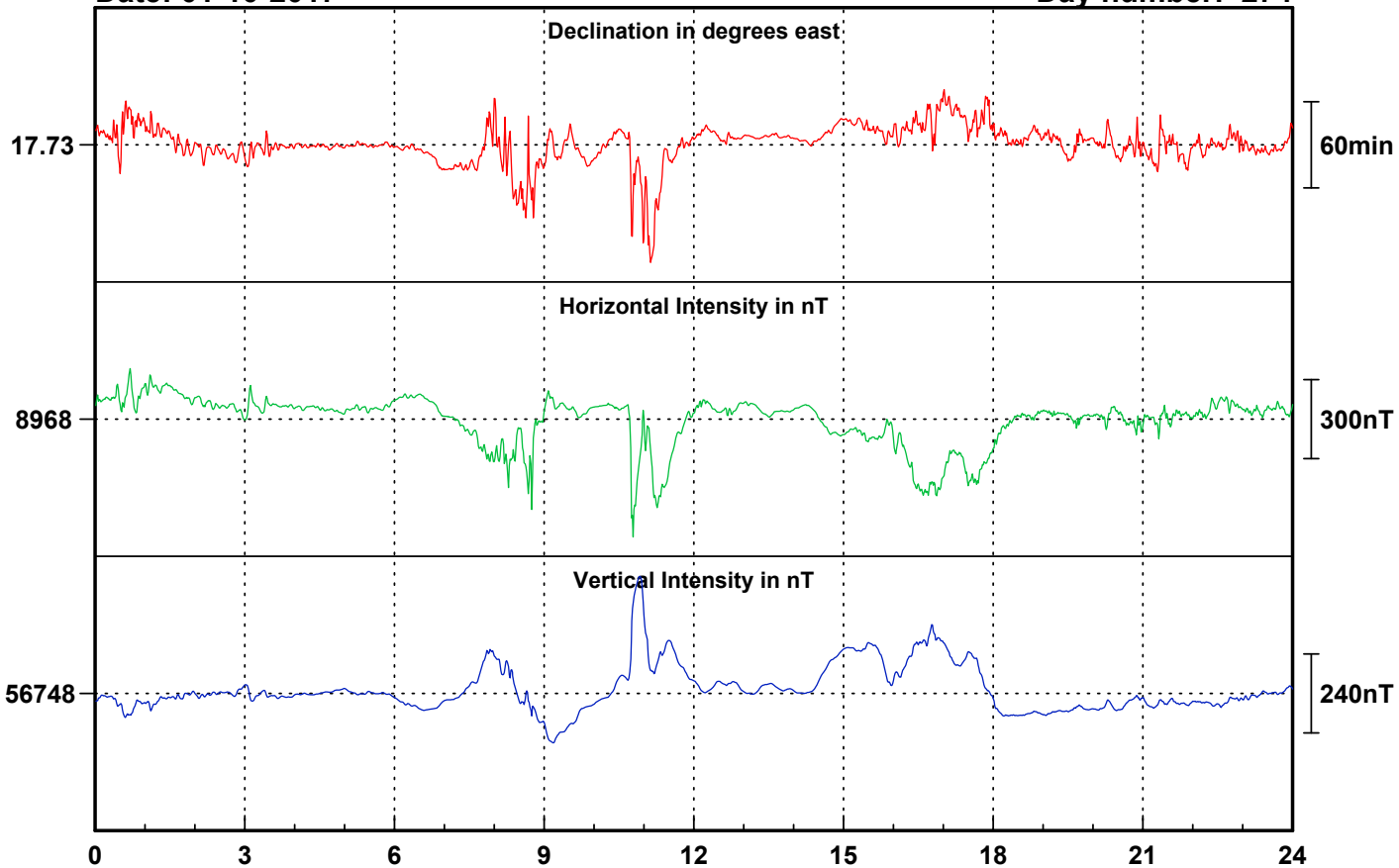
October

2017

Date: 01-10-2017

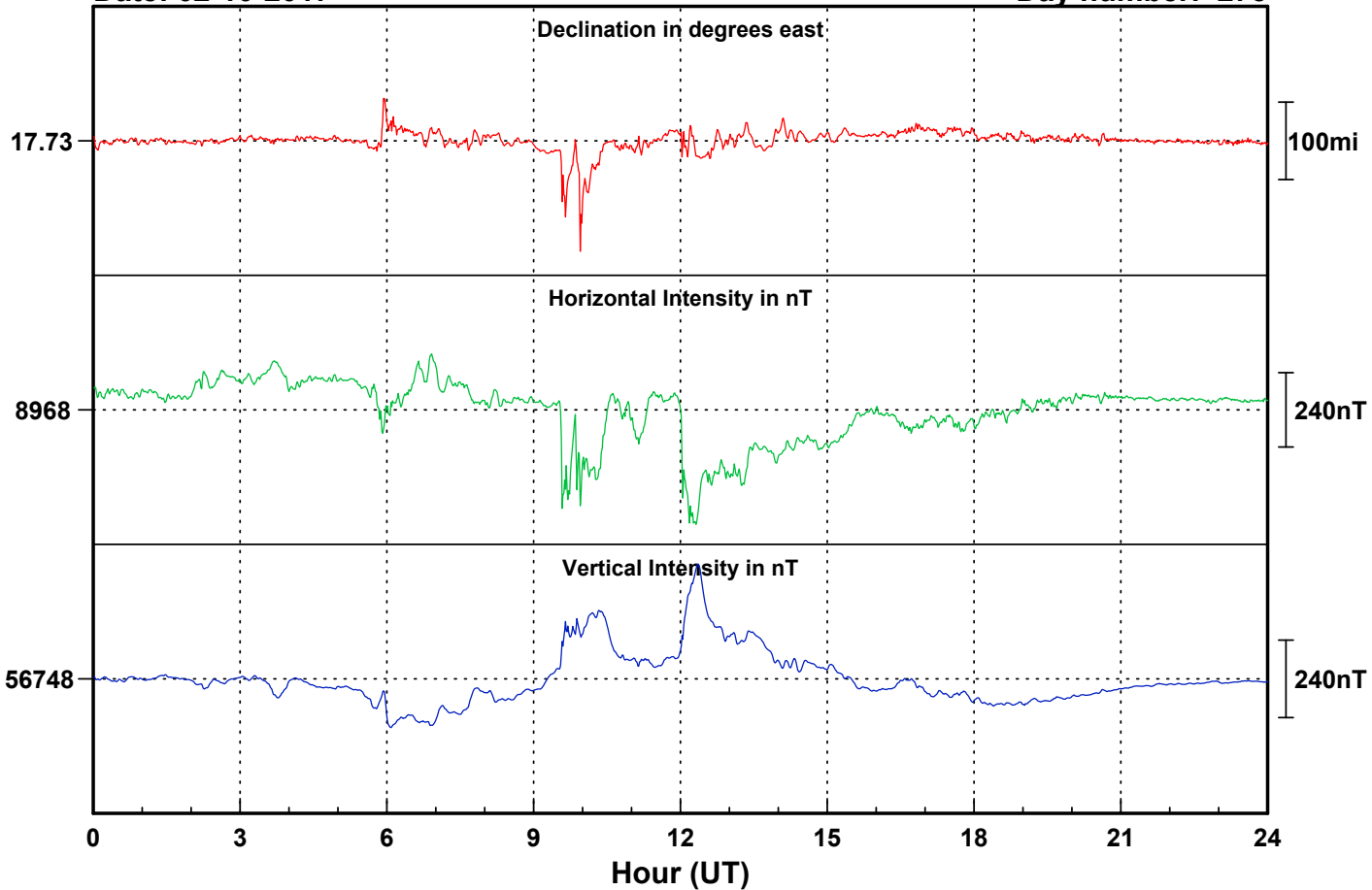
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 274



Date: 02-10-2017

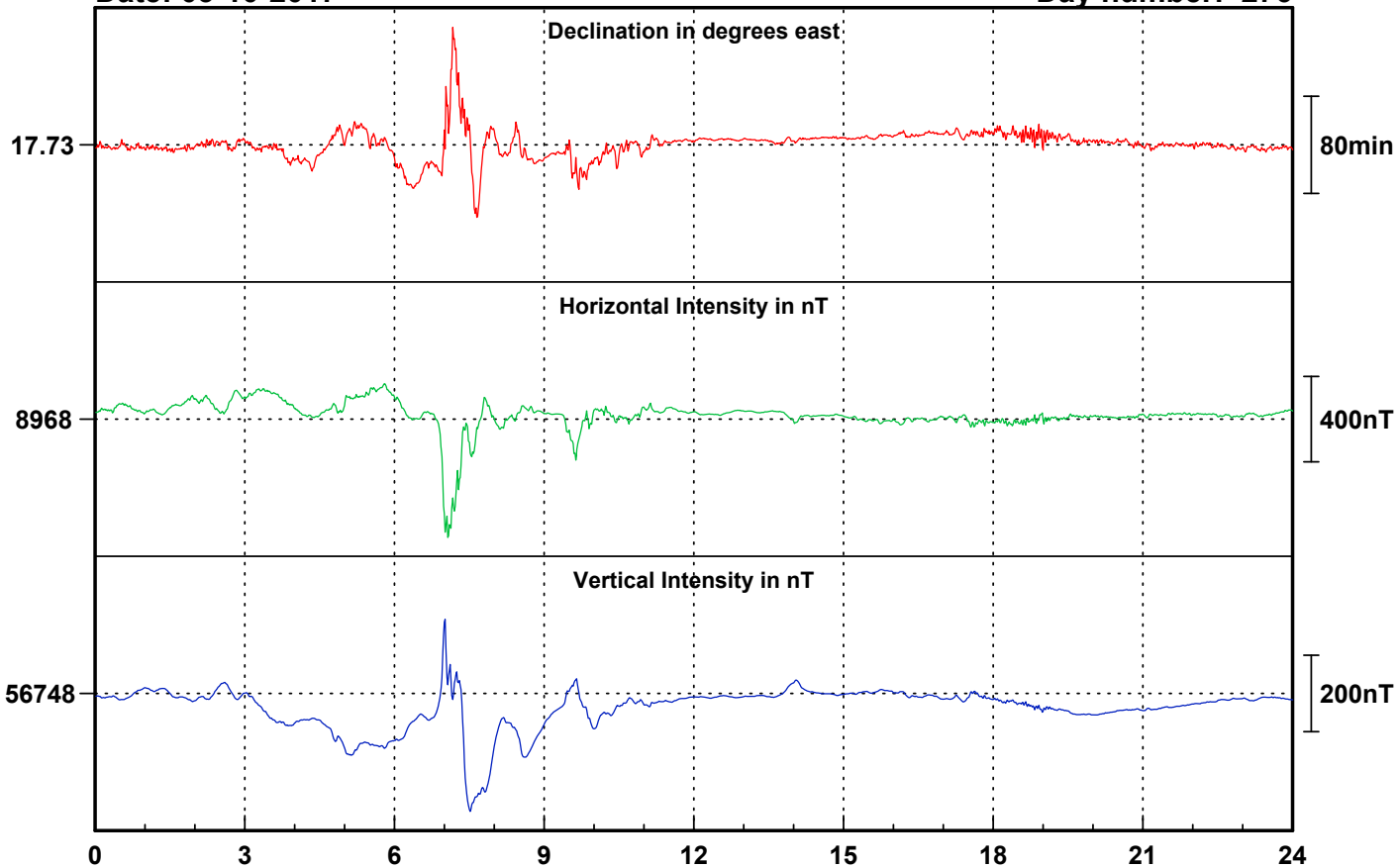
Day number: 275



Date: 03-10-2017

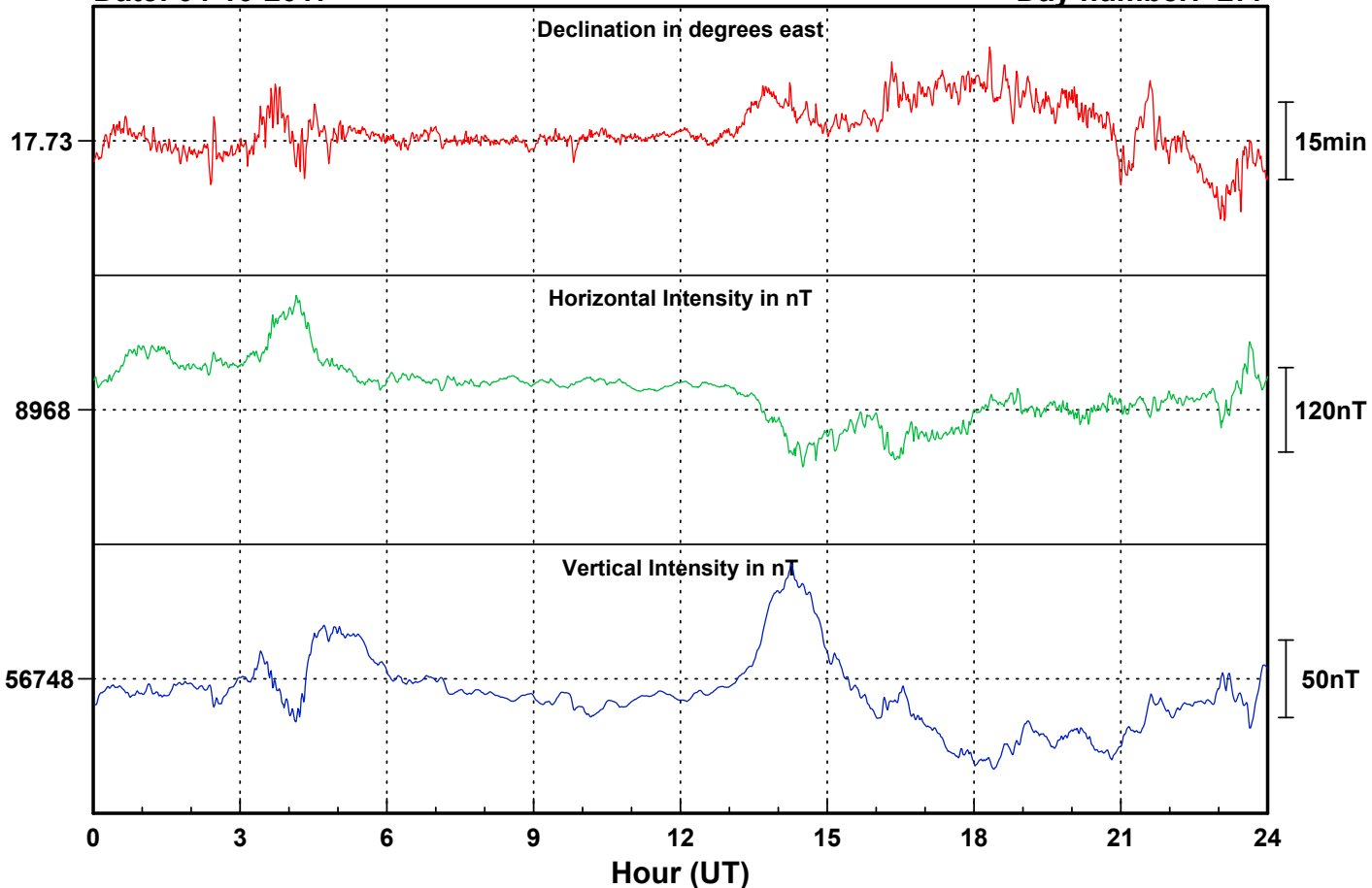
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 276



Date: 04-10-2017

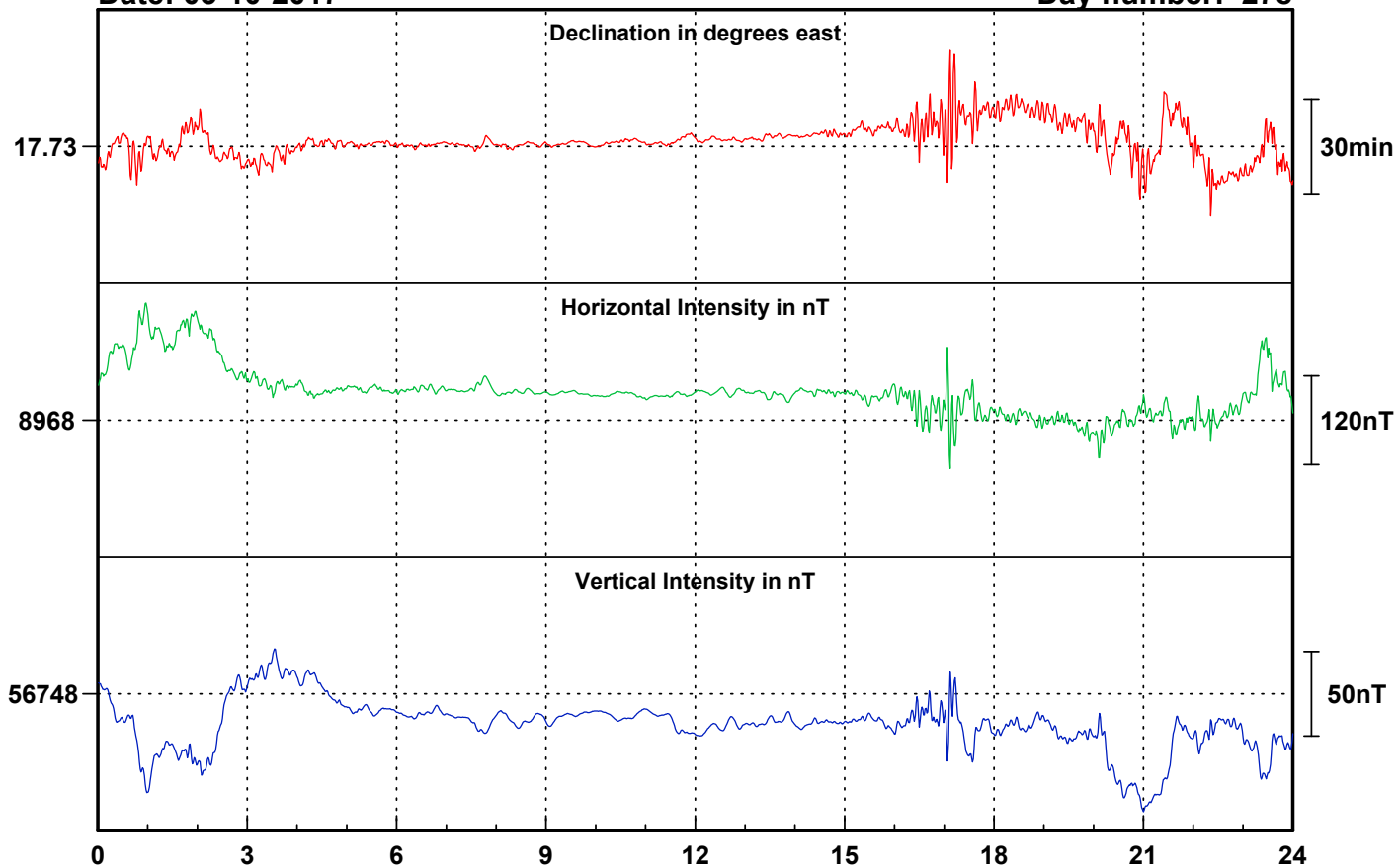
Day number: 277



Date: 05-10-2017

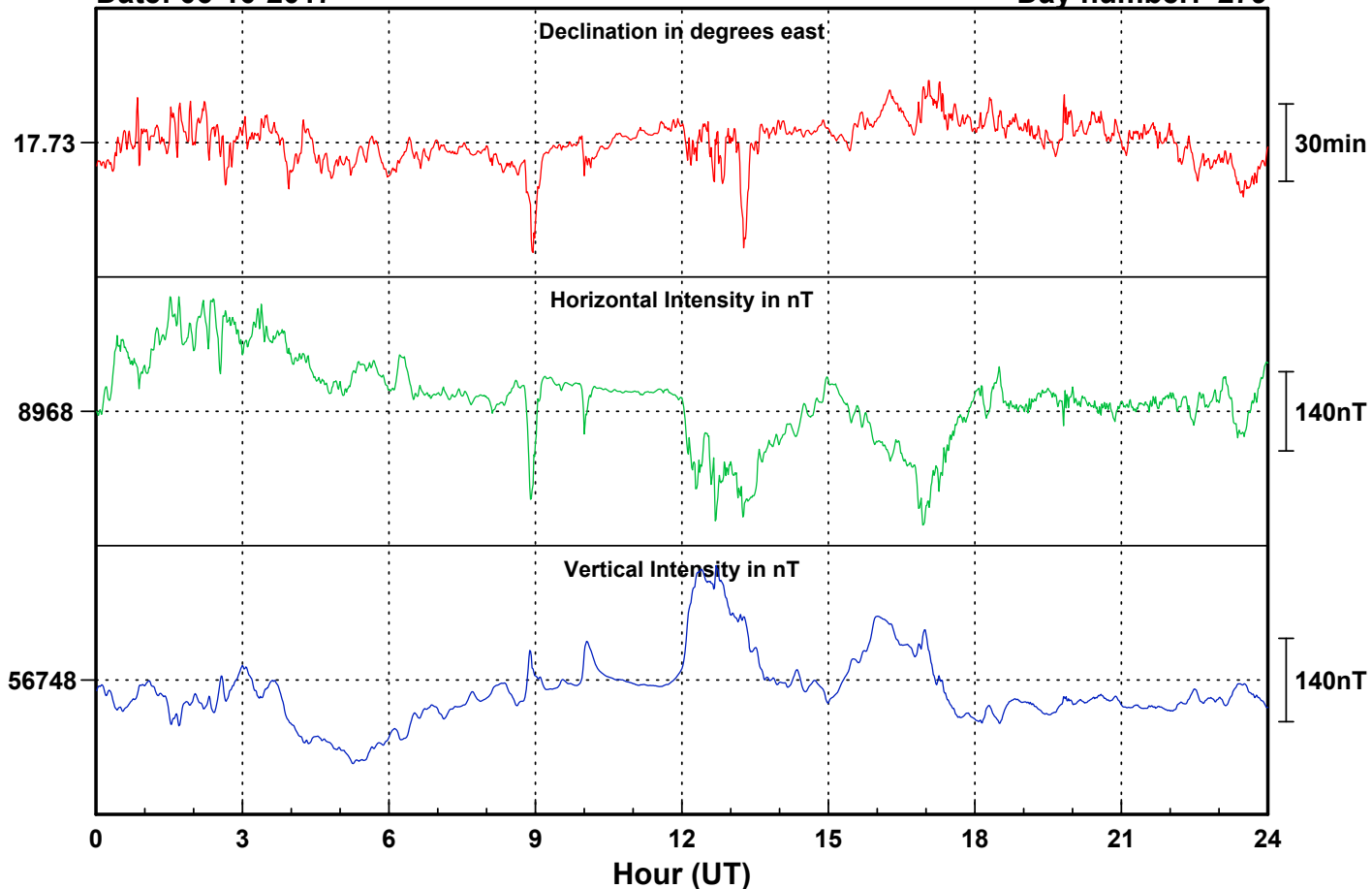
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 278



Date: 06-10-2017

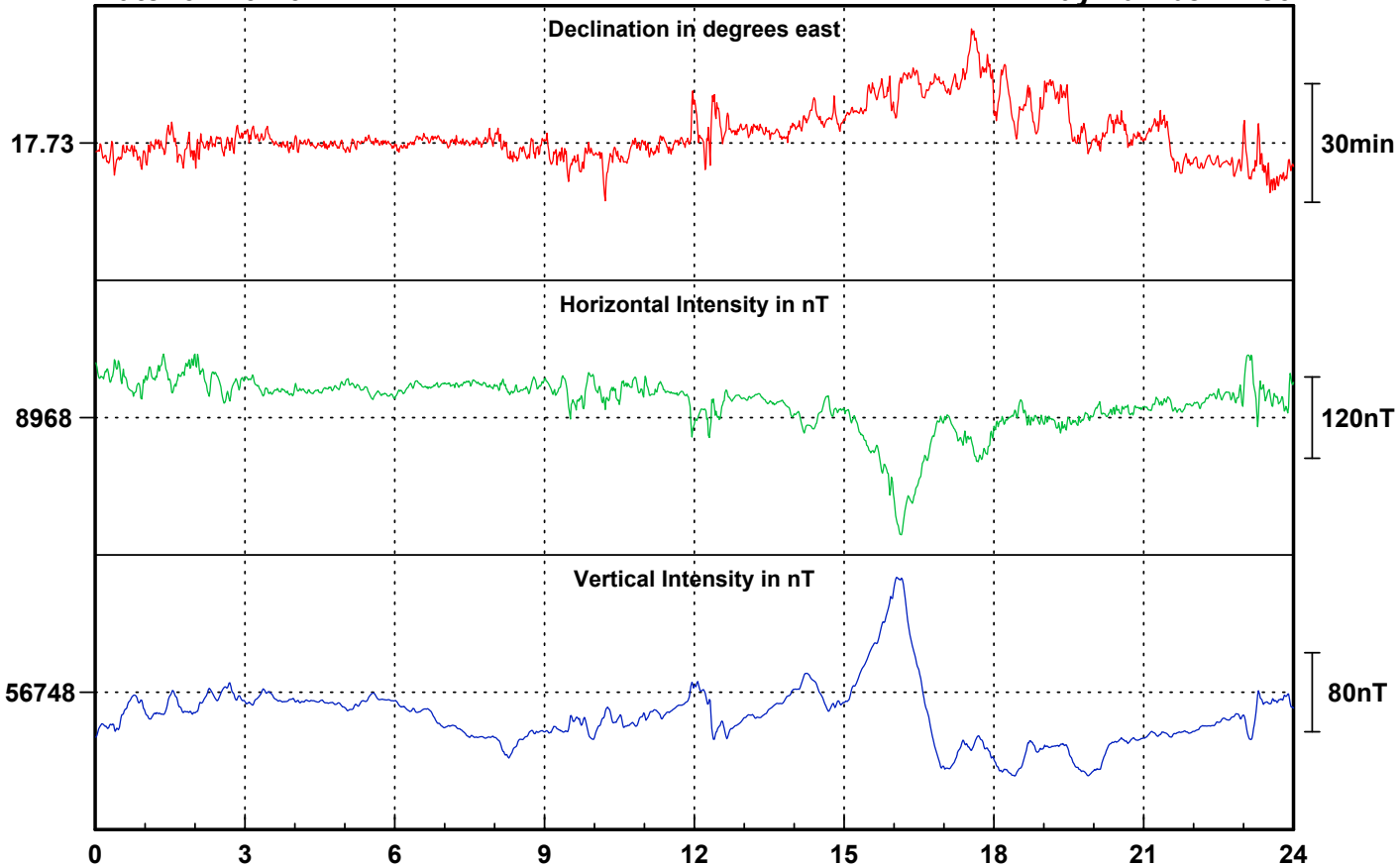
Day number: 279



Date: 07-10-2017

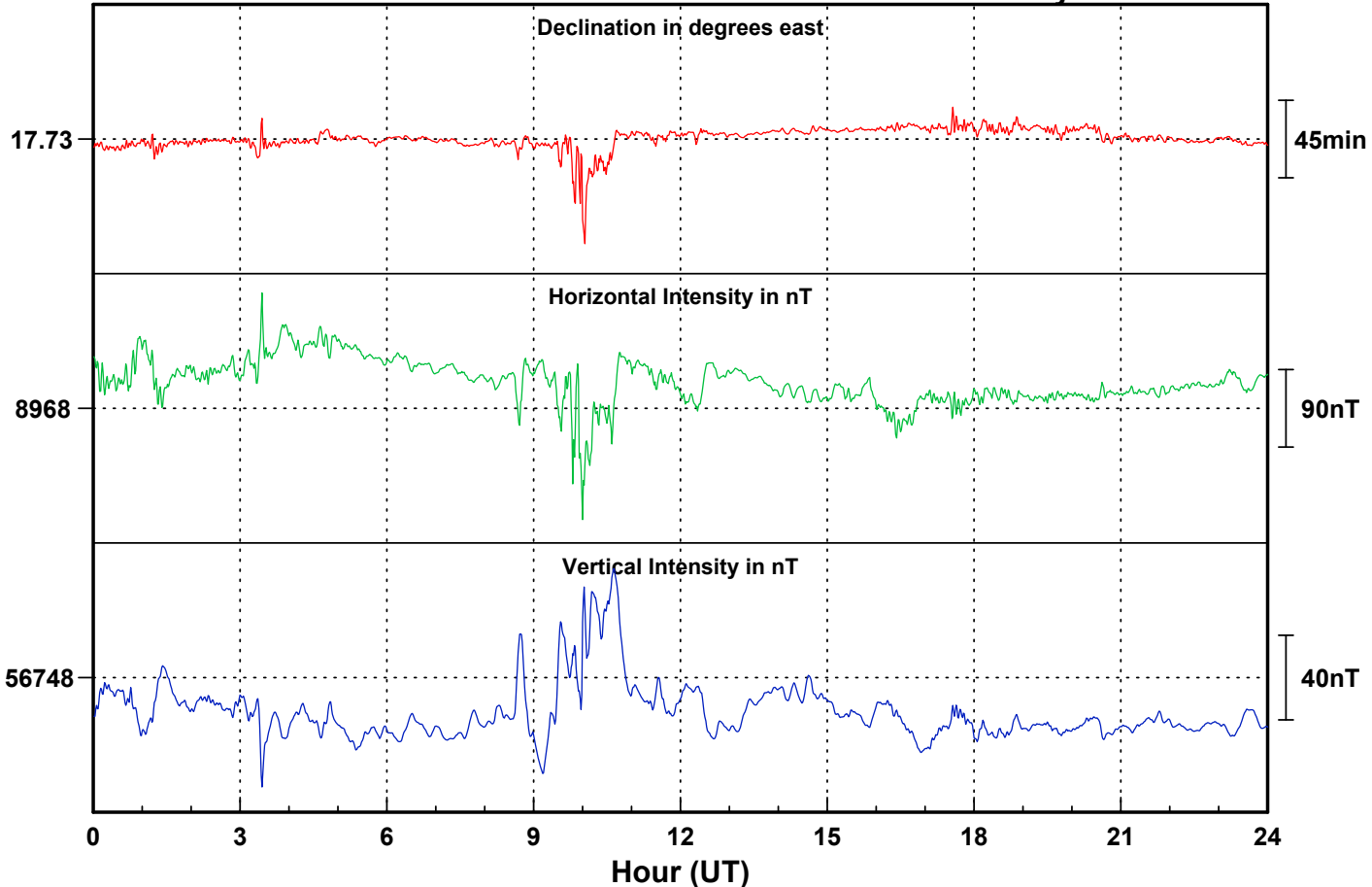
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 280



Date: 08-10-2017

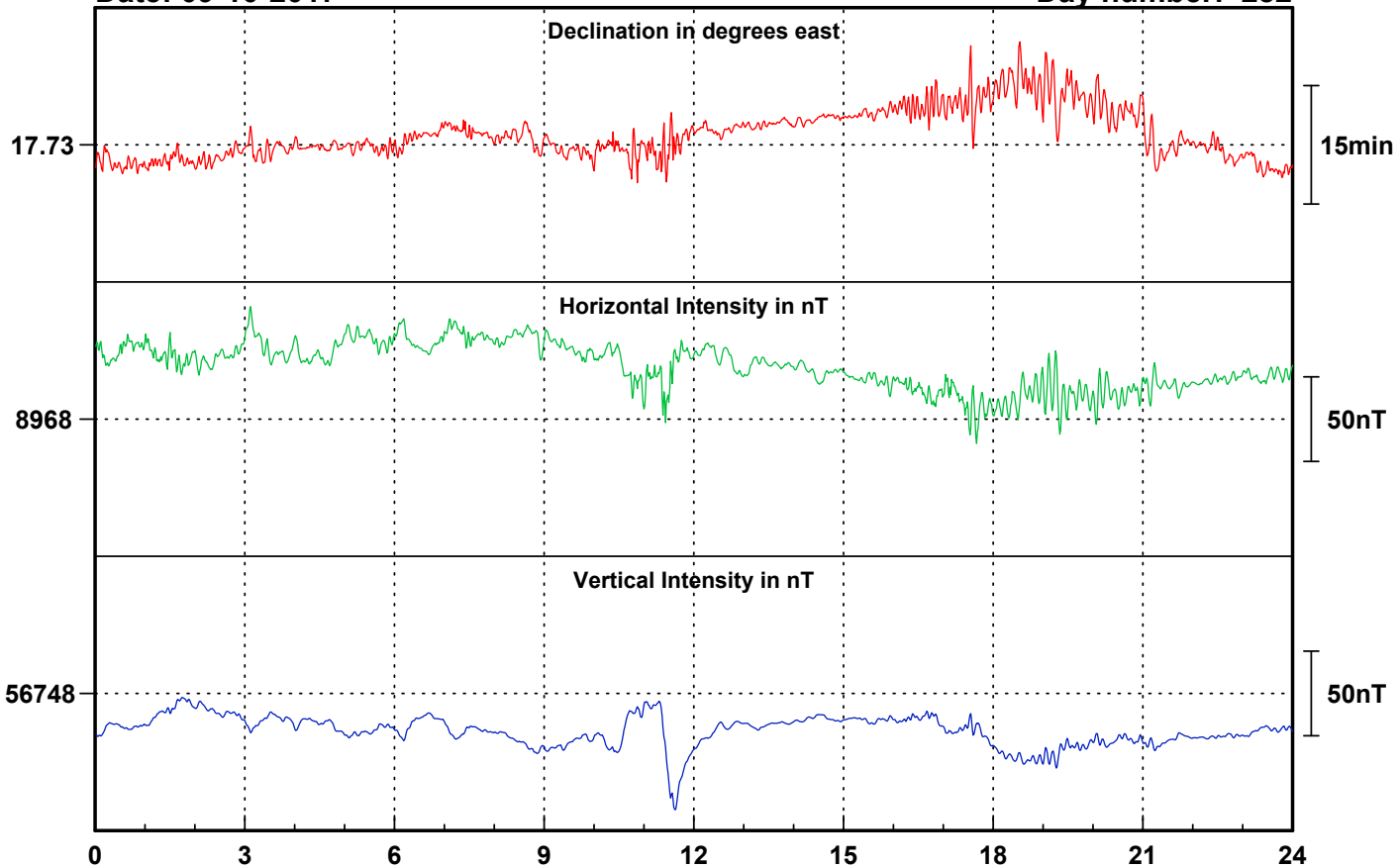
Day number: 281



Date: 09-10-2017

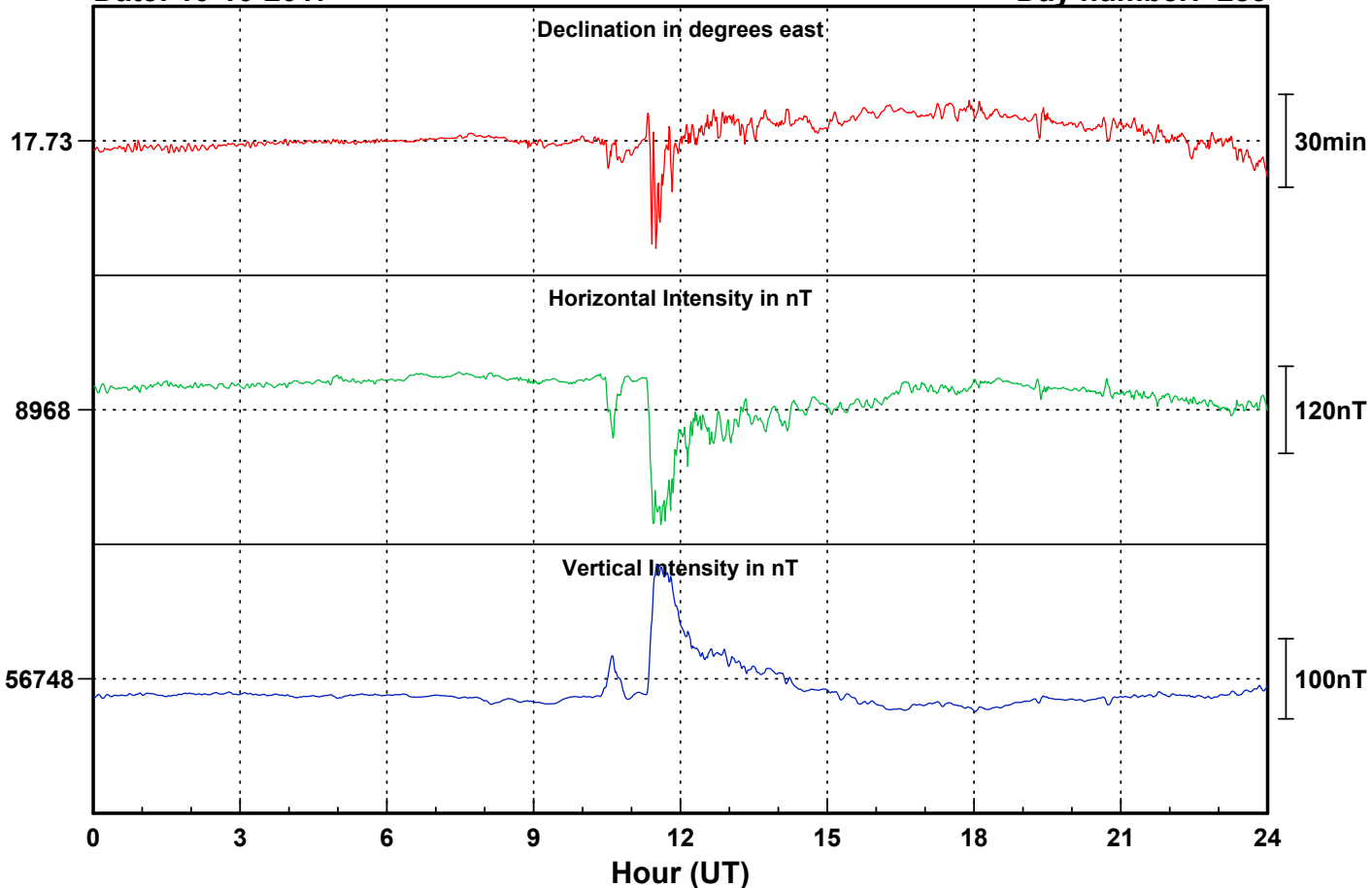
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 282



Date: 10-10-2017

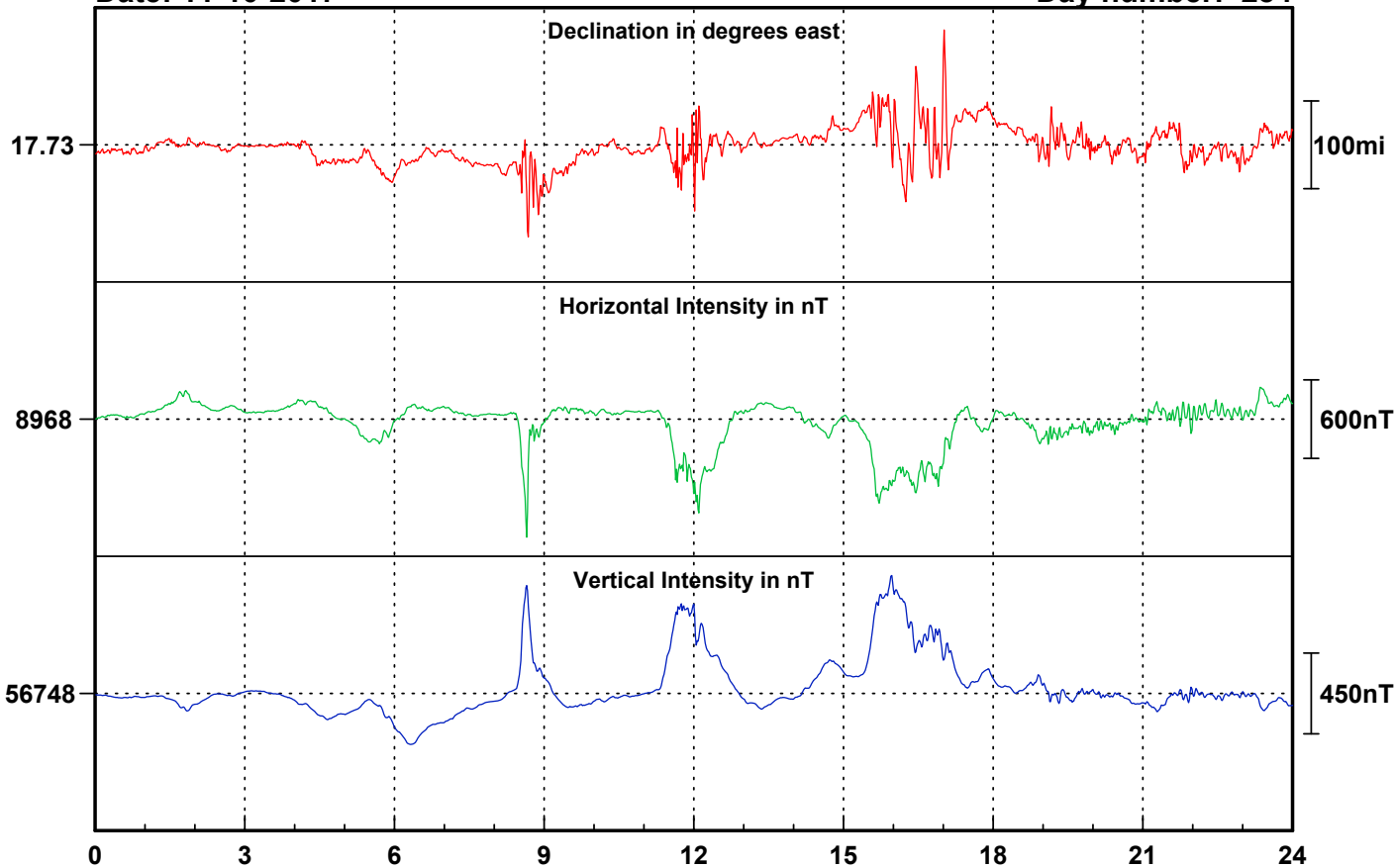
Day number: 283



Date: 11-10-2017

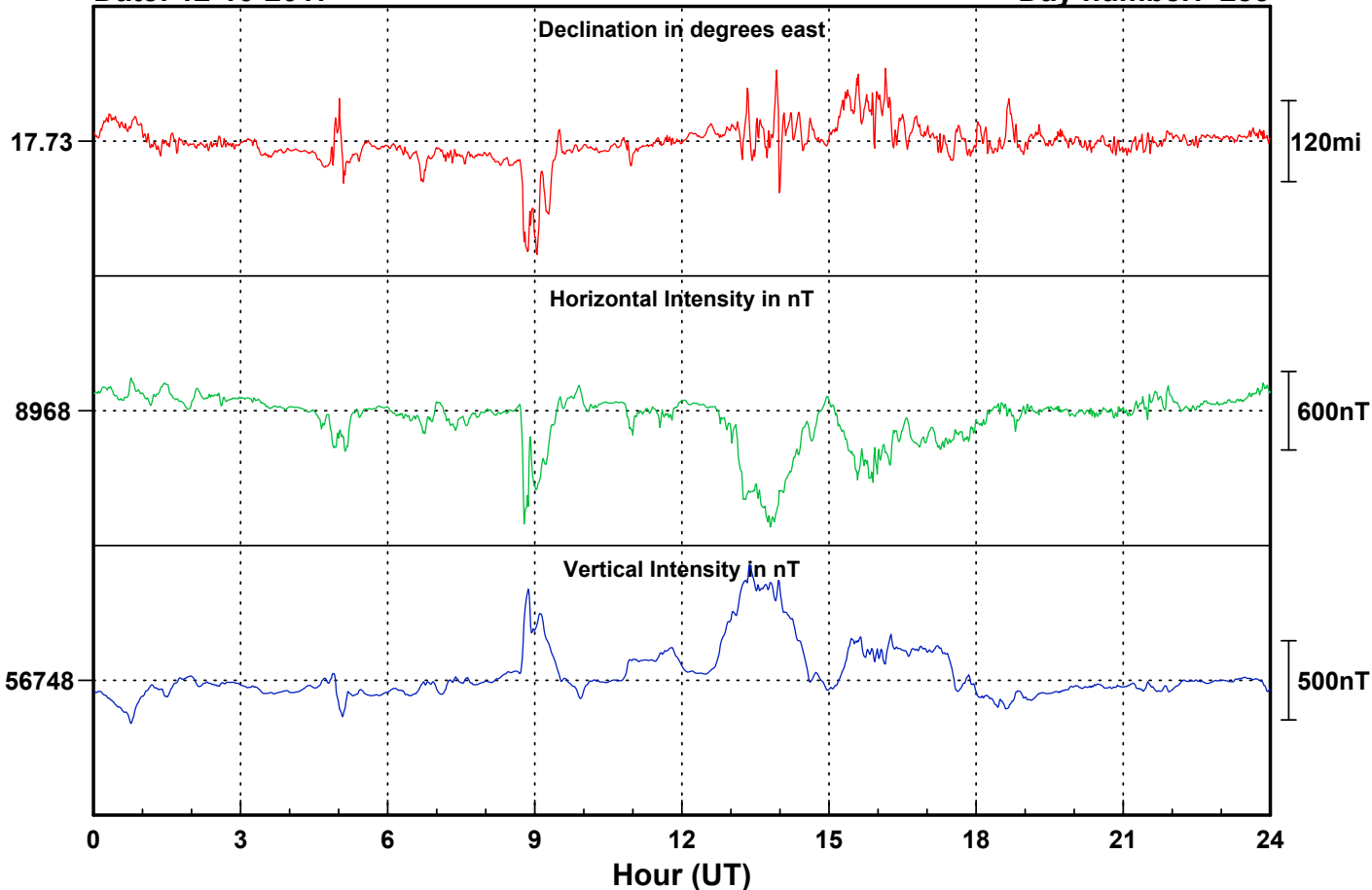
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 284



Date: 12-10-2017

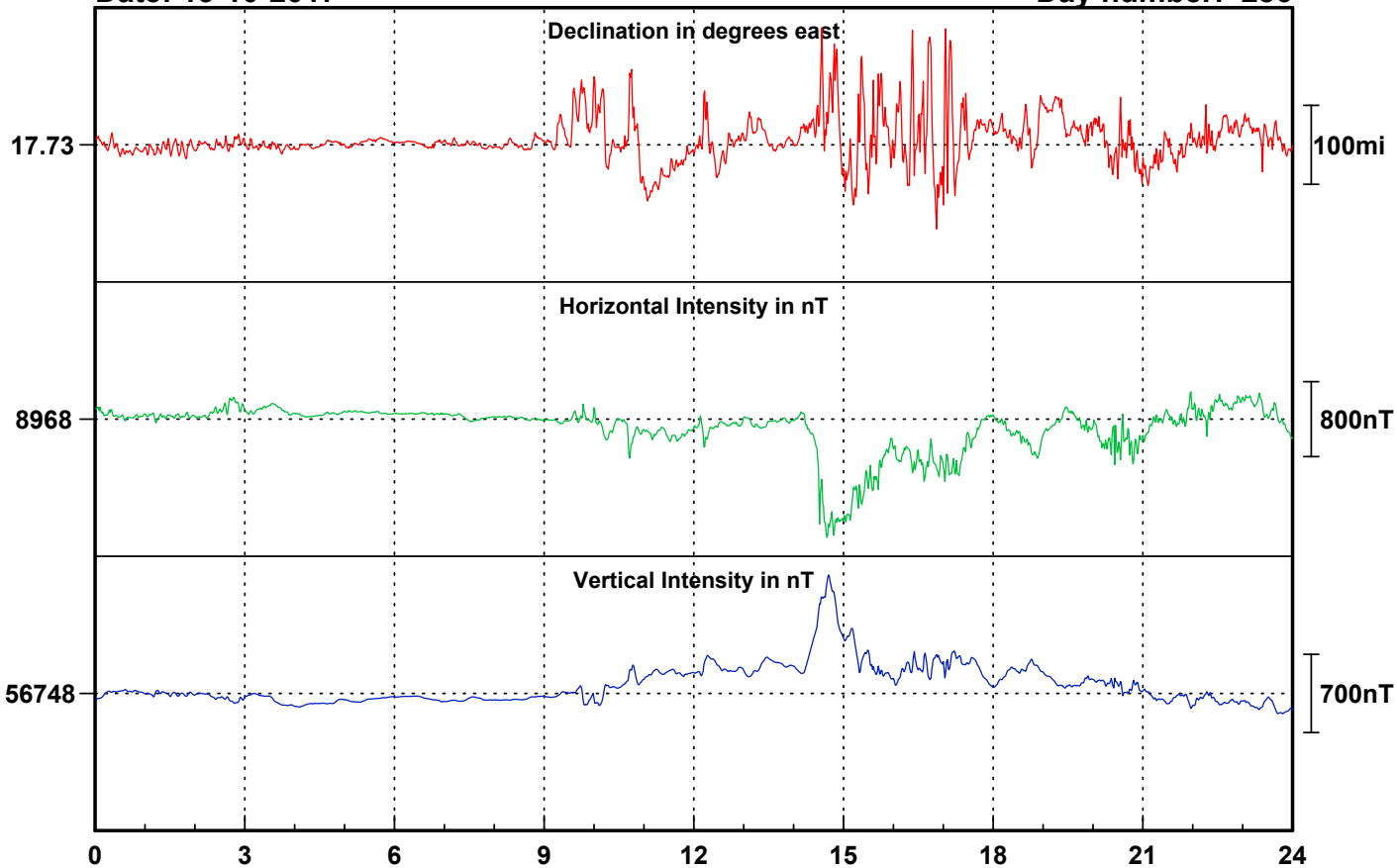
Day number: 285



Date: 13-10-2017

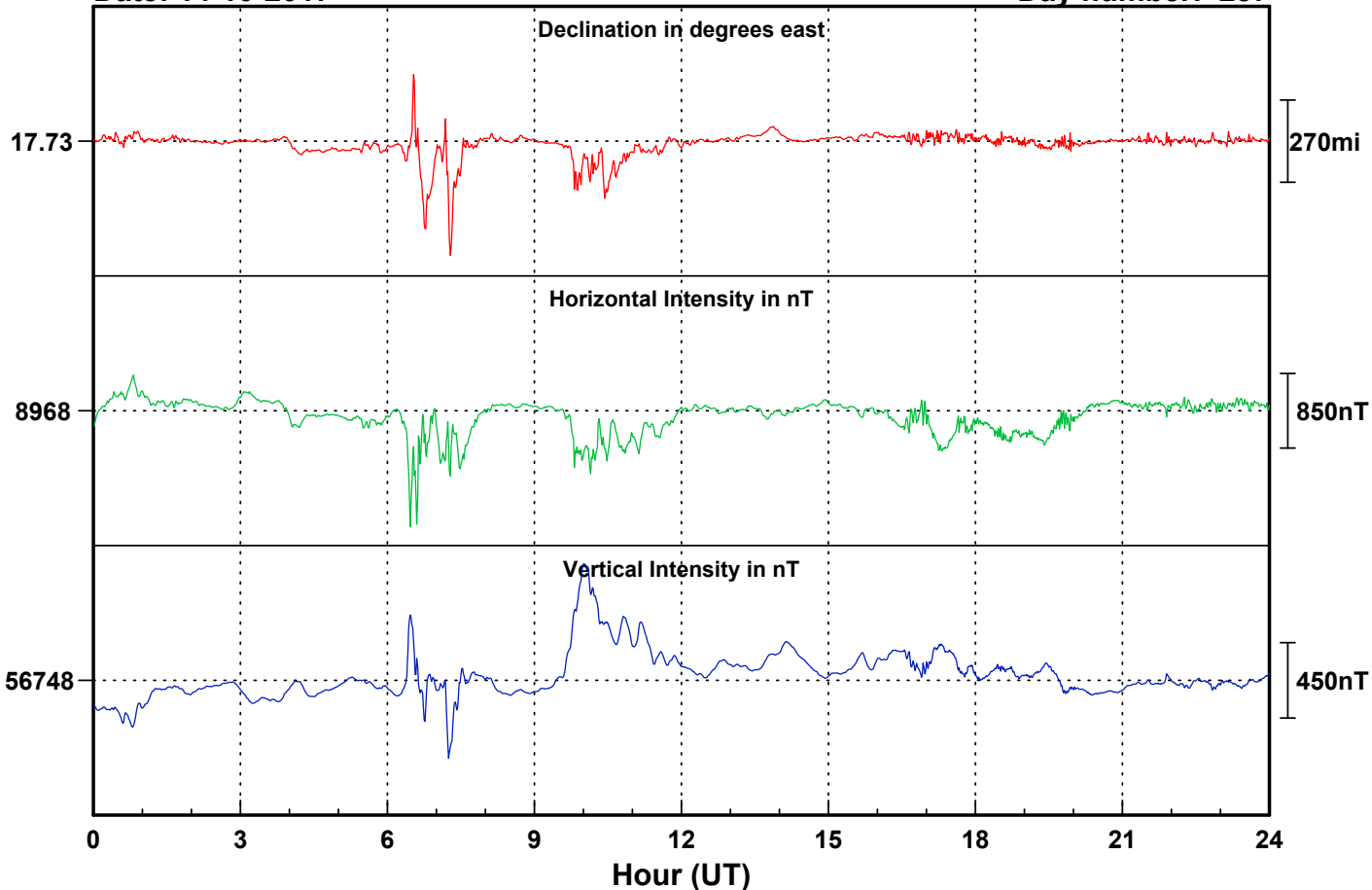
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 286



Date: 14-10-2017

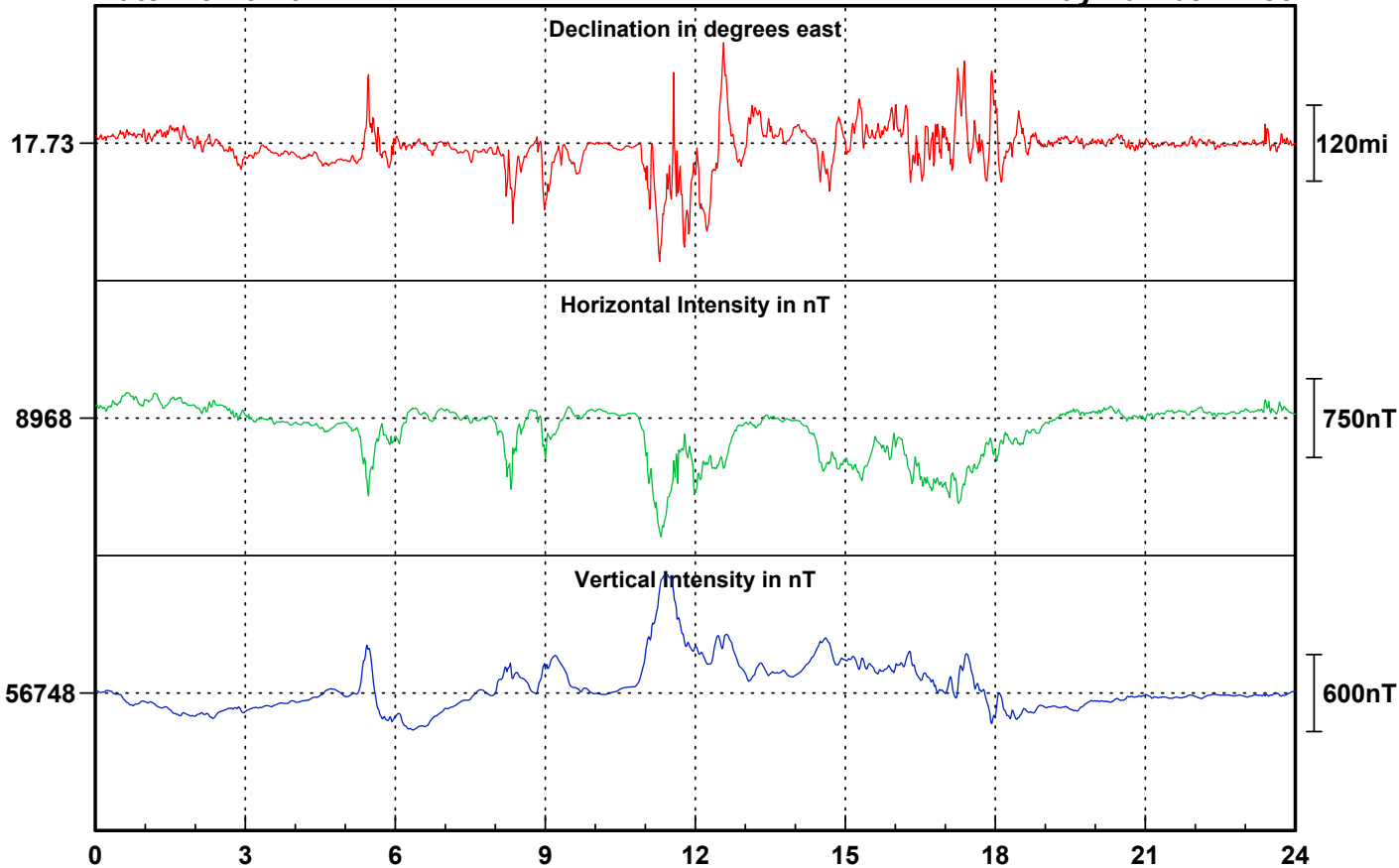
Day number: 287



Date: 15-10-2017

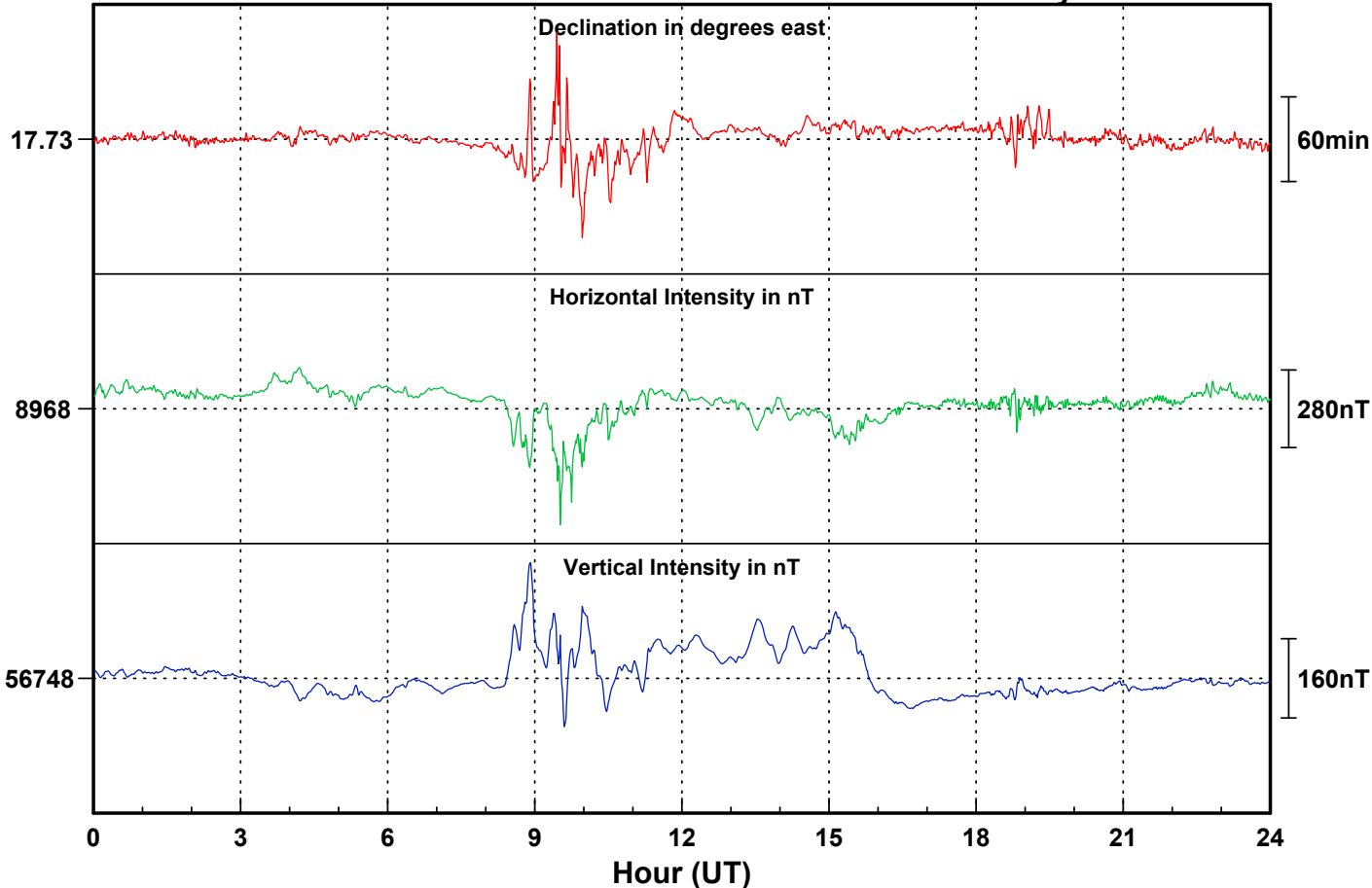
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 288



Date: 16-10-2017

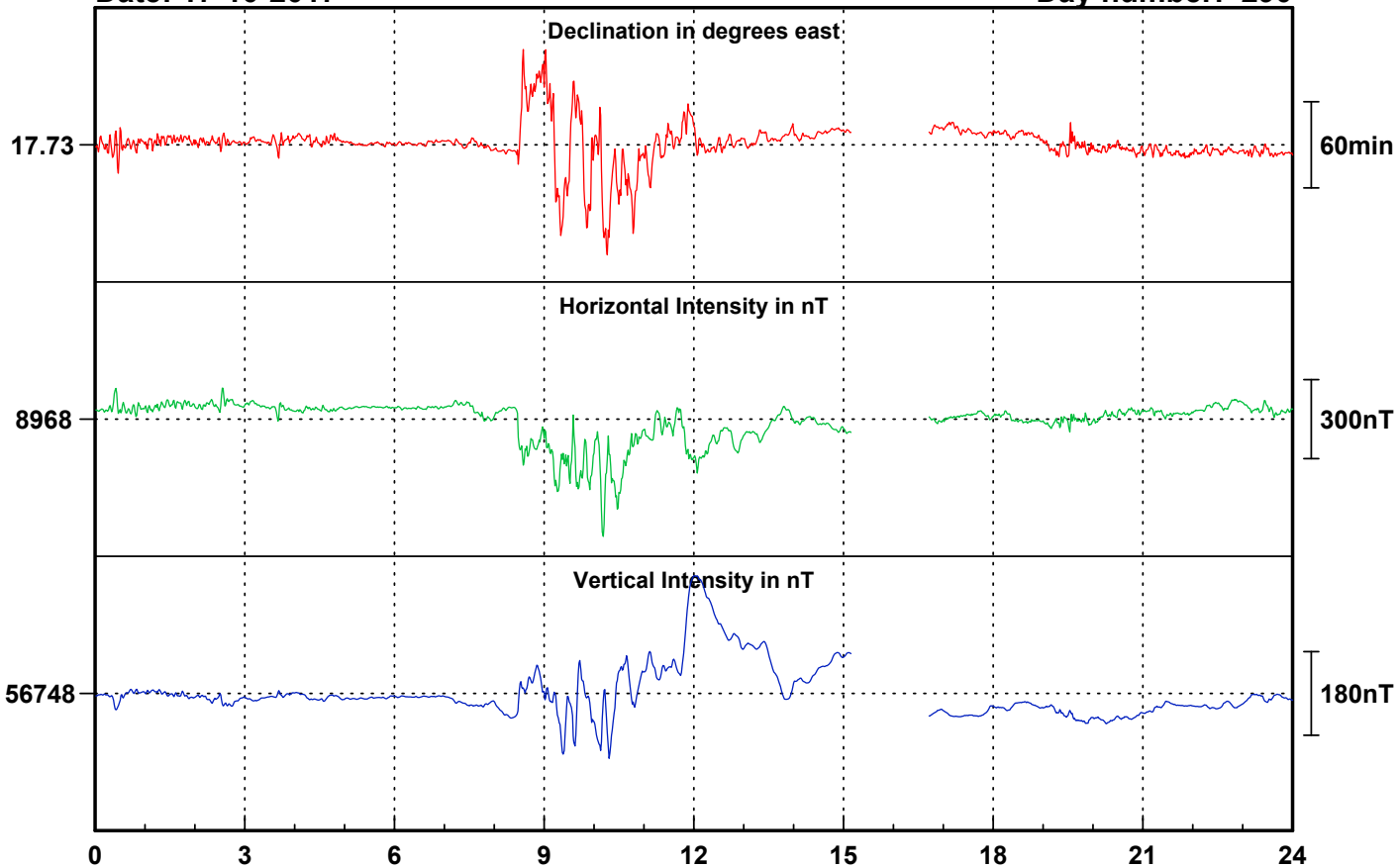
Day number: 289



Date: 17-10-2017

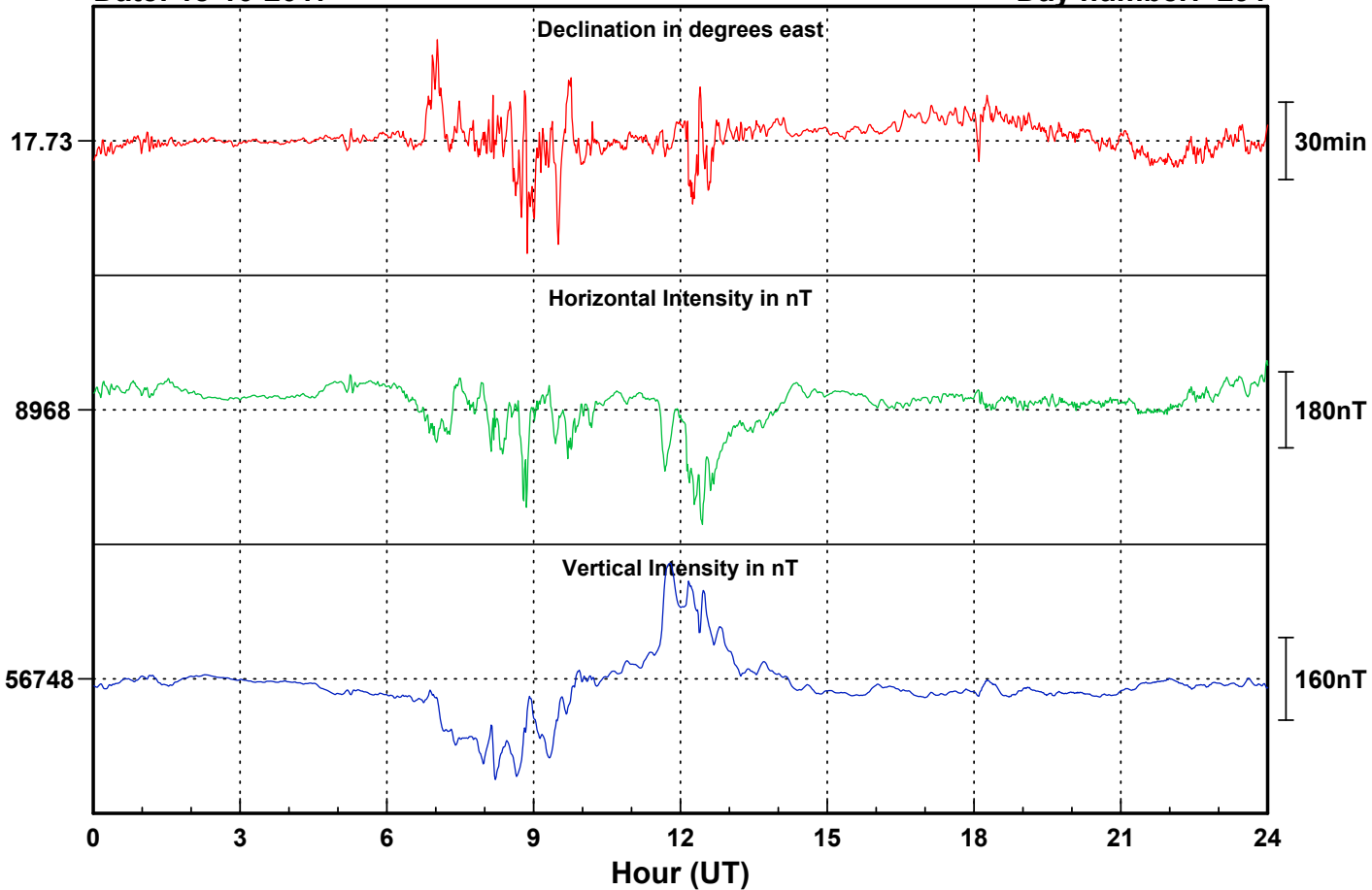
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 290



Date: 18-10-2017

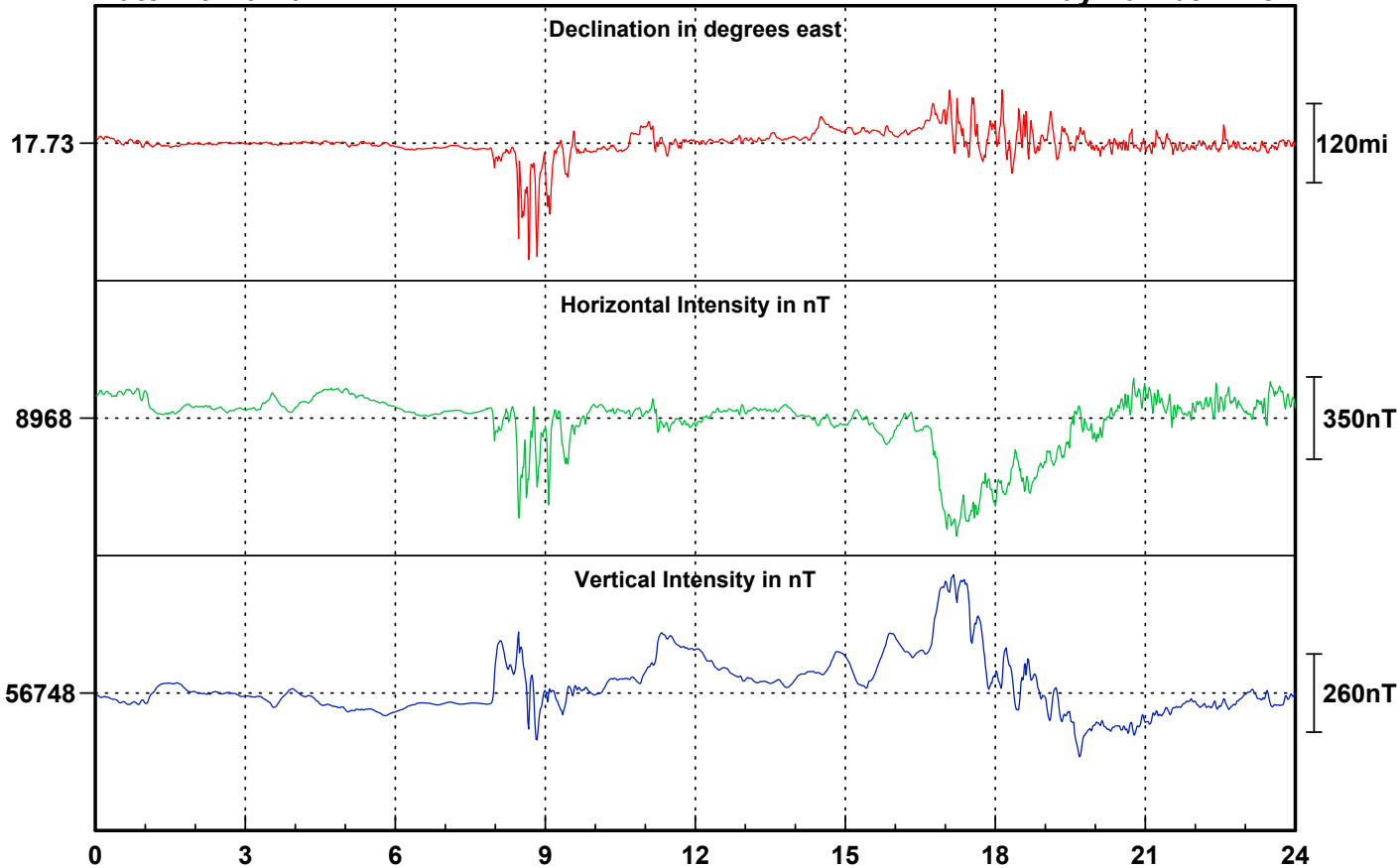
Day number: 291



Date: 19-10-2017

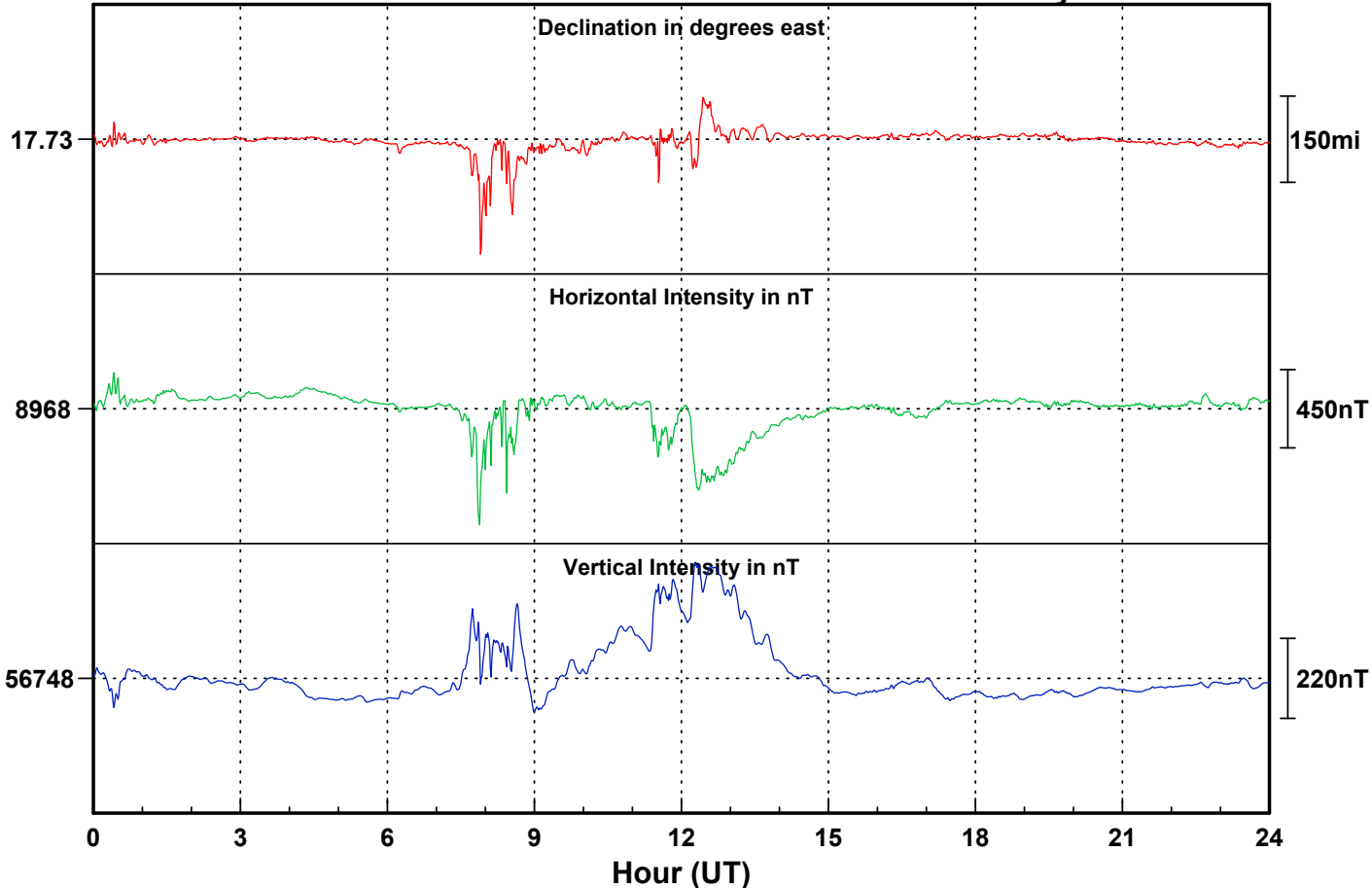
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 292



Date: 20-10-2017

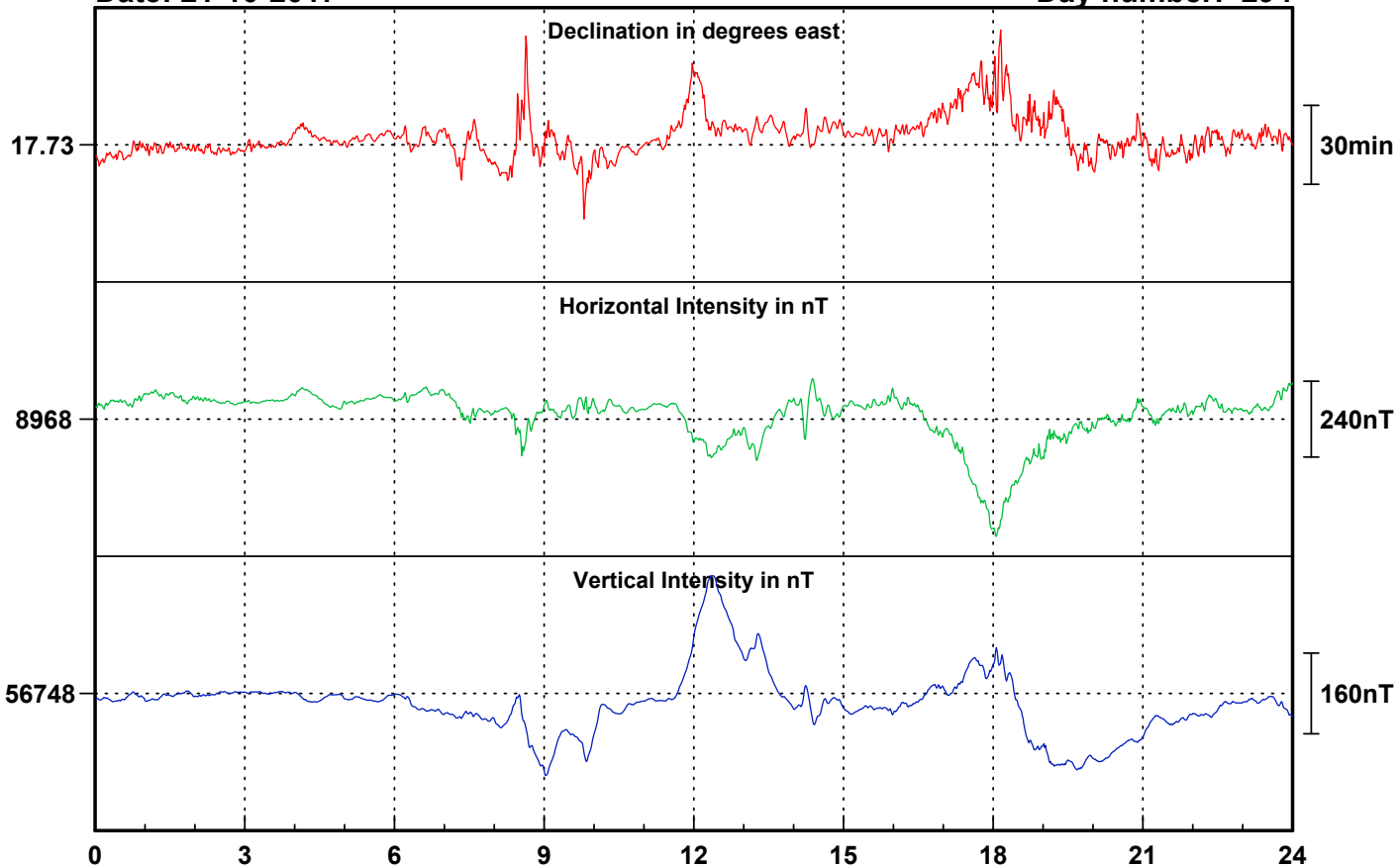
Day number: 293



Date: 21-10-2017

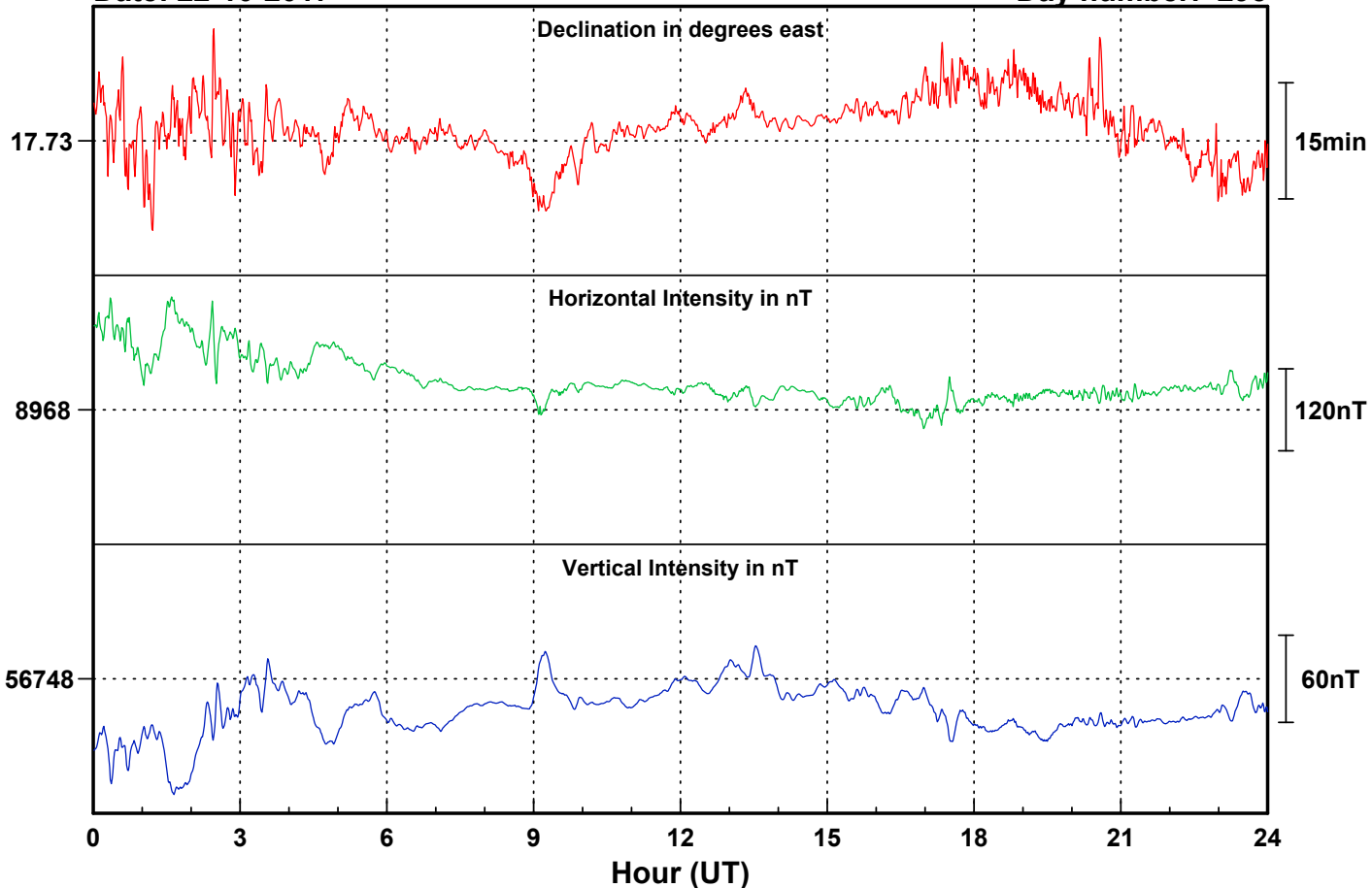
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 294



Date: 22-10-2017

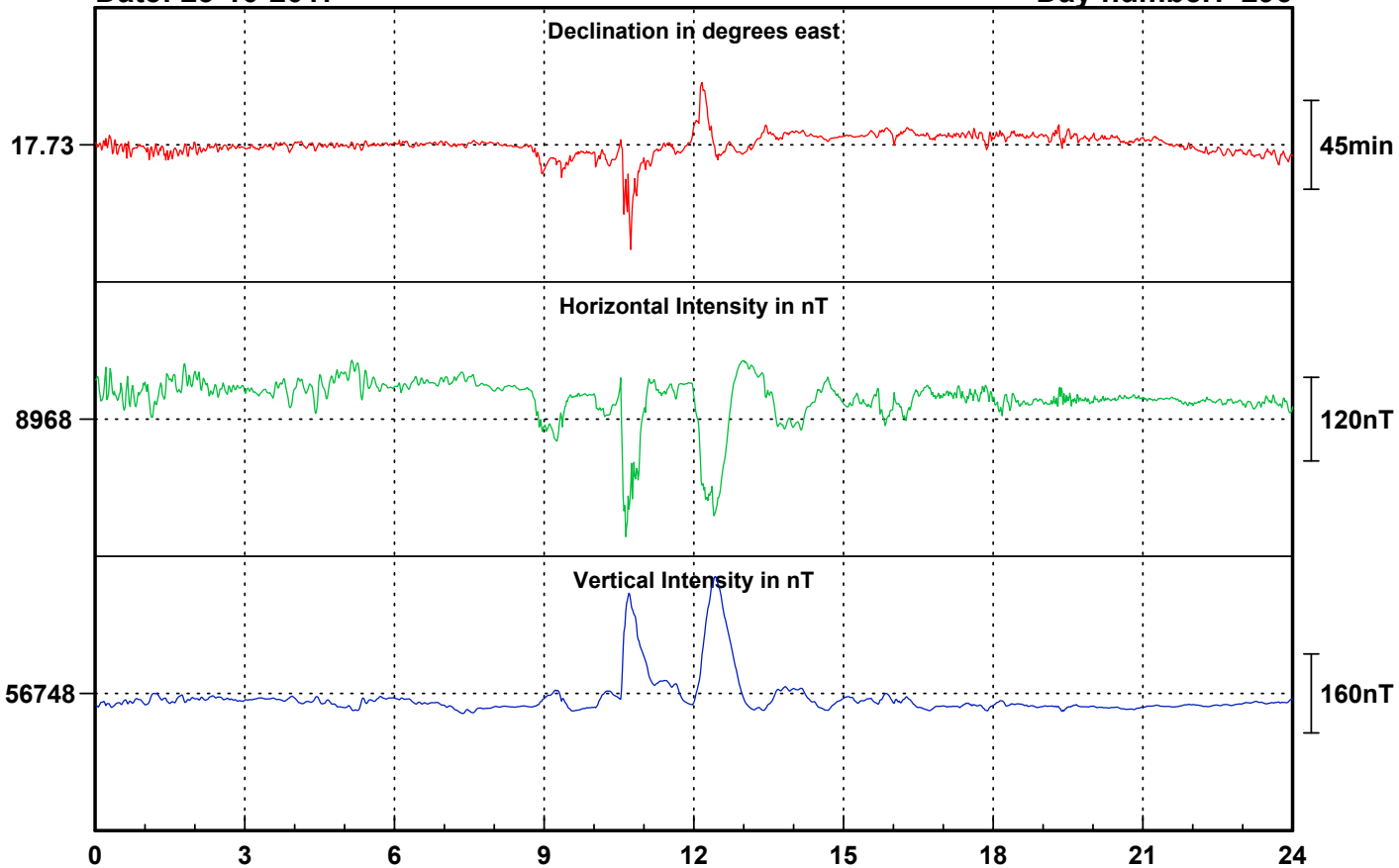
Day number: 295



Date: 23-10-2017

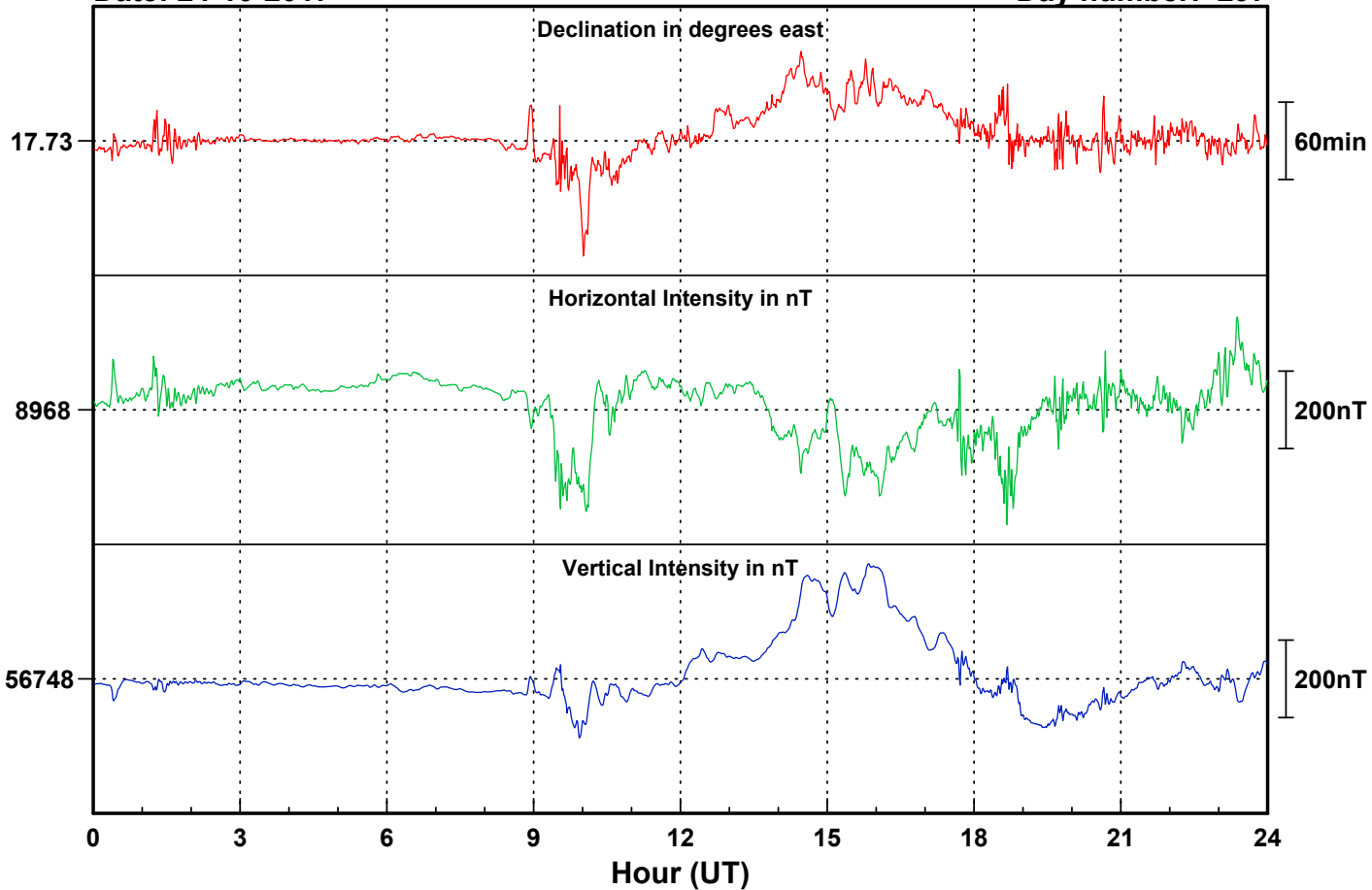
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 296



Date: 24-10-2017

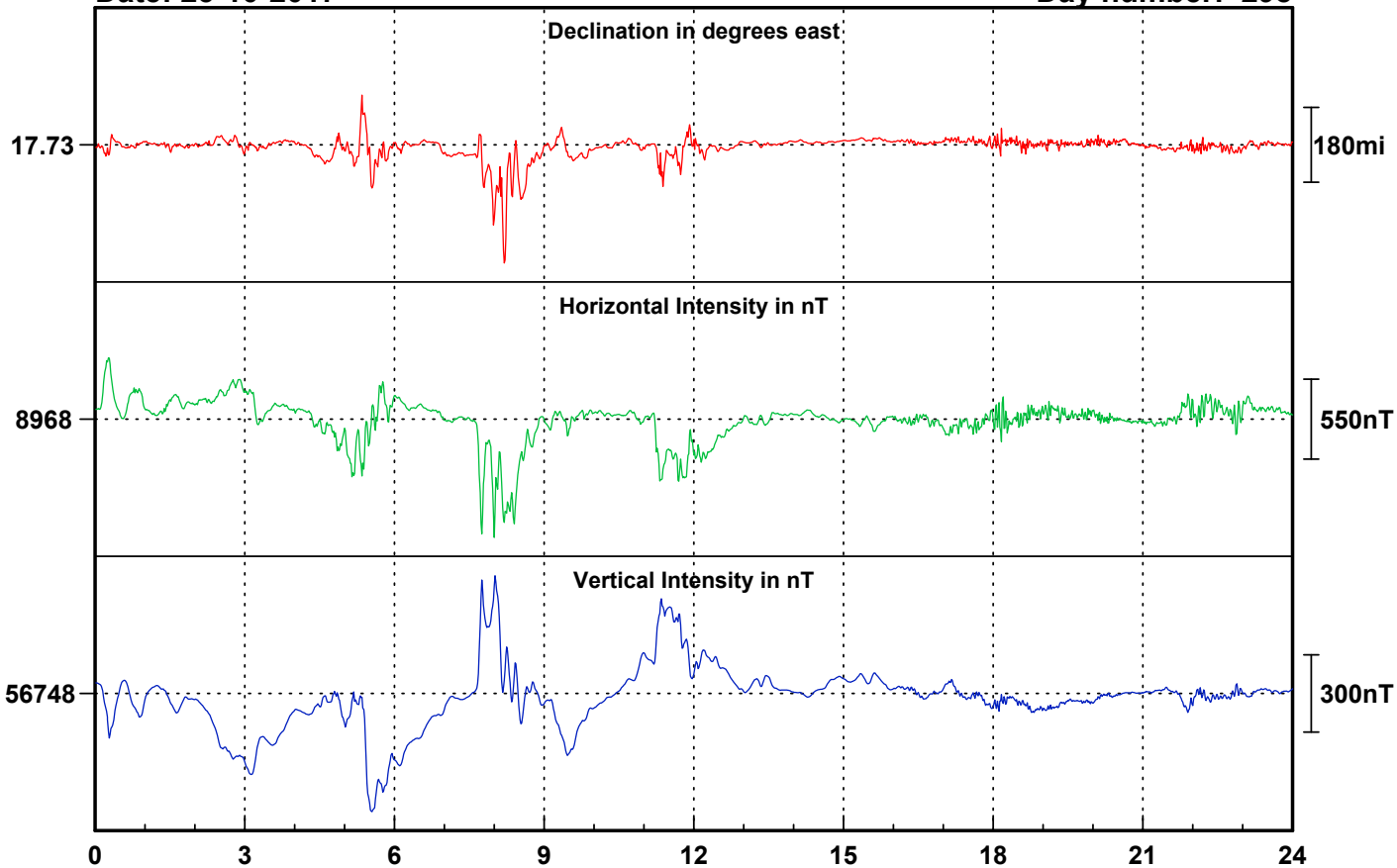
Day number: 297



Date: 25-10-2017

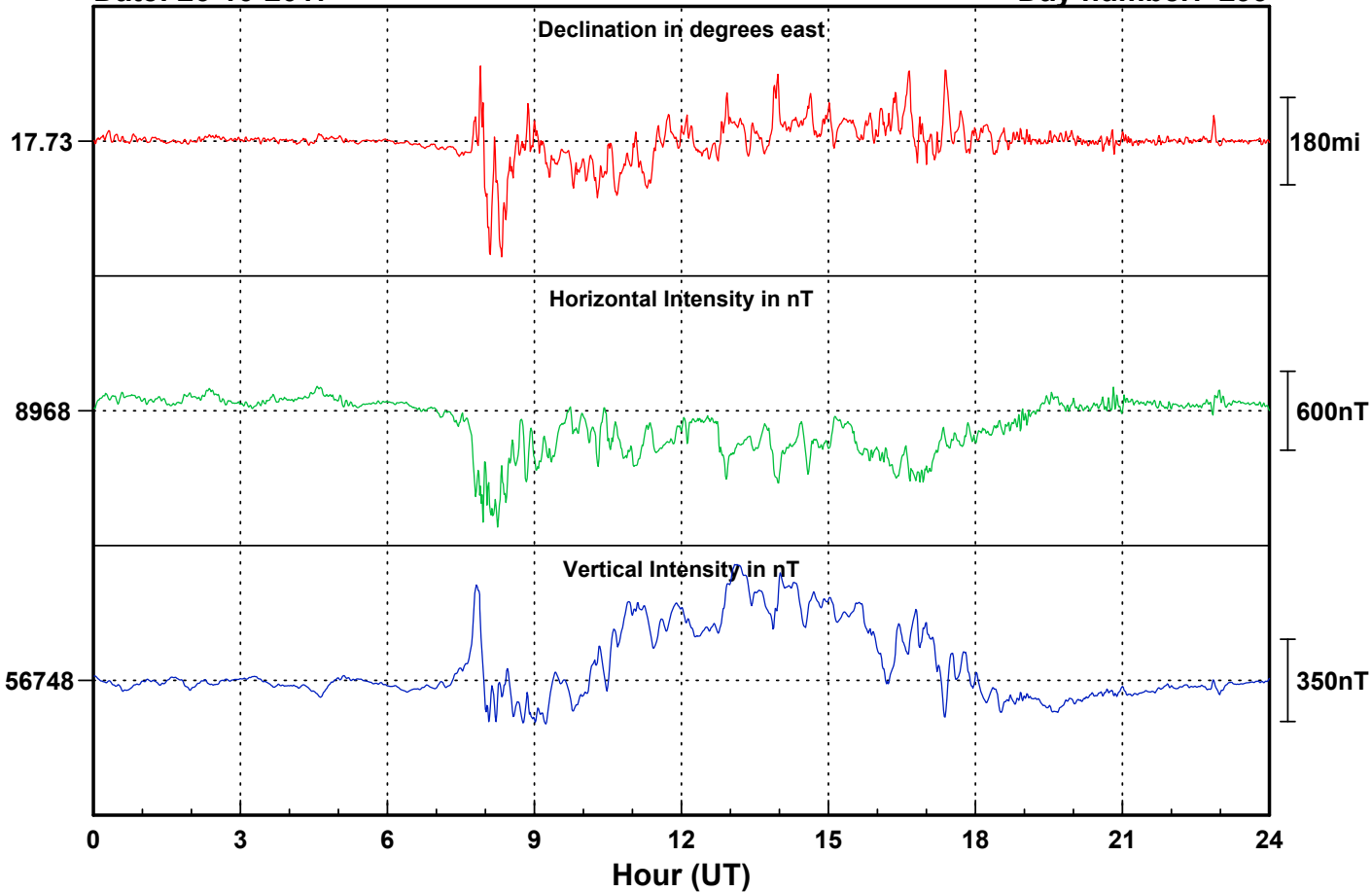
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 298



Date: 26-10-2017

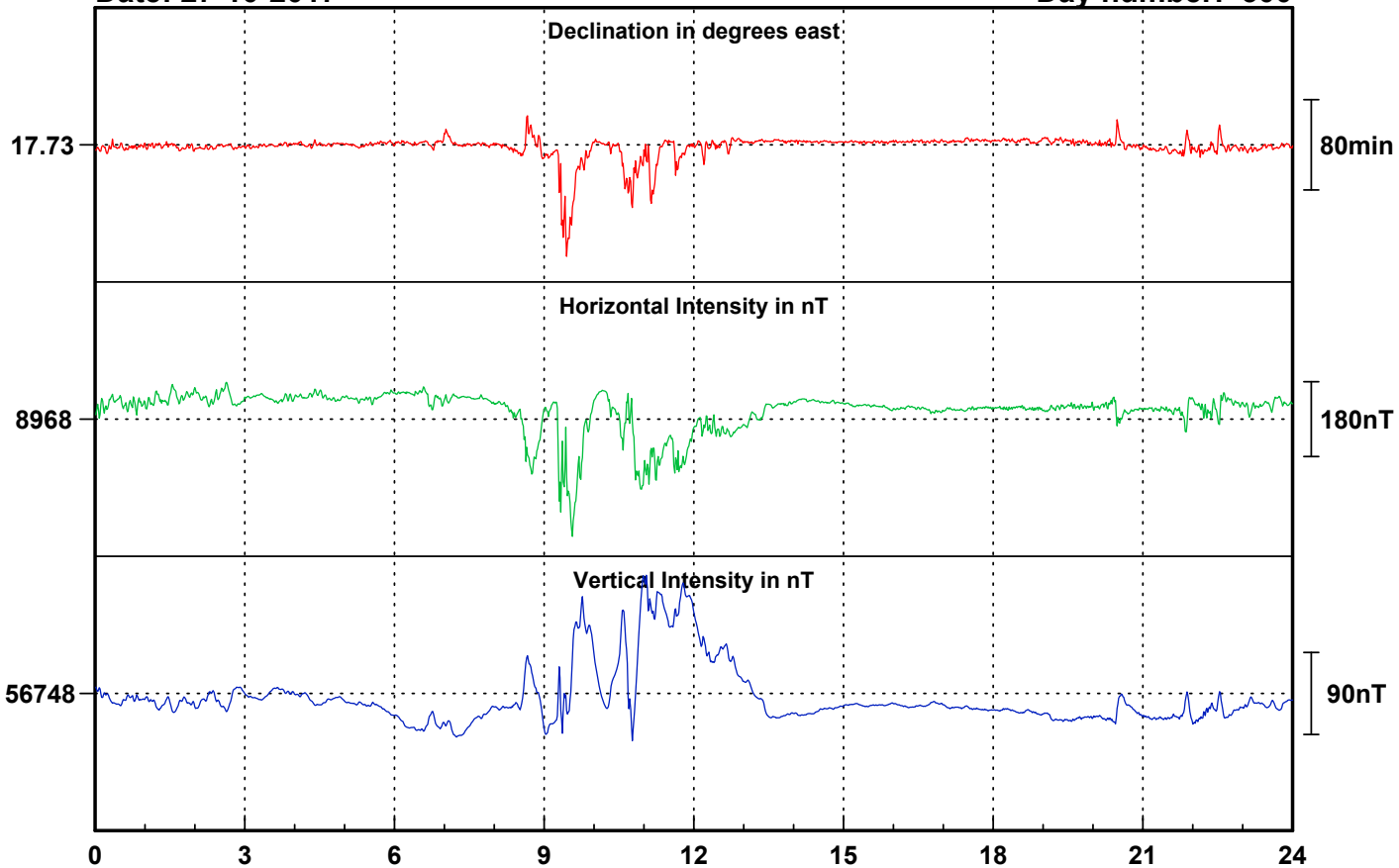
Day number: 299



Date: 27-10-2017

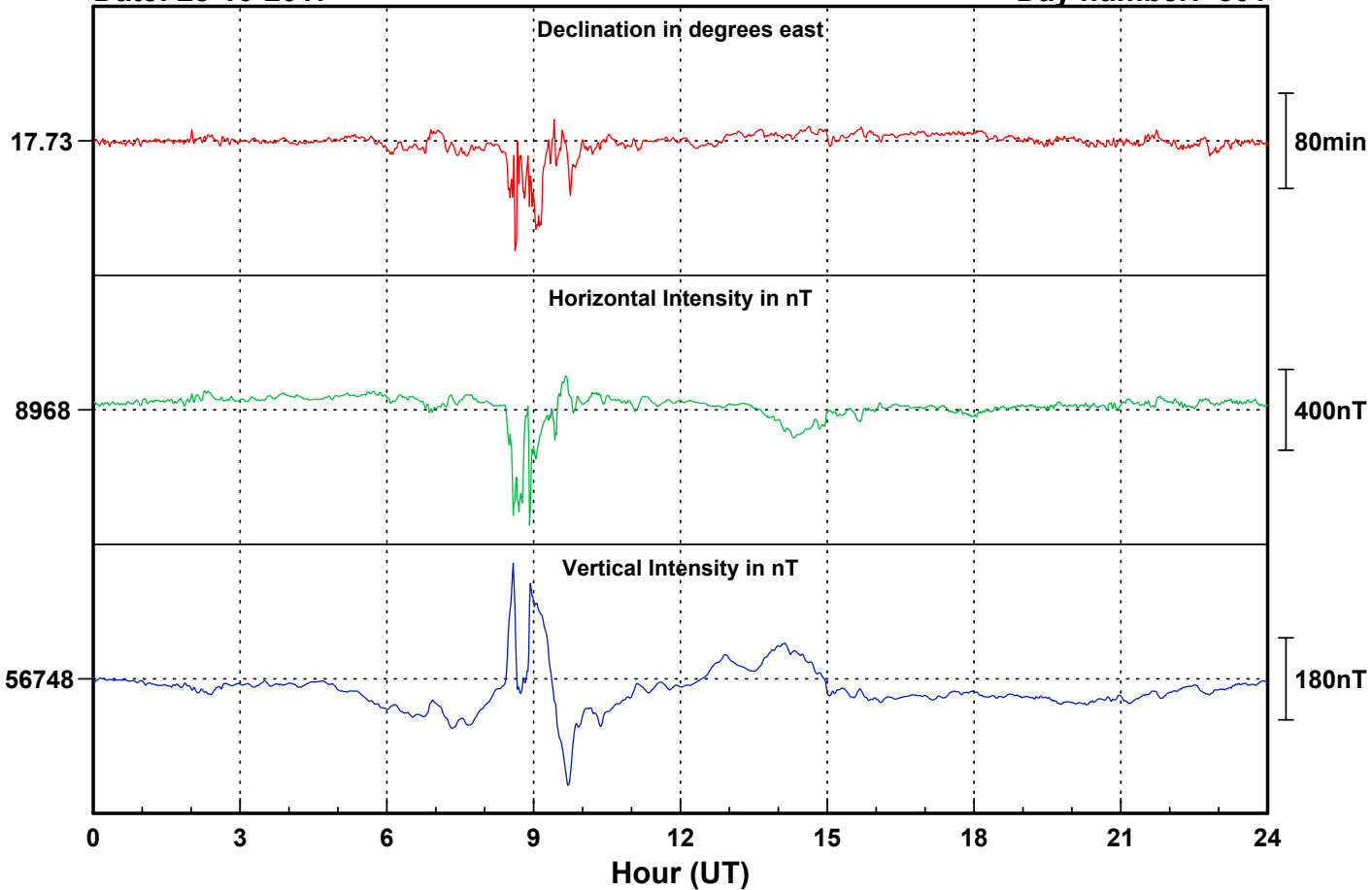
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 300



Date: 28-10-2017

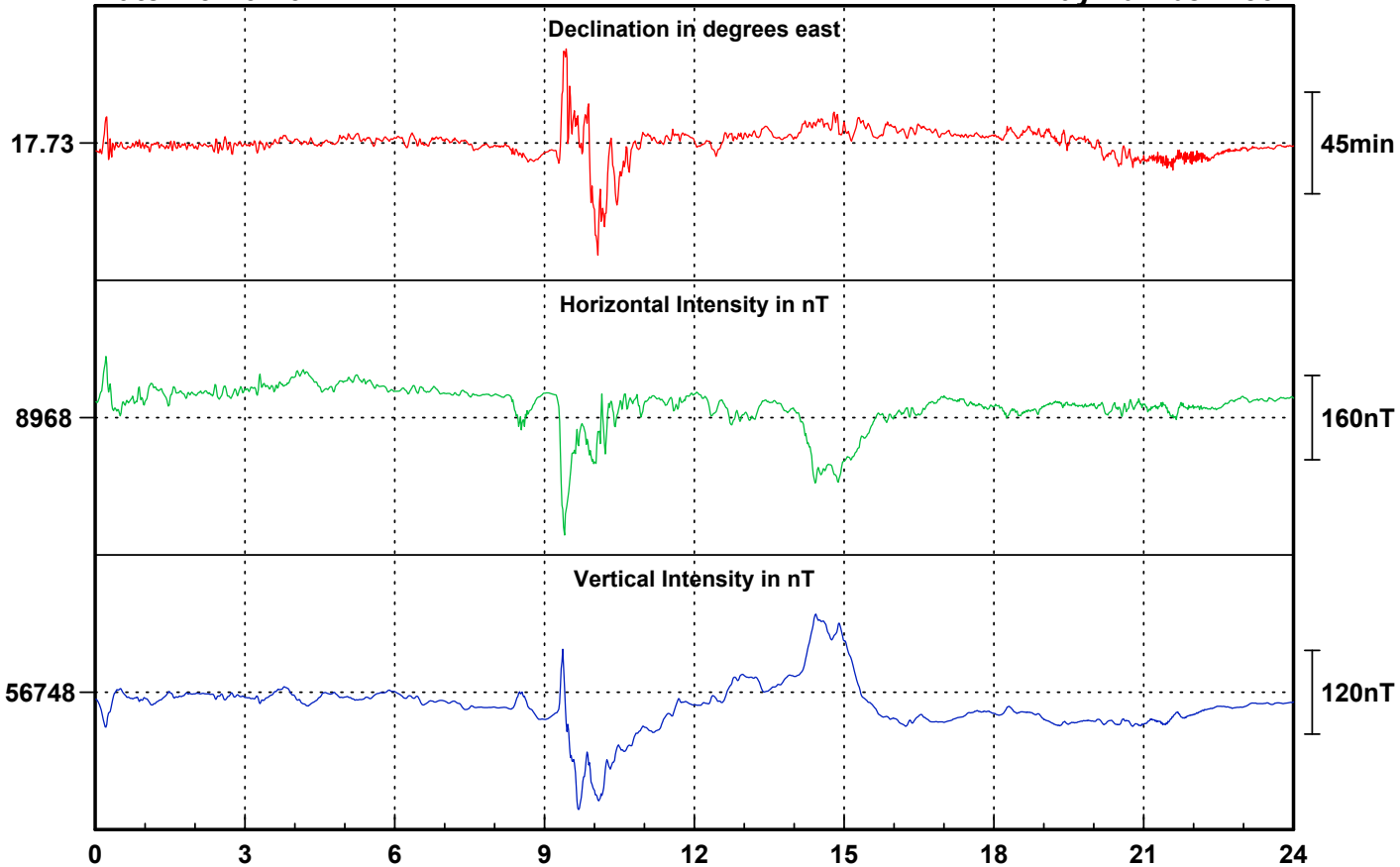
Day number: 301



Date: 29-10-2017

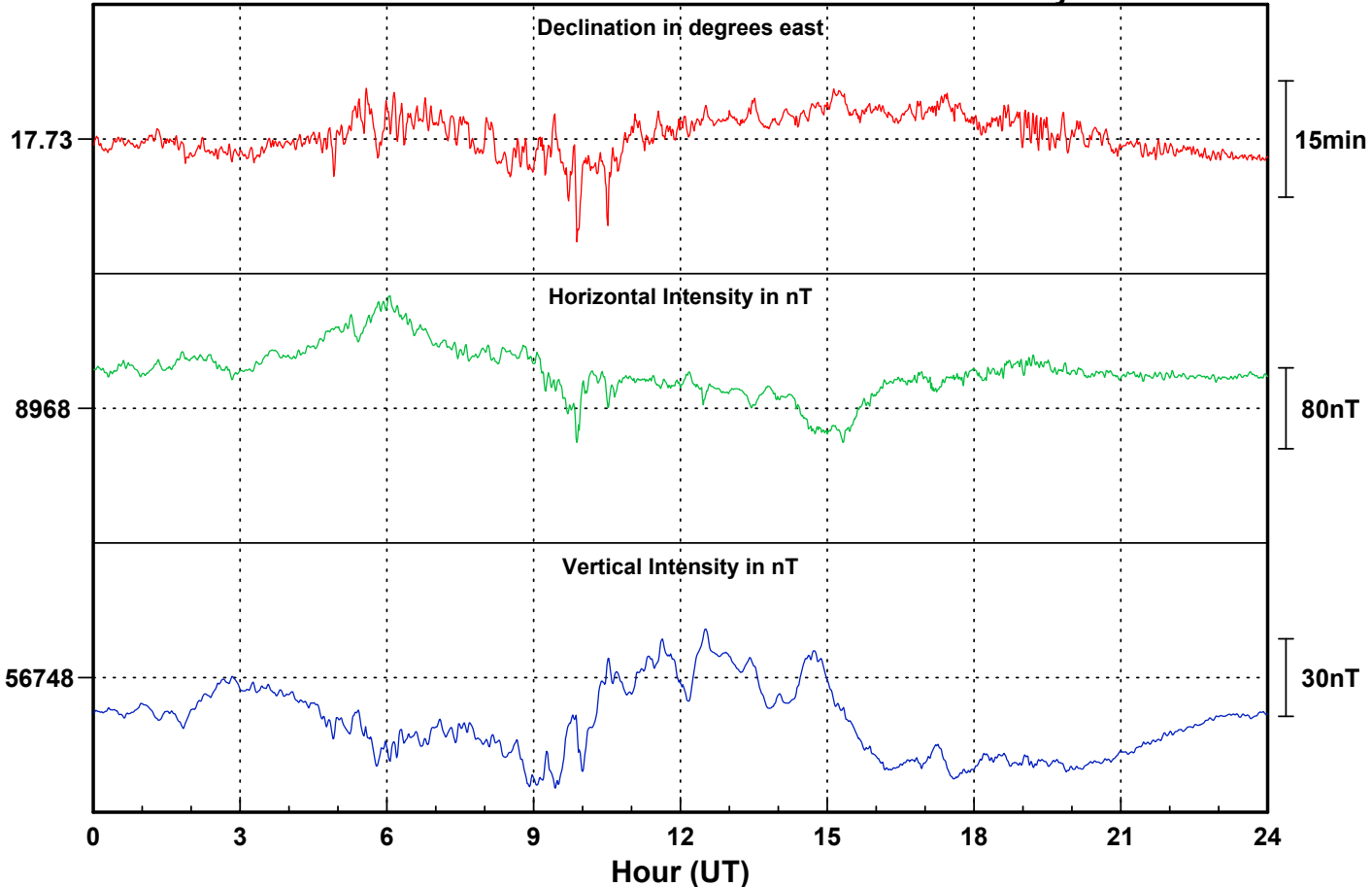
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 302



Date: 30-10-2017

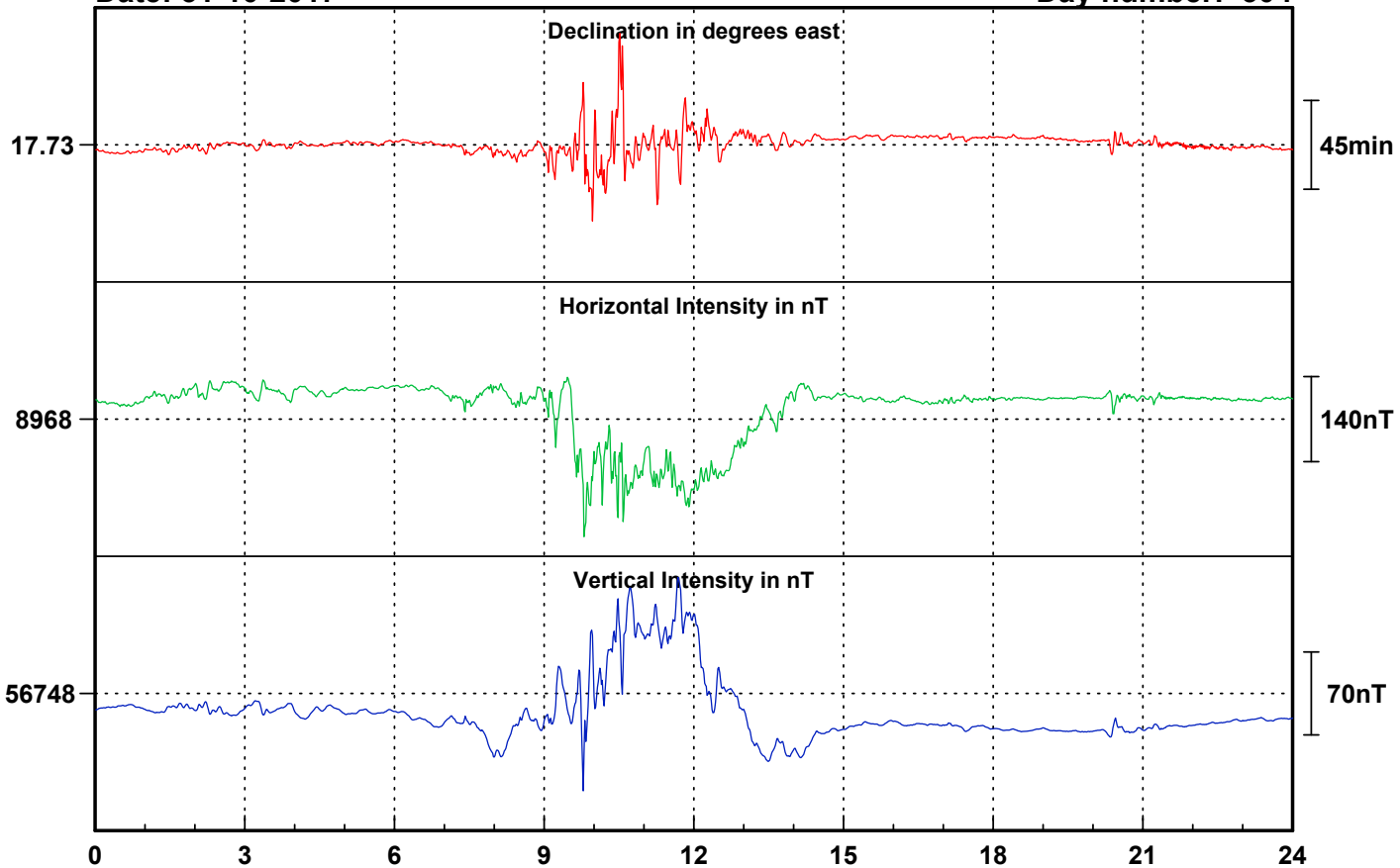
Day number: 303



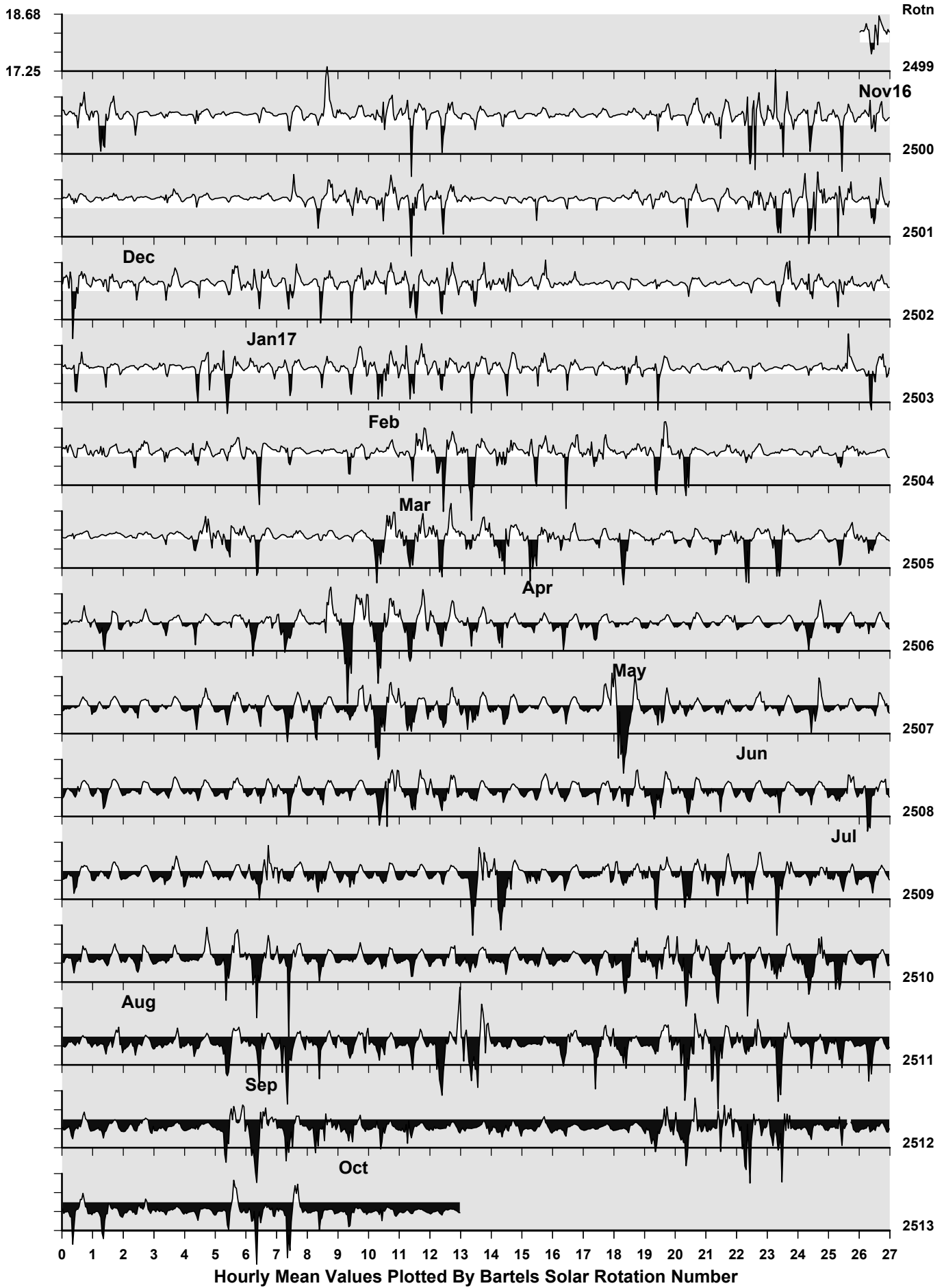
Date: 31-10-2017

Jim Carrigan

Day number: 304

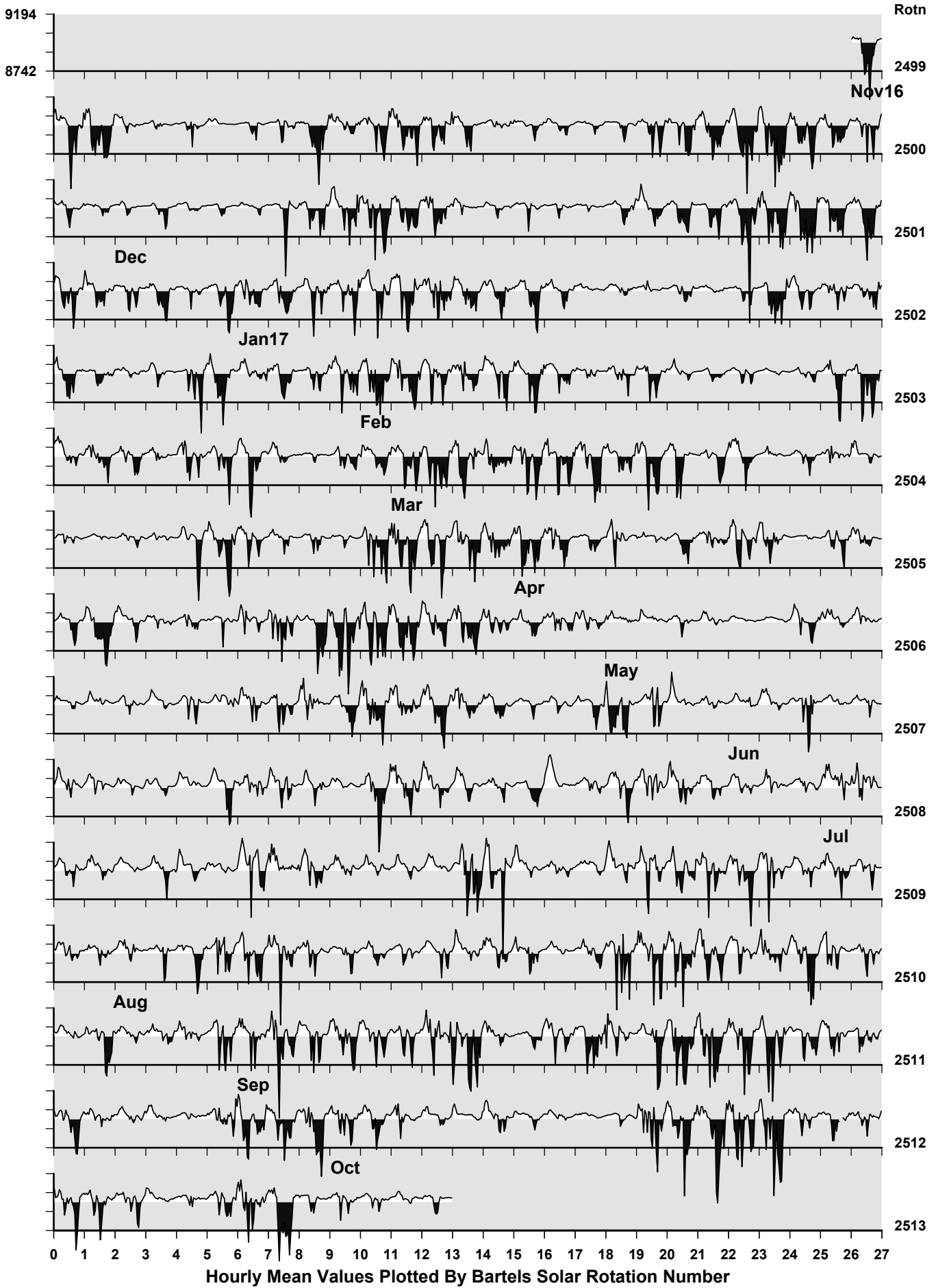


Jim Carrigan Observatory: Declination (degrees)



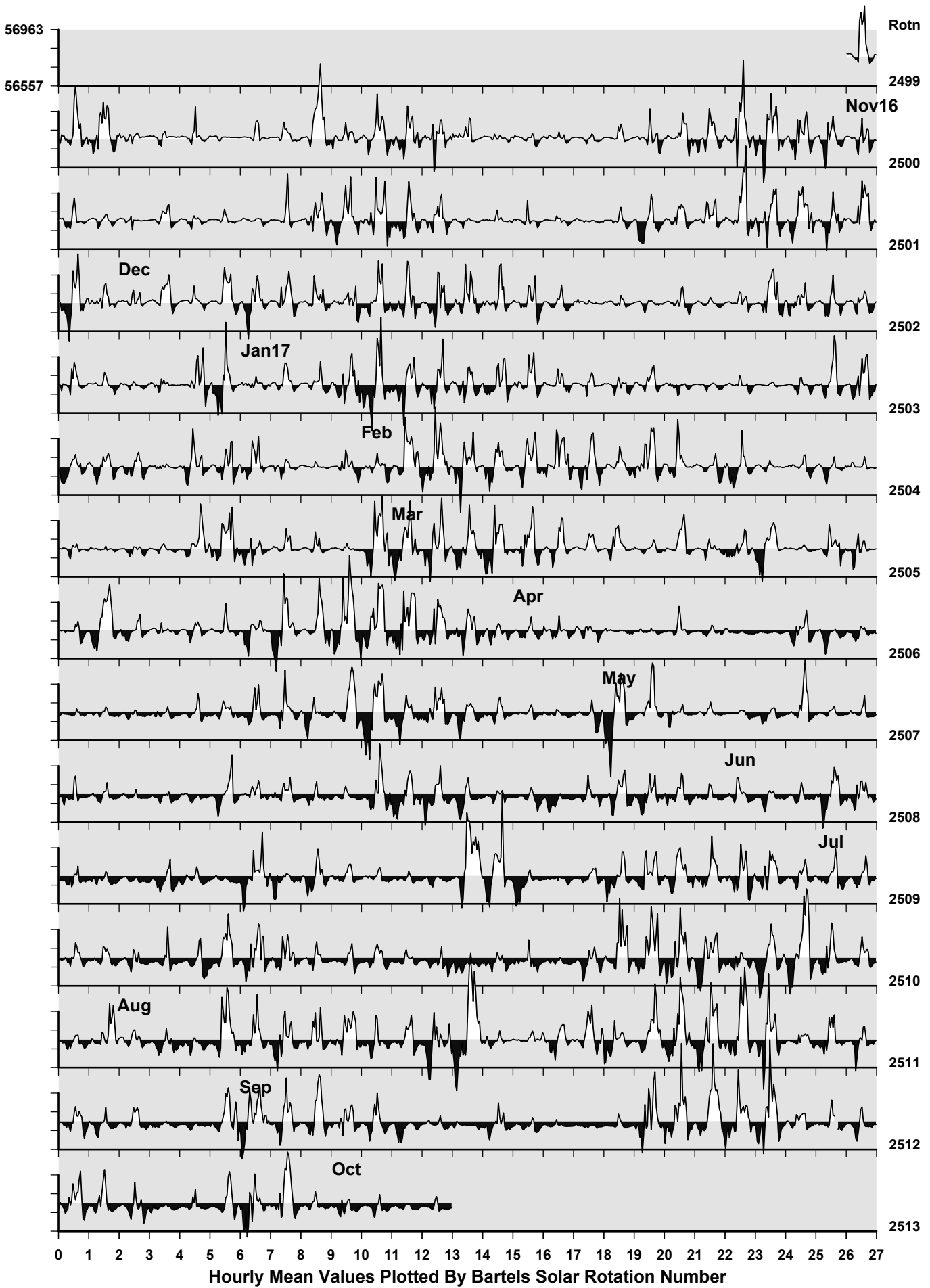
Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Jim Carrigan Observatory: Horizontal Intensity (nT)



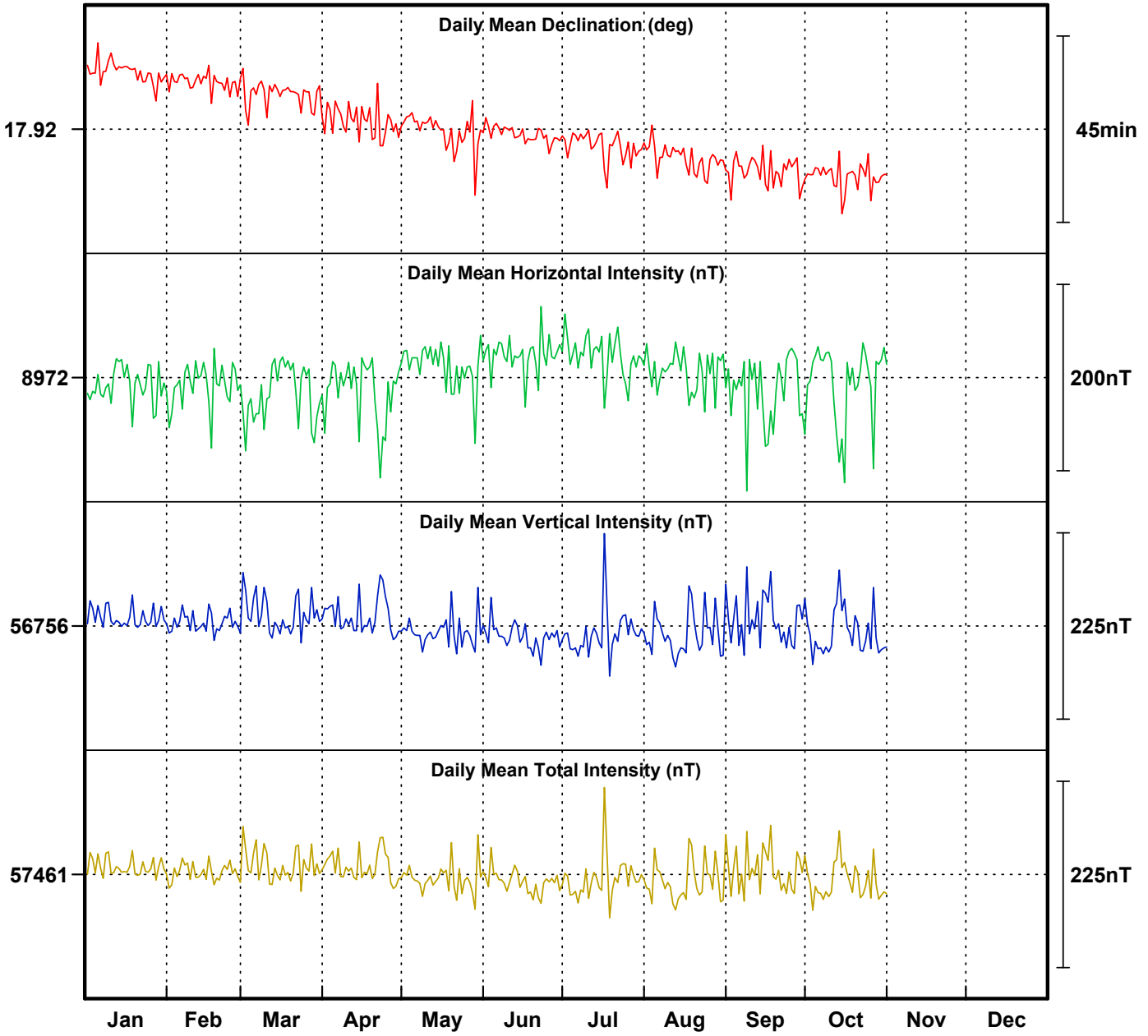
Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Jim Carrigan Observatory: Vertical Intensity (nT)



Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Jim Carrigan Observatory 2017



Monthly Mean Values for Jim Carrigan Observatory 2017

Month	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>X</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>F</i>
January	18° 08.8′	8964 nT	81° 01.6′	8518 nT	2792 nT	56767 nT	57470 nT
February	18° 06.4′	8964 nT	81° 01.6′	8520 nT	2786 nT	56760 nT	57464 nT
March	18° 03.3′	8954 nT	81° 02.2′	8513 nT	2775 nT	56770 nT	57472 nT
April	17° 56.9′	8958 nT	81° 01.9′	8522 nT	2760 nT	56768 nT	57470 nT
May	17° 54.6′	8984 nT	81° 00.2′	8549 nT	2763 nT	56749 nT	57456 nT
June	17° 53.8′	8996 nT	80° 59.5′	8561 nT	2764 nT	56743 nT	57452 nT
July	17° 50.9′	8995 nT	80° 59.6′	8562 nT	2757 nT	56747 nT	57456 nT
August	17° 47.9′	8978 nT	81° 00.6′	8548 nT	2744 nT	56748 nT	57454 nT
September	17° 44.9′	8956 nT	81° 02.0′	8530 nT	2730 nT	56764 nT	57466 nT
October	17° 43.6′	8968 nT	81° 01.2′	8542 nT	2730 nT	56748 nT	57452 nT

Note

i. The values shown here are provisional.